

# Manual

#### EtherNet/IP

LioN-X IO-Link Master Multiprotocol: 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F (8 x IO-Link Class A) 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F (8 x IO-Link Class A)

LioN-Xlight IO-Link Master EtherNet/IP: 0980 LSL 3111-121-0006-002 (8 x IO-Link Class A) 0980 LSL 3110-121-0006-002 (4 x IO-Link Class A + 8 x DI)



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## 1 About this manual

#### 1.1 General information

Please read the assembly and operating instructions in this manual carefully before starting up the modules. Keep the manual where it is accessible to all users.

The texts, figures, diagrams, and examples used in this manual are used exclusively to explain how to operate and apply the modules.

Please contact us if you have any detailed questions on installing and starting up the devices.

Belden Deutschland GmbH

- Lumberg Automation™ –

Im Gewerbepark 2

D-58579 Schalksmühle

Germany

lumberg-automation-support.belden.com

www.lumberg-automation.com

catalog.belden.com

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# 1.2 Explanation of symbols

#### 1.2.1 Use of danger information

Danger information is denoted as follows:



**Danger:** Means that death, serious physical injury or substantial damage to property will occur if the required safety measures are not taken.



**Warning:** Means that death, serious physical injury or substantial damage to property can occur if the required safety measures are not taken.



**Caution:** Means that minor physical injury or damage to property can occur if the required safety measures are not taken.

### 1.2.2 Use of general information

General information is denoted as follows:



**Attention:** Contains important information on the product, on how to manage the product, or on the respective section of the documentation to which your special attention is being drawn.

# **1.3 Version information**

| Version | Created | Changes   |
|---------|---------|---|
| 1.0     | 03/2021 |   |
| 1.1     | 04/2021 |   |
| 1.2     | 05/2021 |   |
| 1.3     | 11/2021 | New chapters: 10.3 / 10.3.1 / 10.3.2 / 11.1 / 11.2<br>Ch. 4.3<br>Ch. 9.4: Default values<br>Ch. 10.x: Byte range<br>Ch. 12.2.x: Instances     |
| 2.0     | 03/2022 | New chapters: Ch. 12.1.8 ("LLDP") Ch. 14.6 ("NTP") Ch. 16 ("IODD") New device variants: 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F 0980 XSL 3913-121-007D-01F |
| 2.1     | 06/2022 | Temporarily excluded device variant information for 0980 XSL 3913-121-007D-01F (shipping in 2023)   |

Table 1: Overview of manual revisions

# 2 Safety instructions

#### 2.1 Intended use

The products described in this manual are decentralized IO-Link Masters on an Industrial Ethernet Network.

We adhere to all safety standards when developing, producing, testing, and documenting our products. When you adhere to the handling specifications and safety instructions described for the configuration, assembly, and correct operation, there should not normally be any risks for people or equipment.

The modules fulfill the requirements of the EMC guidelines (89/336/EEC, 93/68/EEC and 93/44/EEC) and the low voltage guideline (73/23/EEC).

The IO-Link Masters are designed to be used in the industrial sector. The industrial environment is distinguished by the fact that the consumer is not connected directly to the public low voltage network. Additional measures are required for use in residential areas or in business and commercial sectors.



**Attention:** This equipment may cause radio interference in residential areas. In this case the operator may be requested to carry out appropriate measures.

The proper and safe operation of this product depends on proper transportation, storage, assembly, and installation, and careful operation.

A completely assembled device housing is required for the proper operation of the IO-Link Masters. Only connect devices that fulfill the requirements of EN 61558-2-4 and EN 61558-2-6 to the IO-Link Masters.

During the configuration, installation, start-up, maintenance, and testing of the devices, adhere to the safety and accident-prevention guidelines for the specific application.

Only install cables and accessories that fulfill the requirements and regulations for safety, electromagnetic compatibility, and, where applicable, telecommunication end devices, as well as the specification information.

Information on which cables and accessories are permitted for the installation can be obtained from Lumberg Automation™ or is contained in this manual.

# 2.2 Qualified personnel

The configuration, installation, start-up, maintenance, and testing of the devices may only be performed by a qualified electrician who is familiar with the safety standards of the automation technology.

The personnel requirements are based on the requirement profiles described by ZVEI, VDMA, or equivalent organizations.

Only electricians who are familiar with the content of this manual are authorized to install and maintain the devices described. These are persons who

- ▶ based on their technical training, knowledge, and experience, and their knowledge of the pertinent standards, can evaluate the work to be carried out and identify any potential risks or
- based on working for several years in a related sector, have the same level of knowledge as they would have from the relevant technical training.

Only Belden Deutschland GmbH – Lumberg Automation  $^{\text{TM}}$  – is permitted to make changes to the hardware or software of the products that go beyond the scope of this manual.



**Warning:** Making unqualified changes to the hardware or software, or non-adherence to the warning information contained in this manual, can result in serious personal injury or damage to equipment.



**Attention:** Belden accepts no liability for any damage caused by unqualified personnel or improper use. This automatically voids the warranty.

# 3 Designations and synonyms

| AOI        | Add-On Instruction  |
|------------|---|
| API        | Application Programming Interface                             |
| BF         | Bus Fault LED   |
| Big Endian | Data format with High-B on first place (PROFINET and IO-Link) |
| BUI        | Back-Up Inconsistency (EIP diagnostics)                       |
| СС         | CC-Link IE Field  |
| C/Q        | I/O port pin 4 mode, IO-Link communication/switching signal   |
| Ch. A      | Channel A (Pin 4) of I/O port                                 |
| Ch. B      | Channel B (Pin 2) of I/O port                                 |
| CIP        | Common Industrial Protocol (media independent protocol)       |
| Class A    | IO-Link port specification (Class A)                          |
| Class B    | IO-Link port specification (Class B)                          |
| CoAP       | Constrained Application Protocol                              |
| CSP+       | Control & Communication System Profile Plus                   |
| DCP        | Discovery and Configuration Protocol                          |
| DevCom     | Device Comunicating (EIP diagnostics)                         |
| DevErr     | Device Error (EIP diagnostics)                                |
| DI         | Digital Input   |
| DIA        | Diagnostic LED  |
| DO         | Digital Output  |
| DIO        | Digital Input/Output  |
| DTO        | Device Temperature Overrun (EIP diagnostics)                  |
| DTU        | Device Temperature Underrun (EIP diagnostics)                 |
| DUT        | Device under test   |
| EIP        | EtherNet/IP   |
| ERP        | Enterprise Resource Planning system                           |
| ETH        | ETHERNET  |

| FE                   | Functional Earth  |
|----------------------|---|
| FME                  | Force Mode Enabled (EIP diagnostics)                          |
| FS                   | Functional Safety   |
| FSU                  | Fast Start-Up   |
| GSDML                | General Station Description Markup Language                   |
| High-B               | High-Byte   |
| ICE                  | IO-Link port COM Error (EIP diagnostics)                      |
| ICT                  | Invalid Cycle Time (EIP diagnostics)                          |
| IDE                  | IO-Link port Device Error (EIP diagnostics)                   |
| IDN                  | IO-Link port Device Notification (EIP diagnostics)            |
| IDW                  | IO-Link port Device Warning (EIP diagnostics)                 |
| IIoT                 | Industrial Internet of Things                                 |
| ILE                  | Input process data Length Error (EIP diagnostics)             |
| IME                  | Internal Module Error (EIP diagnostics)                       |
| I/O                  | Input / Output  |
| I/O port             | X1 X8   |
| I/O port pin 2       | Channel B of I/O ports  |
| I/O port pin 4 (C/Q) | Channel A of I/O ports  |
| IODD                 | I/O Device Description  |
| IOL or IO-L          | IO-Link   |
| I/Q                  | I/O port pin 2 mode, Digital Input/switching signal           |
| ISDU                 | Indexed Service Data Unit                                     |
| IVE                  | IO-Link port Validation Error (EIP diagnostics)               |
| I&M                  | Identification & Maintenance                                  |
| JSON                 | JavaScript Object Notation (platform independent data format) |
| L+                   | I/O port pin 1, sensor power supply                           |
| LioN-X 60            | LioN-X variants with a width of 60mm                          |
| Little Endian        | Data format with Low-B on first place (EtherNet/IP)           |
| LLDP                 | Link Layer Discovery Protocol                                 |
| Low-B                | Low-Byte  |

| LSB              | Least Significant Bit   |
|------------------|---|
| LVA              | Low Voltage Actuator Supply (EIP diagnostics)   |
| LVS              | Low Voltage System/Sensor Supply (EIP diagnostics)  |
| MIB              | Management Information Base   |
| MP               | Multi Protocol: PROFINET + EtherNet/IP + EtherCAT® + Modbus TCP (+ CC-Link IE Field Basic)                                  |
| MQTT             | Message Queuing Telemetry Transport (open networking protocol)  |
| MSB              | Most Significant Bit  |
| M12              | Metric thread according to DIN 13-1 with 12 mm diameter   |
| NTP              | Network Time Protocol   |
| OLE              | Output process data Length Error (EIP diagnostics)  |
| OPC UA           | Open Platform Communications Unified Architecture (platform independent, service-oriented architecture)                     |
| PLC              | Programmable Logic Controller   |
| PN               | PROFINET  |
| PWR              | Power   |
| REST             | REpresentational State Transfer   |
| RFC              | Request for Comments  |
| RPI              | Requested Packet Interval   |
| RWr              | Word data input as seen from the master station (CC-Link)   |
| RWw              | Word data output as seen from the master station (CC-Link)  |
| RX               | Bit data input as seen from the master station (CC-Link)  |
| RY               | Bit data output as seen from the master station (CC-Link)   |
| SCA              | Short Circuit Actuator/U <sub>L</sub> /U <sub>AUX</sub> (EIP diagnostics)   |
| scs              | Short Circuit Sensor (EIP diagnostics)  |
| SNMP             | Simple Network Management Protocol  |
| SP               | Single Protocol (PROFINET, EtherNet/IP, EtherCAT®, Modbus TCP or CC-Link IE Field Basic)                                    |
| SPE              | Startup Parameterization Error (EIP diagnostics)  |
| U <sub>AUX</sub> | U <sub>Auxiliary</sub> , supply voltage for the load circuit (Actuator supply on Class B ports of Class A/B IO-Link Master) |

| UDP            | User Datagram Protocol  |
|----------------|---|
| UDT            | User-Defined Data Types   |
| UINT8          | Byte in PLC (IB, QB)  |
| UINT16         | Unsigned integer with 16 bits or word in PLC (IW, QW)   |
| U <sub>L</sub> | U <sub>Load</sub> , supply voltage for the load circuit (Actuator supply on Class A IO-Link Master) |
| UL             | Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (certification company)  |
| UTC            | Coordinated Universal Time (Temps Universel Coordonné)  |

Table 2: Designations and synonyms

# 4 System description

The LioN modules (Lumberg Automation™ Input/Output Network) function as the interface in an industrial Ethernet system: A central controller on the management level is able to communicate with the decentralized sensors and actuators on the field level. The line or ring topologies for which LioN modules can be used ensure not only reliable data communication but also significantly reduce the number of cables required and thus also the costs for and maintenance. They additionally enable easy and quick extension.

## 4.1 About LioN-X and LioN-Xlight

The LioN-X and LioN-Xlight variants convert standard input, standard output or IO-Link signals from sensors & actuators into an industrial Ethernet protocol (PROFINET, EtherNet/IP, EtherCAT®, Modbus TCP, CC-Link IE Field Basic) and/or into a cloud protocol (REST API, OPC UA, MQTT). For the first time, there is now Syslog on board. The robust 8 port housing design allows the use even in harsh environments where e.g. weld field immunity, high temperature ranges or protection class IP67 & IP69K are needed. There are also LioN-Xlight single protocol versions available with a limited feature set at a highly attractive price point.

Use all benefits of the Lumberg Automation™ product solution by additionally downloading the configuration tool *LioN-Management Suite V2.0* from www.belden.com to enable e.g. a fast and easy parameterization of the connected IO-Link devices via the embedded IODD interpreter.

## 4.2 Device variants

The following variants are available in the LioN-X and the LioN-Xlight family:

| Article number | Product designation        | Description   | I/O port functionality          |  |
|----------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| 935700001      | 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F | LioN-X M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>Multiprotocol (PN, EIP,<br>EC, MB)<br>Security     | 8 x IO-Link Class A             |  |
| 935700002      | 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F | LioN-X M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>Multiprotocol (PN, EIP,<br>EC, MB, CC)<br>Security | 8 x IO-Link Class A             |  |
| 935701001      | 0980 LSL 3011-121-0006-001 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>PROFINET                                      | 8 x IO-Link Class A             |  |
| 935702001      | 0980 LSL 3010-121-0006-001 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>PROFINET                                      | 4 x IO-Link Class A<br>+ 8 x DI |  |
| 935701002      | 0980 LSL 3111-121-0006-002 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>EtherNet/IP                                   | 8 x IO-Link Class A             |  |
| 935702002      | 0980 LSL 3110-121-0006-002 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>EtherNet/IP                                   | 4 x IO-Link Class A<br>+ 8 x DI |  |
| 935701003      | 0980 LSL 3211-121-0006-004 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>EtherCAT®                                     | 8 x IO-Link Class A             |  |
| 935702003      | 0980 LSL 3210-121-0006-004 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>EtherCAT®                                     | 4 x IO-Link Class A<br>+ 8 x DI |  |

| Article number | Product designation        | Description  | I/O port functionality          |
|----------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 935701004      | 0980 LSL 3311-121-0006-008 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>Modbus TCP             | 8 x IO-Link Class A             |
| 935702004      | 0980 LSL 3310-121-0006-008 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>Modbus TCP             | 4 x IO-Link Class A<br>+ 8 x DI |
| 935701005      | 0980 LSL 3411-121-0006-010 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>CC-Link IE Field Basic | 8 x IO-Link Class A             |
| 935702005      | 0980 LSL 3410-121-0006-010 | LioN-Xlight M12-60 mm,<br>IO-Link Master<br>CC-Link IE Field Basic | 4 x IO-Link Class A<br>+ 8 x DI |

Table 3: Overview of LioN-X and LioN-Xlight variants

# 4.3 I/O port overview

The following tables show the main I/O port differences of the LioN-X IO-Link Master family. Pin 4 and Pin 2 of the I/O ports can be configured partly to IO-Link, Digital Input or Digital Output.

LioN-X Class A IO-Link ports

| Device variant | Port  | Pin 1 U <sub>S</sub> | Pin 4 / Ch. A (C/Q) Pin 2 / Ch. B (I/Q) |        |   |                                 |        |   |
|----------------|-------|----------------------|---|--------|---|---------------------------------|--------|---|
|                | Info: | _                    | Class A                                 | Type 1 | Supply<br>by U <sub>S</sub> <sup>1)</sup> | Supply                          | Type 1 | Supply<br>by U <sub>L</sub> <sup>2)</sup> |
|                |       |                      |   |        | by U <sub>S</sub>                         | by U <sub>L</sub> <sup>2)</sup> |        | by U <sub>L</sub> ′                       |
|                | X8:   | Out (4 A)            | IOL                                     | DI     | DO (0.5 A)                                | DO (2 A)                        | DI     | DO (2 A)                                  |
|                | X7:   | Out (4 A)            | IOL                                     | DI     | DO (0.5 A)                                | DO (2 A)                        | DI     | DO (2 A)                                  |
| 0980<br>XSL    | X6:   | Out (4 A)            | IOL                                     | DI     | DO (0.5 A)                                | DO (2 A)                        | DI     | DO (2 A)                                  |
| 3x12           | X5:   | Out (4 A)            | IOL                                     | DI     | DO (0.5 A)                                | DO (2 A)                        | DI     | DO (2 A)                                  |
|                | X4:   | Out (4 A)            | IOL                                     | DI     | DO (0.5 A)                                | DO (2 A)                        | DI     | DO (2 A)                                  |
|                | X3:   | Out (4 A)            | IOL                                     | DI     | DO (0.5 A)                                | DO (2 A)                        | DI     | DO (2 A)                                  |
|                | X2:   | Out (4 A)            | IOL                                     | DI     | DO (0.5 A)                                | DO (2 A)                        | DI     | DO (2 A)                                  |
|                | X1:   | Out (4 A)            | IOL                                     | DI     | DO (0.5 A)                                | DO (2 A)                        | DI     | DO (2 A)                                  |

Table 4: Port configuration of 0980 XSL 3x12... variants

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> DO switch mode configured as "Push-Pull" (description in the configuration chapters).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> DO switch mode configured as "High-Side" (description in the configuration chapters).

### LioN-Xlight Class A IO-Link ports

| Device variant   | Port  | Pin 1 U <sub>S</sub> | Pin 4 / Ch. A (C/Q) |        |  | Pin 2 /<br>Ch. B (I/Q) |
|------------------|-------|----------------------|---------------------|--------|--|------------------------|
|                  | Info: | _                    | Class A             | Type 1 | Supply by U <sub>S</sub> <sup>1)</sup> | Type 1                 |
|                  | X8:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
|                  | X7:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
| 0980 LSL<br>3x11 | X6:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
|                  | X5:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
|                  | X4:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
|                  | X3:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
|                  | X2:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
|                  | X1:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |

Table 5: Port configuration of 0980 LSL 3x11... variants

| Device variant   | Port  | Pin 1 U <sub>S</sub> | Pin 4 / Ch. A (C/Q) |        |  | Pin 2 /<br>Ch. B (I/Q) |
|------------------|-------|----------------------|---------------------|--------|--|------------------------|
|                  | Info: | -                    | Class A             | Type 1 | Supply by U <sub>S</sub> <sup>1)</sup> | Type 1                 |
|                  | X8:   | Out (0.7 A)          | -                   | DI     | -                                      | DI                     |
| 0980 LSL<br>3x10 | X7:   | Out (0.7 A)          | _                   | DI     | -                                      | DI                     |
|                  | X6:   | Out (0.7 A)          | _                   | DI     | -                                      | DI                     |
|                  | X5:   | Out (0.7 A)          | _                   | DI     | _                                      | DI                     |
|                  | X4:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
|                  | X3:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
|                  | X2:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |
|                  | X1:   | Out (2 A)            | IOL                 | DI     | DO (0.5 A*)                            | DI                     |

Table 6: Port configuration of 0980 LSL 3x10... variants

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> With DO Switch Mode configured as "Push-Pull" (see description in the configuration chapters).

<sup>\*</sup> For **UL applications**: Max. 0.25 A DO.

# **5 Overview of product features**

## 5.1 EtherNet/IP product features

#### **Data connection**

The connection option provided by LioN-X is the widely-used M12 connector with D-coding for the EtherNet/IP network.

The connectors are also color-coded to prevent the ports from being mixed up.

#### **Data transmission rates**

Featuring a transmission rate of up to 10/100 MBit/s, the EtherNet/IP devices can handle both fast transmission of I/O data and transmission of larger volumes of data.

#### **EtherNet/IP Adapter Device**

The LioN-X and LioN-Xlight IO-Link Master variants support the EtherNet/IP protocol. This allows the transmission of time sensitive process data between network components in real-time communication.

### **ODVA CIP specification V3.27**

The LioN-X and LioN-Xlight IO-Link Master variants comply with ODVA CIP specification V3.27.

#### Integrated switch

The integrated Ethernet switch has two EtherNet/IP ports and thus supports the establishment of a line or ring topology for the EtherNet/IP network.

#### DHCP/BOOTP

The supported Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) and the Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP) provide mechanisms for automatic obtaining of an IP address from a server managing the devices.

#### **Device Level Ring**

The additionally implemented Device Level Ring (DLR) enables the design of a highly available network infrastructure of up to 50 DLR ring nodes. If a connection is interrupted, the LioN-X devices immediately switch to an alternative ring segment and thus ensure interruption-free operation. These DLR ring nodes are "beacon-based" according to the EtherNet/IP specification.

#### **SNMP**

The SNMPv1 protocol handles network component monitoring and communication between the master and device.

#### Diagnostic data

The devices support diagnosis flags and extended diagnostic data that can be appended to the I/O data.

### EDS-based configuration and parameterization of the I/O ports

The EDS offers the option of configuring and parameterizing the I/O ports on the master devices.

## 5.2 I/O port features

#### IO-Link specification.

LioN-X is ready for IO-Link specification v1.1.3.

#### 8 x IO-Link Master ports

Depending on the device variant, the device has 4 IO-Link Class A or 8 IO-Link Class A ports with an additional digital input and optional output (0980 XSL 3x13... variants) on pin 2 of the I/O port. For detailed information see chapter I/O port overview on page 21.



**Warning:** If devices with electric isolation and devices without electric isolation are used within the same system, the electric isolation of all connected devices is annulled.

#### **IO-Link port connections**

The IO-Link port connection option provided by the device series is the 5-pin M12 connector (Pin 5 not used at IO-Link Class A ports).

#### Validation & Backup

The Validation & Backup function checks if the right device is connected and stores the parameters of the IO-Link Device. The function thus gives you an easy option for replacing the IO-Link Device.

This is possible as of IO-Link specification V1.1 and only if the IO-Link Device **and** the IO-Link Master support the function.

### **IO-Link Device parameterization**

IO-Link Device parameterization in EtherNet/IP via vendor specific IO-Link Device parameter object class and Read/Write ISDU services.

#### **LED**

You can see the status of a port by the color of the matching LEDs and their flash pattern. For details on the meanings of the LED colors, please see section LEDs on page 221.

# 5.3 Integrated Web server

#### **Network parameter display**

Get an overview of network parameters such as the IP address, subnet mask and gateway.

#### **Displaying diagnostics**

View diagnostics via the integrated Web server.

#### User management

Use the integrated Web server for convenient management of all users.

#### **IO-Link Device parameters**

Reading and writing of IO-Link Device parameters is supported. The system command Store parameters is needed after parameter writing, to take over the changed parameter into the IO-Link Master backup memory when enabled.

# **5.4 Security features**

## Firmware signature

All official firmware update packages contain a signature which prevents the system against manipulated firmware updates.

#### **Syslog**

The LioN-X multiprotocol variants support the traceability of messages centrally managed and logged via Syslog.

### **User manager**

The Web server provides a user manager to protect the Web interface against unauthorized access. You can manage the allowed users by different access levels "Admin" or "Write".

### Default user settings:

User: admin

Password: private



**Attention:** Change the default settings to protect the device against unauthorized access.

#### 5.5 Other features

#### Interface protection

The devices have reverse polarity, short-circuit and overload protection for all interfaces.

For more details, see section Port assignments on page 35.

#### **Failsafe**

The devices support a failsafe function. This allows you to define the behavior of every single channel configured as an output in the case of a loss of the PLC communication.

#### **Industrial Internet of Things**

LioN-X is industry 4.0 ready and supports the integration in IIoT networks via REST API and the IIoT-relevant protocols MQTT, OPC UA and CoAP.

#### Color-coded connectors

The colored connectors help you avoid confusion in your cabling.

### IP protection classes: IP65 / IP67 / IP69K

The IP protection class describes environmental influences that the devices can be exposed to without risk and without suffering damage, or causing a risk for the user.

The whole LioN-X family offers IP65, IP67 and IP69K.

# 6 Assembly and wiring

#### **6.1 General information**

Mount the device on a flat surface using 2 screws (M4x 25/30). The torque required here is 1 Nm. Use washers for all fastening methods as per DIN 125.



**Attention:** The devices have a ground connection with an M4 thread for the conduction of interference currents and the EMC immunity. This is labeled with the symbol for the ground and the designation "FE"



**Attention:** Use a low-impedance connection to connect the device to the reference ground. When using a grounded mounting surface, you can make the connection directly via the fixing screws.



**Attention:** If the mounting surface is ground-free, use a ground strap or a suitable FE line (FE = Functional Earth). Use an M4 screw to connect the ground strap or the FE line to the ground point and if possible put a washer and a toothed washer below the fixing screw.

#### **6.2 Outer dimensions**

## 6.2.1 LioN-X multiprotocol variants

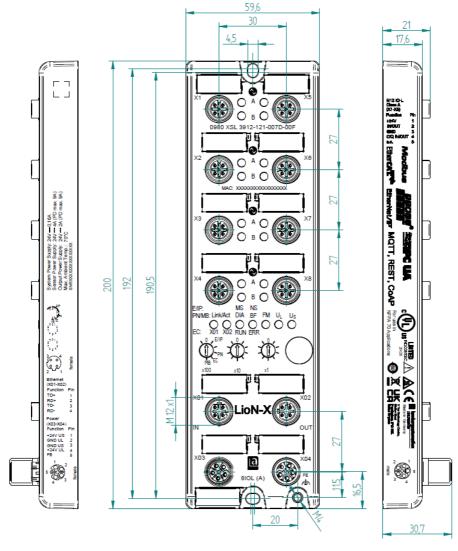


Figure 1: 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F

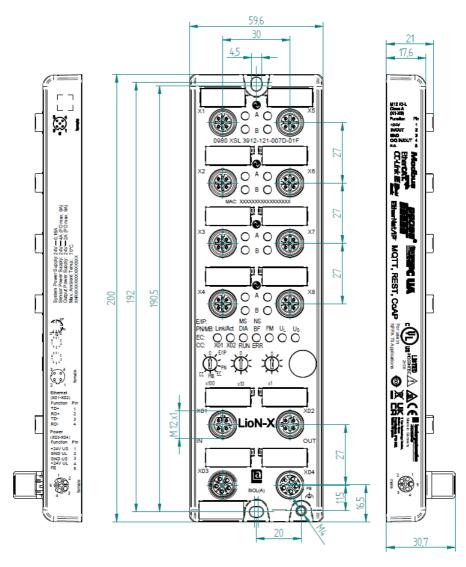


Figure 2: 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F

## 6.2.2 LioN-Xlight variants with EtherNet/IP

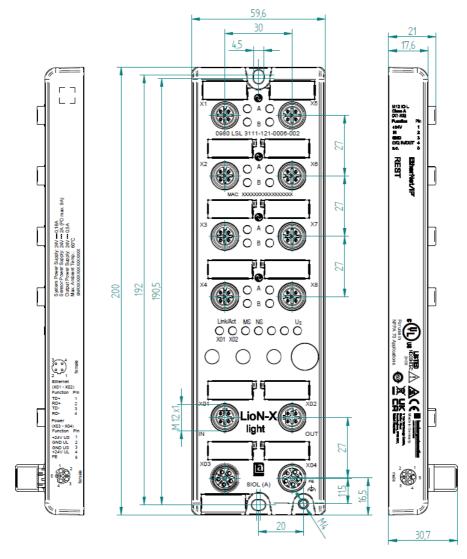


Figure 3: 0980 LSL 3111-121-0006-001

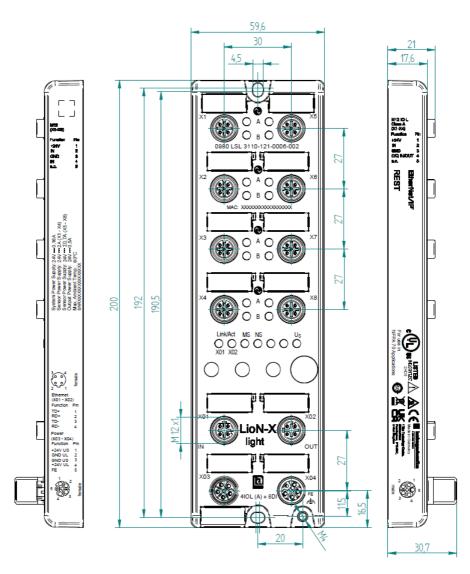


Figure 4: 0980 LSL 3110-121-0006-001

#### 6.2.3 Notifications



#### Attention:

For **UL applications**, be sure to use a UL-certified cable with a suitable evaluation to connect the devices (CYJV or PVVA). To program the control, please refer to the OEM information, and only use suitable accessories.

Only approved for interior use. Please note the maximum elevation of 2000 meters. Approved up to a maximum soiling level of 2.



**Warning:** Terminals, housings field-wired terminal boxes or components can exceed temperatures of +60 °C (140 °F).



**Warning:** For **UL applications** at a maximum ambient temperature of  $+70 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (158 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ :

Use temperature-resistant cables with heat resistance up to at least +125 °C (257 °F) for all LioN-X and LioN-Xlight variants.



**Warning:** Observe the following maximum output power for the sensor supply of Class A devices:

Max. 4.0 A per port; for **UL applications** max. 5 A for every port pair X1/X2, X3/X4, X5/X6, X7/X8; max. 9.0 A in total (with derating) for the whole port group X1 .. X8.

# **6.3 Port assignments**

All the contact arrangements shown in this chapter show the frontal view of the connection area for the connectors.

## 6.3.1 Ethernet ports, M12 socket, 4-pin, D-coded

Color coding: green



Figure 5: Schematic drawing, ports X01, X02

| Port           | Pin | Signal | Function            |  |
|----------------|-----|--------|---------------------|--|
| Ethernet       | 1   | TD+    | Transmit data plus  |  |
| Ports X01, X02 | 2   | RD+    | Receive data plus   |  |
|                | 3   | TD-    | Transmit data minus |  |
|                | 4   | RD-    | Receive data minus  |  |

Table 7: Assignment of ports X01, X02



**Caution:** Risk of destruction! Never connect the power supply to the data cables.

# 6.3.2 Power supply with M12 power L-coded

Color coding: gray



Figure 6: Schematic diagram of the M12 L-coding (connector X03 for Power In)



Figure 7: Schematic diagram of the M12 L-coding (socket X04 for Power Out)

### 6.3.2.1 IO-Link Master with Class A ports

| Power supply | Pin | Signal                 | Function   |
|--------------|-----|------------------------|--|
|              | 1   | U <sub>S</sub> (+24 V) | Sensor/system power supply   |
|              | 2   | GND_U <sub>L</sub>     | Ground/reference potential U <sub>L</sub>  |
|              | 3   | GND_U <sub>S</sub>     | Ground/reference potential U <sub>S</sub> <sup>1</sup>                           |
|              | 4   | U <sub>L</sub> (+24 V) | Load supply $ (\mbox{NOT electrically isolated to $U_S$ internally in device)} $ |
|              | 5   | FE                     | Functional ground  |

Table 8: Power supply with M12-Power Class A



**Attention:** Only use power supply units for the system/sensor and actuator supply that correspond to PELV (Protective Extra Low Voltage) or SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage). Power supplies according to EN 61558-2-6 (transformers) or EN 60950-1 (switching power supply units) fulfill these requirements.

## 6.3.3 I/O ports as M12 sockets

Color coding: black



Figure 8: Schematic drawing I/O port as M12 socket IO-Link

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U<sub>L</sub> and U<sub>S</sub> ground connected in device

## 6.3.3.1 IO-Link ports (Class A)

| 0980 XSL 3x12-121               | Pin  | Signal | Function   |
|---------------------------------|--|--------|--|
| IO-Link Class A, ports<br>X1 X8 | 1  | +24 V  | power supply +24 V   |
| A1 A0                           | 2  | IN/OUT | Ch. B: Digital input or digital output                             |
|                                 | 3  | GND    | Ground/reference potential   |
|                                 | 4 C/Q Ch. A: IO-Link data communicat digital input or digital output |        | Ch. A: IO-Link data communication, digital input or digital output |
|                                 | 5  | n.c.   | not connected  |

| 0980 LSL 3x11-121               | Pin | Signal | Function   |
|---------------------------------|-----|--------|--|
| IO-Link Class A, ports<br>X1 X8 | 1   | +24 V  | power supply +24 V   |
| A1 A0                           | 2   | IN     | Ch. B: Digital input   |
|                                 | 3   | GND    | Ground/reference potential   |
|                                 | 4   | C/Q    | Ch. A: IO-Link data communication, digital input or digital output |
|                                 | 5   | n.c.   | not connected  |

| 0980 LSL 3x10-121       | Pin | Signal | Function   |
|-------------------------|-----|--------|--|
| IO-Link Class A, ports  | 1   | +24 V  | power supply +24 V   |
| X1 X4                   | 2   | IN     | Ch. B: Digital input   |
|                         | 3   | GND    | Ground/reference potential   |
|                         | 4   | C/Q    | Ch. A: IO-Link data communication, digital input or digital output |
|                         | 5   | n.c.   | not connected  |
| Digital Input, ports X5 | 1   | +24 V  | power supply +24 V   |
| X8                      | 2   | IN     | Ch. B: Digital input   |
|                         | 3   | GND    | Ground/reference potential   |
|                         | 4   | IN     | Ch. A: Digital input   |
|                         | 5   | n.c.   | not connected  |

Table 9: I/O ports as IO-Link Class A

Used signal names compared to the IO-Link specification conventions:

| Pin | LioN-X        | IO-Link specification | Comment                      |
|-----|---------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 1   | +24 V         | L+                    | Supplied by U <sub>S</sub>   |
| 2   | IN/OUT        | I/Q                   |                              |
|     | +24 V AUX/OUT | 2L                    | Supplied by U <sub>AUX</sub> |
| 3   | GND           | L-                    |                              |
| 4   | C/Q IN/OUT    | C/Q                   |                              |
| 5   | GND AUX       | 2M                    |                              |

## 7 Starting operation

### 7.1 EDS file

An EDS file describes the EtherNet/IP device and can be installed in the engineering tool for the configuration of the LioN-X device. Each of the LioN-X variants requires its own EDS file. The file can be downloaded from the product pages on our online catalog: catalog.belden.com

On request, the EDS file is also sent to you by the support team.

The EDS files are grouped together in an archive file named **EDS-V3.27.1-BeldenDeutschland-LioN-X-yyyymmdd.eds**.

yyymmdd stands for the date on which the file was issued.

Download this file and unpack it.

Install the EDS file for the respective device variant by using the hardware or network configuration tool of your controller manufacturer.

In Rockwell Automation Studio 5000<sup>®</sup>, install the files with the *EDS Hardware Installation Tool*.

The LioN-X and LioN-Xlight variants are then available in the hardware catalog as *Communications Adapter*.

## 7.2 MAC addresses

Every device has three unique assigned MAC addresses that cannot be changed by the user. The first assigned MAC address is printed onto the device.

## 7.3 State on delivery

EtherNet/IP parameters in state on delivery or after a factory reset:

| Network mode:        | DHCP   |
|----------------------|--|
| Static IP address:   | 192.168.1.XXX (XXX = rotary switch position or last stored data)   |
| Subnet mask:         | 255.255.255.0  |
| Gateway address      | 0.0.0.0  |
| Device designations: | 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F<br>0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F<br>0980 LSL 3111-121-0006-002<br>0980 LSL 3110-121-0006-002 |
| Vendor code:         | 21   |
| Product type:        | 12 (Communications Adapter)  |

## 7.4 Setting network parameters

There are multiple ways to configure the network parameters. By default, DHCP is enabled and the network parameters are requested by DHCP requests to a server. If you want to request the network parameters with BOOTP requests, you must activate the BOOTP function through the Web interface or the TCP/IP interface object (CIP Class ID 0xF5, attribute 3 (0x03)). It is also possible to set static network parameters via this CIP object.

#### 7.4.1 IP address for LioN-X variants

The LioN-X multiprotocol variants support IP address configuration via the three rotary encoding switches on the front of the device (see chapter Setting the rotary encoding switches on page 43). The network parameters are also settable via the Web interface, the IIoT protocols or the LioN Management Suite.

## 7.4.2 IP address for LioN-Xlight variants

The LioN-Xlight variants cannot be configured via rotary encoding switches. If your network does not provide a DHCP server, you can set a static IP address via the NetIdent protocol in the LioN Management Suite.

## 7.5 Setting the rotary encoding switches



**Attention:** Only applicable for LioN-X multiprotocol variants; not applicable for LioN-Xlight variants.

The LioN-X multiprotocol variants allow you to select different protocols for communication within an industrial Ethernet system. In this way the IO-Link Masters with multiprotocol function can be integrated into different networks without it being necessary to purchase products specific for each protocol. This technology also gives you the option to use the same IOL-Master in different environments.

Using rotary encoding switches at the lower front of the devices, you can easily and conveniently set both the protocol and the address of the device, if the protocol to be used supports this. Once you have made a protocol selection and started the cyclical communication, the device stores this setting permanently and uses the selected protocol from this point on. To use another supported protocol with this device, perform a factory reset.

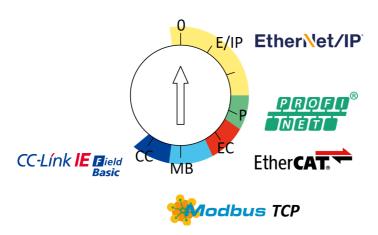
The following LioN-X IO-Link Master variants support multiprotocol application for the protocols EtherNet/IP (E/IP), PROFINET (P), EtherCAT® (EC) and Modbus TCP (MB):

0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F

The following LioN-X IO-Link Master variants additionally provide the protocol CC-Link IE Field Basic (CC):

0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F

The multiprotocol devices have a total of three rotary encoding switches. With the first rotary encoding switch (x100) you set the protocol by using the corresponding switch position. Additionally, x100 is used to set the third last digit of the IP address for EIP.



With the other rotary encoding switches (x10 / x1), you set the last two digits of the IP address when you are using EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP or CC-Link IE Field Basic.

| Protocol         | x100 | x10 | x1  |
|------------------|------|-----|-----|
| EtherNet/IP      | 0-2  | 0-9 | 0-9 |
| PROFINET         | Р    | -   | -   |
| EtherCAT®        | EC   | -   | -   |
| Modbus TCP       | МВ   | 0-9 | 0-9 |
| CC-Link IE Field | СС   | 0-9 | 0-9 |

Table 10: Assignment of the rotary encoding switches for each protocol

The setting you make to select a protocol is described detailed in the protocolspecific sections.

In delivery state no protocol settings are stored in the device. In this case only the desired protocol has to be chosen. To take over a changed rotary encoding switch setting (protocol setting), a power cycle or "Reset" from the Web interface is necessary.

Once you have set the protocol using the rotary encoding switches, the device stores this setting when it starts in cyclic communication. Changing the protocol using the rotary encoding switch is no longer possible after this

point. The device will always start using the stored protocol from that point on. The IP address can be changed depending on the selected protocol.

To change the protocol, carry out a factory reset. In this way you restore the factory settings of the respective device. How you perform the factory reset for your device is described in chapter Factory reset on page 47.

If you position the rotary encoding switch in a manner that is invalid, the device signals this to you with a blink code (the BF/MS LED blinks in red three times).

# 7.5.1 EtherNet/IP selection and IP configuration via rotary encoding switches

The EtherNet/IP protocol can be selected by the first rotary encoding switch (x100) with a value between 0-2.

Use all three rotary encoding switches on the front of the device to set the last octet of the static IP address. The first three octets of the IP address are set by default to 192.168.1.

Each rotary encoding switch in the EtherNet/IP setting is assigned to one decimal digit, so that you can configure a number between 0-299. During start-up, the position of the rotary encoding switches is typically read within one time cycle.

For example, the rotary encoding switch setting 2 (x100), 1 (x10) and 0 (x1) is interpreted by default as the IP address 192.168.1.210.

| Rotary encoding switch setting                 | Function   |
|--|--|
| 000<br>(state on delivery, default<br>setting) | On delivery, the DHCP function is enabled. The network parameters are requested by DHCP requests to a server. If you want to request the network parameters with BOOTP requests, you must activate the BOOTP function through the Web server or the TCP/IP interface object (CIP Class ID 0xF5, attribute 3 (0x03)). The network parameters are not saved automatically, but the integrated Web server can be used to save them. |
| 000<br>(network parameters<br>already saved)   | The network parameters last saved are used (IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, DHCP on/off, BOOTP on/off).  |
| 001 254  | The last 3 digits of the saved or preset IP address are overwritten by the setting of the rotary encoding switches. DHCP or BOOTP are disabled if necessary, and the device will start up with a static IP address.  |
| 255 298  | The network parameters are requested through DHCP or BOOTP but are not saved.  |
| 299  | The factory default setting of the IP address (192.168.001.001) is used.   |
| 979  | The device performs a reset to the factory settings. The network parameters are also reset to the default values. Communication is not possible in this operation mode.  |

Table 11: Setting options of the rotary encoding switches for EtherNet/IP

## 7.5.2 Factory reset

A factory reset restores the original factory settings and thus resets the changes and settings you have made up to that point. It also resets the protocol selection. To perform a factory reset, set the first rotary encoding switch (x100) to 9, the second (x10) to 7, and the third (x1) also to 9.

Afterwards perform a power cycle and wait 10 seconds due to internal memory write processes.

During the factory reset, the  $U_S$  LED is blinking red. After the internal memory write processes have finished, the  $U_S$  LED returns to display static green or red light, in dependency of the actual  $U_S$  voltage.

|               | x100 | x10 | x1 |
|---------------|------|-----|----|
| Factory Reset | 9    | 7   | 9  |

Follow the steps from section Setting the rotary encoding switches on page 43 again to select a new protocol.

For performing a factory reset via software configuration, see chapter OPC UA configuration on page 160 and the configuration section.

## 8 Configuration EtherNet/IP

The devices support *Implicit Messaging* and *Explicit Messaging* for the EthetNet/IP communication. I/O process data is transferred cyclically via the assembly object connection using *Implicit Messaging*.

Non-critical low priority data, configuration settings and diagnostic data can be exchanged via acyclic messages using *Explicit Messaging*. The exchange is done via EtherNet/IP and vendor specific object classes. For more details on object classes, see chapter CIP object classes on page 103.

## 8.1 Assembly types

The LioN-X devices support three different assembly types which are defined as follows:

| Assembly ID | Assembly Name                       | Size          | Payload                      |  |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|--|
| 130         | Output Connection<br>Point Assembly | 0 260 Byte    | Consuming Data Image         |  |
| 131         | Input Connection Point Assembly     | 0 446 Byte    | Producing Data Image         |  |
| 145         | Configuration Assembly              | 0 or 400 Byte | Module Configuration<br>Data |  |

The Consuming Data Image and the Producing Data Image have dynamic sizes which depend on the complete input and output data size of all connected IO-Link devices and on additional input status information. The general input and output process data sizes of each connection can be configured in the engineering tool. Each IO-Link device process data size can be configured by the Module Configuration Data.

The contents of the *Consuming Data Image* and the *Producing Data Image* are specified in chapter Process data assignment on page 75.

The *Module Configuration Data* is defined in chapter Configuration parameters on page 52.

## **8.2 Connections**

The LioN-X devices support two different connection types which are defined as follows:

| Connect-<br>ion name            | Connect-<br>ion type | Output<br>connect-<br>ion point<br>assembly | Output<br>data size | Input<br>connect-<br>ion point<br>assembly | Input data<br>size | Configu-<br>ration<br>assembly | Configu-<br>ration<br>data size |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| IO-Link<br>(Exclusive<br>Owner) | Exclusive<br>Owner   | 130   | 0260<br>Byte        | 131  | 0446<br>Byte       | 145                            | 0 or 400<br>Byte                |
| IO-Link<br>(Listen<br>Only)     | Listen<br>Only       | 192   | 0                   | 131  | 0446<br>Byte       | n/a                            | 0 Byte                          |

The dynamic data sizes depend on the complete input and output data size of all connected IO-Link devices and additional input status information. The general input and output process data sizes of each connection can be configured in the engineering tool. Each IO-Link device process data size can be configured by the *Module Configuration Data*.

Some engineering tools require the immediate configuration of the connection parameters. For the configuration use the parameters listed in the following chapters.

## 8.2.1 IO-Link parameters (Exclusive Owner)

| Connection properties |                           |  |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Connection name       | IO-Link (Exclusive Owner) |  |
| Application type      | Exclusive Owner           |  |
| Trigger mode          | Cyclic                    |  |
| RPI                   | min. 1 ms                 |  |

| Connection parameters (O->T) |                        |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Real time transfer format    | 32 Bit Run/Idle Header |
| Connection type              | POINT2POINT            |
| Assembly ID                  | 130                    |
| Data size                    | 0260 Byte              |
| Data type                    | INT (2 Byte)           |

| Connection parameters (T->O) |                        |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Real time transfer format    | Pure data and modeless |
| Connection type              | MULTICAST, POINT2POINT |
| Assembly ID                  | 131                    |
| Data size                    | 0446 Byte              |
| Data type                    | INT (2 Byte)           |

## 8.2.2 IO-Link parameters (Listen Only)

| Connection properties |                       |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Connection name       | IO-Link (Listen Only) |  |  |  |  |
| Application type      | Listen Only           |  |  |  |  |
| Trigger mode          | Cyclic                |  |  |  |  |
| RPI                   | min. 1 ms             |  |  |  |  |

| Connection parameters (O->T) |              |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Real time transfer format    | Heartbeat    |  |  |  |  |
| Connection type              | POINT2POINT  |  |  |  |  |
| Assembly ID                  | 192          |  |  |  |  |
| Data size                    | 0 Byte       |  |  |  |  |
| Data type                    | INT (2 Byte) |  |  |  |  |

| Connection parameters (T->O) |                        |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Real time transfer format    | Pure data and modeless |
| Connection type              | MULTICAST              |
| Assembly ID                  | 131                    |
| Data size                    | 0446 Byte              |
| Data type                    | INT (2 Byte)           |

## 9 Configuration parameters

Parameters of the LioN-X device can be configured via the configuration assembly, CIP object classes, Web server or IIoT protocols. A configuration assembly is sent when an *Exclusive Owner* connection is established. They are optional in this assembly. However, when sending, all existing parameters will be overwritten by this data. Therefore, the content of the configuration assembly has the highest valence.

To avoid parameter overwriting by CIP object classes, Web server or IIoT protocols during operation, some lock parameters can be enabled in the PLC configuration respectively configuration assembly.

The following chapters represent different setting groups with its configuration parameters. They are ingredients of the configuration assembly and can be set via *Explicit Messaging* by the specified CIP object classes. The **default values** are highlighted.

## 9.1 General settings

| Configuration parameter  | Byte offset config. assembly | Data type | Valid values   | CIP object class<br>0xA0, Instance 1 |
|--|------------------------------|-----------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Force Mode Lock  | 1                            | SINT      | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable  | Attribute 2                          |
| Web Interface<br>Lock  | 2                            | SINT      | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable  | Attribute 3                          |
| Digital Output<br>Control  | 3                            | SINT      | 0: DO Channel<br>Control<br>1: IO-Link Control   | Attribute 4                          |
| Report U <sub>L</sub> /U <sub>Aux</sub><br>Supply Voltage<br>Fault | 4                            | SINT      | 0: Disable 1: Enable   | Attribute 5                          |
| Report DO Fault without U <sub>L</sub> /U <sub>Aux</sub>           | 5                            | SINT      | 0: Disable 1: Enable   | Attribute 6                          |
| CIP object configuration lock                                      | 24                           | SINT      | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable  | Attribute 25                         |
| External configuration lock  | 25                           | SINT      | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable  | Attribute 26                         |
| IO Mapping Mode  | 31                           | SINT      | 0: Default<br>Assignment<br>1: Byte Swap<br>2: LSB Ch.A -<br>MSB Ch.B<br>3: LSB Ch.B -<br>MSB Ch.A<br>4: Free I/O<br>Mapping | Attribute 32                         |

#### 9.1.1 Force mode lock

The input and output process data can be forced via different interfaces (e.g. Web interface, REST, OPC UA, MQTT). The support of interfaces depends on the available software features. If the *Force mode lock* is enabled, it is no longer possible to force input and output process data through these interfaces.



**Danger:** Risk of physical injury or death! Unattended forcing can lead to unexpected signals and uncontrolled machine movements.

#### 9.1.2 Web interface lock

The Web interface access can be configured. If *Web interface lock* is enabled, the Web pages are no longer reachable.

## 9.1.3 Digital Output Control

A digital output can only have one control source. With the parameter *Digital Output Control*, you can configure the DO Channel Control (first two bytes of the output data) or the IO-Link Output Data (first byte of each IO-Link device output data) as the control source.

## 9.1.4 Report U<sub>L</sub>/U<sub>AUX</sub> supply voltage fault

During commissioning, it is possible that no power supply is connected to the  $U_L/U_{AUX}$  pins. Therefore it can be helpful to suppress and disable the *Report*  $U_L/U_{AUX}$  supply voltage fault diagnosis.

## 9.1.5 Report DO Fault without U<sub>L</sub>/U<sub>Aux</sub>

With this parameter you suppress the actuator diagnosis message that is sent if no  $U_L/U_{Aux}$  supply is connected while the output data of a digital channel is controlled.

## 9.1.6 CIP object configuration lock

When there is no *Exclusive Owner* connection established, all configuration parameters can be set by vendor specific CIP object classes. To exclude parameter changes the setting function of these objects can be blocked.

When the *CIP object* configuration lock is enabled, the vendor specific configuration parameters cannot be set via the CIP services. This relates also to the *CIP object* configuration lock itself. A reset of this parameter can be done by a configuration assembly when an *Exclusive Owner* connection is established.

## 9.1.7 External configuration lock

Configuration parameters can be set via different alternative interfaces (e.g. Web interface, REST, OPC UA, MQTT). An external configuration can only be done if no connection is established or if the *External configuration lock* is disabled during cyclic communication. Every new PLC configuration, transmitted through the configuration assembly, overwrites the device parameters.

## 9.1.8 IO Mapping Mode

The LioN-X devices support 5 different I/O mapping modes for the *Digital Output Channel Control* and the *Input Channel Status*. Modes 0 to 3 are predefined bit mappings. Mode 4 is a free user defined mapping which can be used in conjunction with the I/O mapping of channel 1 .. 16 in the channel settings.

## Default Assignment (Mode 0):

| DO Ch. Control / DI Ch. Status | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Byte 0 (LSB)                   | X4B   | X4A   | ХЗВ   | ХЗА   | X2B   | X2A   | X1B   | X1A   |
| Byte 1 (MSB)                   | X8B   | X8A   | X7B   | X7A   | X6B   | X6A   | X5B   | X5A   |

## Byte Swap (Mode 1):

| DO Ch. Control / DI Ch. Status | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Byte 0 (LSB)                   | X8B   | X8A   | X7B   | X7A   | X6B   | X6A   | X5B   | X5A   |
| Byte 1 (MSB)                   | X4B   | X4A   | ХЗВ   | ХЗА   | X2B   | X2A   | X1B   | X1A   |

## LSB Ch.A - MSB Ch.B (Mode 2):

| DO Ch. Control<br>/ DI Ch. Status | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Byte 0 (LSB)                      | X8A   | X7A   | X6A   | X5A   | X4A   | ХЗА   | X2A   | X1A   |
| Byte 1 (MSB)                      | X8B   | X7B   | X6B   | X5B   | X4B   | ХЗВ   | X2B   | X1B   |

## LSB Ch.B - MSB Ch.A (Mode 3):

| DO Ch. Control<br>/ DI Ch. Status | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Byte 0 (LSB)                      | X8B   | Х7В   | X6B   | X5B   | X4B   | ХЗВ   | X2B   | X1B   |
| Byte 1 (MSB)                      | X8A   | X7A   | X6A   | X5A   | X4A   | ХЗА   | X2A   | X1A   |

## Free IO Mapping (Mode 4):

IO Mapping Channel 1 .. 16 is used (see chapter Channel settings on page 57).

## **9.2 Channel settings**

| Configuration parameter  | Byte<br>offset<br>config.<br>assembly | Data type | Valid values   | CIP object class 0xA1,<br>Instance 1 16 |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|---|
| IO Mapping (Ch1 16)  | 32                                    | SINT[16]  | <b>0 15</b> : Bit number of 16 channel process data 16: Inactive   | Attribute 1                             |
| DO Surveillance<br>Timeout (Ch1 16)  | 48                                    | INT[16]   | 0 255 <b>(80)</b>  | Attribute 2                             |
| DO Failsafe (Ch1 16)   | 80                                    | SINT[16]  | 0: Set Low<br>1: Set High<br>2: Hold Last  | Attribute 3                             |
| DO Restart Mode<br>(Ch1 16)  | 96                                    | SINT[16]  | 0: Disable 1: Enable   | Attribute 4                             |
| DO Switch Mode<br>(Not available for LioN-<br>Xlight IO-Link Master<br>variants) | 112                                   | SINT[16]  | 0: Push-Pull (U <sub>S</sub> , 0.5 A) 1: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 0.5 A) 2: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 1.0 A) 3: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 1.5 A) 4: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 2.0 A) 5: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 2.0 A) max) | Attribute 5                             |
| DI Logic (Ch1 16)  | 128                                   | SINT[16]  | 0: Normally Open 1: Normally Close   | Attribute 6                             |
| DI Filter (Ch1 16)   | 144                                   | SINT[16]  | 0: Disabled<br>1: 1 ms<br>2: 2 ms<br>3: 3 ms<br>4: 6 ms<br>5: 10 ms<br>6: 15 ms  | Attribute 7                             |

| Configuration parameter | Byte<br>offset<br>config.<br>assembly | Data type | Valid values  | CIP object class 0xA1,<br>Instance 1 16 |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|---|---|
| Channel Mode (Ch1 16)   | 192                                   | SINT[16]  | 0: Inactive 1: Digital Output 2: Digital Input 3: IO-Link 4: Auxiliary Power The supported Channel Mode and the default value depend on the device variant. | Attribute 10                            |

## Assignment of channels:

| Channel 1  | Port X1.ChA CIP object instance 1 |                        |  |
|------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Channel 2  | Port X1.ChB CIP object instance 2 |                        |  |
| []         | []                                | []                     |  |
| Channel 15 | Port X8.ChA                       | CIP object instance 15 |  |
| Channel 16 | Port X8.ChB                       | CIP object instance 16 |  |

## 9.2.1 IO Mapping (Ch1 .. 16)

These configuration parameters can be used to set a user defined IO mapping. It is valid for the input and output data direction. Duplicated assignment are not allowed. In case of an inconsistent mapping, the complete assembly configuration is rejected with an error code.

To use these parameters, it is required to configure the IO mapping mode of the *General settings* to *Free IO Mapping (Mode 4)*. The default value for each parameter is its own channel number.

## 9.2.2 DO Surveillance Timeout (Ch1 .. 16)

The digital output channels are monitored during runtime. The error states are detected and reported as a diagnosis. To avoid error states during the switching of output channels, the surveillance timeout can be configured as a delay with deactivated monitoring.

The delay time begins with a rising edge of the output control bit. After delay time has elapsed, the output is monitored and error states are reported by diagnosis. When the channel is permanently switched on or off, the typical filter value (not changeable) is 5 ms.

## 9.2.3 DO Failsafe (Ch1 .. 16)

The LioN-X devices support a failsafe function for the channels used as digital outputs. In case of an internal device error, the PLC is in STOP state and cannot provide valid process data. The connection is interrupted or the communication is lost. The outputs are controlled according to the configured failsafe values.

#### Set Low:

If failsafe is active, the physical output pin of the channel is set to low ("0").

## Set High:

If failsafe is active, the physical output pin of the channel is set to high ("1").

#### **Hold Last:**

If failsafe is active, the physical output pin of the channel holds the last valid process data state ("0" or "1").

## 9.2.4 DO Restart Mode (Ch1 .. 16)

In case of a short circuit or overload at an output channel, a diagnosis is reported and the output is switched to "off".

If the *DO Restart Mode* for this channel is enabled, the output will automatically be turned on again after a fix time delay for checking if the overload or short circuit condition is still active. When it is active, the channel is switched off again.

If the *DO Restart Mode* is disabled, the output channel is not automatically turned on again. It can be turned on after a logical reset of the process output data of the channel.

## 9.2.5 DO Switch Mode (Ch1 .. 16)

Only applicable for the following device variants:

- 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F
- ▶ 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F

With this parameter you can configure the current limitations for the digital outputs by selecting a DO Switch Mode. You can choose between two different output switch modes:

► Push-Pull (U<sub>S</sub>,0.5 A):

If a channel is set to "Push-Pull", the output will be switched active to high or low. In low state, the output can be a current sink. The digital output is supplied by  $U_S$  with a maximum current of  $0.5\ A$ . This option is not available for the channel B of any port.

► High-Side (U<sub>L</sub>, 0.5 A..2.0 A max):

If a channel is set to "High-Side", the output will be switched active to high but not to low. In low state, the output has a high impedance. The digital output is supplied by  $U_L$  or  $U_{Aux}$ , depending on the device variant, and has a selectable current limit. This means that the actuator channel error diagnosis is reported when this limit is exceeded. If the you set the level to 2.0 A Max., the current limitation is not active and the maximum output current is available.

Refer to chapter I/O port overview on page 21 to get the available voltage supply for the digital outputs of every LioN-X variant.

## 9.2.6 DI Logic (Ch1 .. 16)

The logical state of an input channel can be configured via these parameters. If a channel is set to "Normally Open", a low signal ("0") is transferred to the process input data (e.g. if a non-damped sensor has an open switching output).

If a channel is set to "Normally Close", a high signal ("0") is transferred to the process input data (e.g. if a non-damped sensor has a closed switching output).

The channel LED shows, independent of these settings, the physical input state of the port pin.

## 9.2.7 DI Filter (Ch1 .. 16)

A filter time for every digital input channel can be configured by these parameters. When there is no need for a filter it can be disabled.

## 9.2.8 Channel Mode (Ch1 .. 16)

The operation mode of every channel can be configured by these parameters. The usability of this setting depends on the hardware variant and can be found out in the description (e.g. for a 8 IO-Link Class A Master, an IO-Link mode can only be configured for channel A and not for channel B).

#### Inactive:

This mode should be selected when the channel is not in use.



**Attention:** If channel A of a port is set to inactive, the corresponding channel B is also set to inactive regardless of its configuration. In this case, the entire port is therefore deactivated.

## **Digital Output:**

In this mode, the channel operates as digital output. The channel can be controlled by the *Digital Output Channel Control* (first two bytes of the output data) or by the *IO-Link Output Data* (first byte of each IO-Link Device output

data) of the cyclic process data. This depends on the *Digital Output Control* parameter of the *General Settings*.

#### **Digital Input:**

In this mode, the channel operates as digital input. The channel state can be seen in the *Digital Input Channel Status* of the cyclic process data.

#### IO-Link:

In this mode, the channel tries to establish a communication with an IO-Link Device. IO-Link process data can be exchanged via a communication link between the IO-Link Master and the IO-Link Device. The size of the IO-Link input and output data as well as the port mode depend on the IO-Link port settings.



**Attention:** Not all channels support this configuration.

## 9.3 IO-Link diagnosis settings

| Configuration parameter                 | Byte offset config. assembly | Data type | Valid values         | CIP object class<br>0xA2, Instance 1 |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| IO-Link Master<br>Diagnosis             | 208                          | SINT      | 0: Disable 1: Enable | Attribute 1                          |
| IO-Link Device<br>Error                 | 209                          | SINT      | 0: Disable 1: Enable | Attribute 2                          |
| IO-Link Device<br>Warning               | 210                          | SINT      | 0: Disable 1: Enable | Attribute 3                          |
| IO-Link Device<br>Notification          | 211                          | SINT      | 0: Disable 1: Enable | Attribute 4                          |
| IO-Link Device<br>Diagnosis Port 1<br>8 | 212 219                      | SINT[8]   | 0: Disable 1: Enable | Attribute 5 12                       |

## 9.3.1 IO-Link Master Diagnosis

If this parameter is enabled, the *IO-Link Master Diagnosis* is transferred to the IO-Link diagnoses of the input process data. If configured, additional diagnoses and information are transferred in the *IO-Link Extended Status* and in the *IO-Link events*.

If this parameter is disabled, no IO-Link Master Diagnosis is reported.

## 9.3.2 IO-Link Device Error

If this parameter is enabled, the *IO-Link Device Errors* are transferred in the IO-Link diagnoses of the input process data. If configured, additional diagnoses and information are transferred in the *IO-Link Extended Status* and the *IO-Link events*.

If this parameter is disabled, no *IO-Link Device Error* is reported.

## 9.3.3 IO-Link Device Warning

If this parameter is enabled, the *IO-Link Device Warnings* are transferred in the IO-Link diagnoses of the input process data. If configured, additional

diagnoses and information are transferred in the *IO-Link Extended Status* and the *IO-Link events*.

If this parameter is disabled, no *IO-Link Device Warning* is reported.

#### 9.3.4 IO-Link Device Notification

If this parameter is enabled, the *IO-Link Device Notifications* are transferred in the IO-Link diagnoses of the input process data. If configured, additional diagnoses and information are transferred in the *IO-Link Extended Status* and the *IO-Link events*.

If this parameter is disabled, no *IO-Link Device Notification* is reported.

## 9.3.5 IO-Link Device Diagnosis Port 1 .. 8

If this parameter is enabled for an IO-Link port, the respective diagnoses are transferred in the IO-Link diagnoses of the input process data. If configured, additional diagnoses and information are transferred in the *IO-Link Extended Status* and the *IO-Link events*.

If this parameter is disabled for an IO-Link port, no respective diagnosis is reported.

## 9.4 IO-Link Port 1 .. 8 settings

| Configuration parameter        | Byte offset config. assembly              | Data type | Valid values  | CIP object class<br>0xA3, Instance<br>1 8 |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------|---|---|
| Output Data Size               | 224, 246, 268, 290,<br>312, 334, 356, 378 | SINT      | 0: No data 1: 2 Byte 2: 4 Byte 3: 8 Byte 4: 16 Byte 5: 32 Byte                  | Attribute 1                               |
| Input Data Size                | 225, 247, 269, 291,<br>313, 335, 357, 379 | SINT      | 0: No data<br>1: 2 Byte<br>2: 4 Byte<br>3: 8 Byte<br>4: 16 Byte<br>5: 32 Byte   | Attribute 2                               |
| Input Data<br>Extension        | 226, 248, 270, 292,<br>314, 336, 358, 380 | SINT      | 0: No Data<br>1: Extended Status<br>2: Events<br>3: Extended Status +<br>Events | Attribute 3                               |
| Output Data<br>Swapping Mode   | 227, 249, 271, 293,<br>315, 337, 359, 381 | SINT      | 0: Raw IO-Link Data<br>1 16: 1 16 WORD<br>17 24: 1 8 DWORD                      | Attribute 4                               |
| Output Data<br>Swapping Offset | 228, 250, 272, 294,<br>316, 338, 360, 382 | SINT      | 0 30 Byte ("0")   | Attribute 5                               |
| Input Data<br>Swapping Mode    | 229, 251, 273, 295,<br>317, 339, 361, 383 | SINT      | 0: Raw IO-Link Data<br>1 16: 1 16 WORD<br>17 24: 1 8 DWORD                      | Attribute 6                               |
| Input Data<br>Swapping Offset  | 230, 252, 274, 296,<br>318, 340, 362, 384 | SINT      | 0 30 Byte ( <b>"0")</b>   | Attribute 7                               |

| Configuration parameter  | Byte offset config. assembly              | Data type | Valid values   | CIP object class<br>0xA3, Instance<br>1 8 |
|--------------------------|---|-----------|--|---|
| IOL Failsafe             | 231, 253, 275, 297,<br>319, 341, 363, 385 | SINT      | 0: Set Low 1: Set High 2: Hold Last 3: Replacement Value (transferred via IO-Link Failsafe Parameter Object) 4: IO-Link Master Command   | Attribute 8                               |
| Port Mode                | 232, 254, 276, 298,<br>320, 342, 364, 386 | SINT      | O: Deactivated 1: Manual (with validation and backup config) 2: Autostart (no validation and backup config)  | Attribute 9                               |
| Validation and<br>Backup | 233, 255, 277, 299,<br>321, 343, 365, 387 | SINT      | O: No device check and clear (no data storage)  1: Type compatible V1.0 device (no data storage)  2: Type compatible V1.1 device (no data storage)  3: Type compatible V1.1 device with Backup + Restore (download + upload)  4 Type compatible V1.1 device with Restore (download master to device) | Attribute 10                              |
| Vendor ID                | 234, 256, 278, 300,<br>322, 344, 366, 388 | DINT      | 0 65535 <b>("0")</b>   | Attribute 11                              |
| Device ID                | 238, 260, 282, 304,<br>326, 348, 370, 392 | DINT      | 0 16777215 <b>("0")</b>  | Attribute 12                              |

| Configuration parameter       | Byte offset config. assembly | Data type  | Valid values           | CIP object class<br>0xA3, Instance<br>1 8 |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|------------------------|---|
| Cycle Time 242, 264, 286, 308 | 242, 264, 286, 308,          | ′ ′ ′      | 0: As fast as possible | Attribute 13                              |
|                               | 330, 352, 374, 396           |            | 1: 1.6 ms              |   |
|                               |                              |            | 2: 3.2 ms              |   |
|                               |                              |            | 3: 4.8 ms              |   |
|                               |                              |            | 4: 8.0 ms              |   |
|                               |                              |            | 5: 20.8 ms             |   |
|                               |                              | 6: 40.0 ms |                        |   |
|                               |                              |            | 7: 80.0 ms             |   |
|                               |                              |            | 8: 120.0 ms            |   |

#### Assignment of the IO-Link ports:

| IO-Link port 1 | Port X1.ChA | CIP object instance 1 |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| []             | []          | []                    |
| IO-Link port 8 | Port X8.ChA | CIP object instance 8 |

The number of IO-Link ports depends on the IO-Link Master variant. IO-Link Masters with less than 8 IO-Link ports only provide configuration parameters for their own count. Unused configuration data bytes are sent as "zero bytes" inside the configuration assembly.

Configuration parameters of an IO-Link port are only taken into account by the application when the corresponding Channel Mode of the Channel Settings is set to *IO-Link*.

## 9.4.1 Output Data Size

The *Output Data Size* of the respective IO-Link device can be configured by this parameter. There can be up to 32 Bytes of IO-Link output data per port.

The Output Data Size of every IO-Link device has influence on the total Output Data Size of the connection. It has to be taken into account that all IO-Link output data fits into the total size.

This parameter is only settable when no connection is active.

## 9.4.2 Input Data Size

The *Input Data Size* of the respective IO-Link device can be configured by this parameter. There can be up to 32 Bytes of IO-Link input data.

The *Input Data Size* of every IO-Link device has influence on the total *Input Data Size* of the connection. It has to be taken into account that all IO-Link input data fits into the total size.

This parameter is only settable when no connection is active.

## 9.4.3 Input Data Extension

The *Input Data Extension* can be selected to extend each IO-Link input data with extended status information and/or IO-Link events.

The *Input Data Extension* of every IO-Link device has influence on the total input data size of the connection. It has to be taken into account that all IO-Link output data including the extension fits into the total size.

This parameter is only settable when no connection is active.

## 9.4.4 Output Data Swapping Mode

The byte order of IO-Link is big endian which is not compatible to EtherNet/ IP's little endian format. For setting output data in the correct format, the parameters *Output Data Swapping Mode* and *Output Data Swapping Offset* support the user. There can be selected up to 16 words or up to 8 double words for converting the output data.

#### Raw IO-Link Data:

No byte swap

## Data type WORD:

Data byte order: Byte 0, Byte 1
Order after Swap: Byte 1, Byte 0

## Data type DWORD:

Data byte order: Byte 0, Byte 1, Byte 2, Byte 3 Order after Swap: Byte 3, Byte 2, Byte 1, Byte 0

## 9.4.5 Output Data Swapping Offset

The *Output Data Swapping Offset* describes the start point in the process data for using the configured *Output Data Swapping Mode*. Both parameters are dependent on the configured output data size.

## 9.4.6 Input Data Swapping Mode

The byte order of IO-Link is big endian which is not compatible to EtherNet/IP's little endian format. For receiving input data in the correct format, the parameters *Input Data Swapping Mode* and *Input Data Swapping Offset* support the user. There can be selected up to 16 words or up to 8 double words for converting the input data.

#### **Raw IO-Link Data:**

No byte swap

#### Data type WORD:

Data byte order: Byte 0, Byte 1
Order after Swap: Byte 1, Byte 0

## Data type DWORD:

Data byte order: Byte 0, Byte 1, Byte 2, Byte 3 Order after Swap: Byte 3, Byte 2, Byte 1, Byte 0

## 9.4.7 Input Data Swapping Offset

The *Input Data Swapping Offset* describes the start point in the process data for using the configured *Input Data Swapping Mode*. Both parameters are dependent on the configured input data size and the optional input data extension.

## 9.4.8 IOL Failsafe

The LioN-X devices support a failsafe function for the output data of the IO-Link channels. In case of an internal device error, the PLC is in STOP state and cannot provide valid process data, the connection is interrupted or the communication is lost: The output data of the IO-Link channels is controlled by the configured failsafe values.

#### Set Low:

If failsafe is active, all bits of the IO-Link output data are set to low ("0").

#### Set High:

If failsafe is active, all bits of the IO-Link output data are set to high ("1").

#### **Hold Last:**

If failsafe is active, all bits of the IO-Link output data arel hold the last valid process data state ("0" or "1").

#### **Replacement Value:**

A replacement value can be set via the *IO-Link Failsafe* parameter object for every IO-Link device. If failsafe is active, these replacement values are transmitted to the IO-Link device. The current configured IO-Link output data size must be considered. Take into account that in the case of an error the replacement values are sent instead of the output process data so that a configured *Swapping Mode* has influence on the byte order.

#### **IO-Link Master Command:**

If failsafe is active, an IO-Link-specific mechanism for valid/invalid output process data is used and the IO-Link device determines the behavior itself.

#### 9.4.9 Port Mode

The *Port Mode* describes how the IO-Link master handles the presence of an IO-Link device at the port.

#### Deactivated:

The IO-Link port is deactivated but can be configured for later use. No diagnostics are generated if the IO-Link device is not connected.

#### **IO-Link Autostart:**

The IO-Link port is activated and no explicit port configuration is needed. Configurations such as *Validation and Backup* (Inspection Level), *Vendor ID*, *Device ID* and *Cycle Time* are not required.

#### **IO-Link Manual:**

The IO-Link port is activated and explicit port configuration can be done for the parameters *Validation and Backup* (Inspection Level), *Vendor ID*, *Device ID* and *Cycle Time*.

## 9.4.10 Validation and Backup

With this parameter, the user can set the behavior of the IO-Link ports regarding the type compatibility and data storage mechanism of the connected IO-Link Device.

The precondition for using *Validation and Backup* is that you configure the *Port Mode* to "IO-Link Manual".

The IO-Link Master has a backup memory which can be used for storing the device parameters and for restoring them on the device. This backup memory can be deleted by the following events:

- ► IO-Link Master factory reset
- ► Channel Mode reconfiguration, e.g. from "Digital-Input" to "IO-Link"
- ► Validation and Backup reconfiguration, e.g. from "No device check" to "Type compatible V1.1 device with Backup & Restore"

For further information refer to the 'IO-Link Interface and System Specification' version 1.1.3 which can be downloaded from https://io-link.com/

## No device check (no data storage):

No check of connected Vendor ID or Device ID and no "Backup and Restore" support of the IO-Link Master parameter server.

## Type compatible V1.0 device (no data storage):

Type compatible according IO-Link specification V1.0 which includes validation of Vendor ID and Device ID. The IO-Link specification V1.0 does not support IO-Link Master parameter server.

## Type compatible V1.1 device (no data storage):

Type compatible according IO-Link specification V1.1 which includes validation of Vendor ID and Device ID. "Backup and Restore" is disabled.

# Type compatible V1.1 device with Backup + Restore (upload + download):

Type compatible according IO-Link specification V1.1 which includes validation of Vendor ID and Device ID. "Backup and Restore" is enabled.

Pay attention to the following explanations regarding *Backup and Restore* conditions:

#### Backup (Device to Master):

A Backup (upload from IOL-Device to IOL-Master) is performed when an IO-Link Device is connected and the Master does not have any valid parameter data. The read parameter data are permanently stored on the IO-Link Master.

An upload will also be performed, when the IO-Link Device has set the DS\_UPLOAD\_FLAG (Data Storage Upload Flag). This IOL-Device flag can be set in two ways:

- Parameters written to IOL-Device in *Block Parameter* mode: An IO-Link Device sets the DS\_UPLOAD\_FLAG self-dependent, if the parameters were written in block parameter mode to the IO-Link Device with the last system command ParamDownloadStore (e.g. by a third party USB IO-Link Master for commissioning).
- Parameters written to IOL-Device in Single Parameter mode: If single parameter data is changed on the IOL-Device during runtime, the stored device parameters on the IOL-Master can be updated using the ParamDownloadStore (index 0x0002, subindex 0x00, value 0x05) command. This command sets the DS\_UPLOAD\_REQ flag on the IOL-Device and thus the IO-Link Master executes an upload procedure from the IO-Link Device.

## Restore (Master to Device):

A Restore (download from IOL-Master to IOL-Device) is performed when an IO-Link Device is connected and the IO-Link Master has valid parameter data stored which are usable for the IOL-Device and not equal compared to the device parameters.

The restore procedure can be blocked by the IO-Link Device via the *Device Access Locks* parameter when supported by the IO-Link Device (Index 0x000C, refer to vendor specific IO-Link Device documentation).

#### Type compatible V1.1 device with Restore (download Master to Device):

Type compatible according IO-Link specification V1.1 which includes validation of Vendor ID and Device ID. Only "Restore" is enabled.

Pay attention to the following explanations regarding *Restore* conditions:

► Restore (Download / IOL-Master to IOL-Device):

A Restore (download from IOL-Master to IOL-Device) is performed when an IO-Link Device is connected and the IO-Link Master has valid parameter data stored which are usable for the IOL-Device and not equal compared to the device parameters.

In the *Restore* mode no change of the IOL-Device parameters will be stored permanently on the IOL-Master. When the IOL-Device sets the DS\_UPLOAD\_FLAG in this mode, the device parameters will be restored by the IOL-Master.

The restore procedure can be blocked by the IO-Link Device via the *Device Access Locks* parameter when supported by the IO-Link Device (Index 0x000C, refer to vendor specific IO-Link Device documentation).

#### 9.4.11 Vendor ID

The *Vendor ID* is needed for the validation of the IO-Link device and can be configured with this parameter.

Precondition for using the *Vendor ID* is that you configure *Port Mode* to "IO-Link Manual". *Validation and Backup* must be set to a type compatible V1.X device.

#### 9.4.12 Device ID

The *Device ID* is needed for the validation of the IO-Link device and can be configured with this parameter.

Precondition for using the *Device ID* is that you configure *Port Mode* to "IO-Link Manual". *Validation and Backup* must be set to a type compatible V1.X device.

#### 9.4.13 Cycle Time

The IO-Link cycle time can be configured by this parameter.

The precondition for using *Cycle Time* is that you configure *Port Mode* to "IO-Link Manual".

#### As fast as possible:

The IO-Link port uses the max. supported IO-Link Device and Master update cycle time for the cyclic I/O data update between IO-Link Master and IO-Link Device.

#### 1.6 ms, 3.2 ms, 4.8 ms, 8.0 ms, 20.8 ms, 40.0 ms, 80.0 ms, 120.0 ms:

The cycle time can be set manually to the provided options. This option can be used e.g. for IO-Link devices which are connected over inductive couplers. Inductive couplers are normally the bottleneck in the update cycle time between IO-Link Master and IO-Link Device. In this case, please refer to the data sheet of the inductive coupler.

# 10 Process data assignment

The LioN-X devices in general support process data communication in both directions. The consuming data in this context is defined as the process output data which controls physical outputs and IO-Link output data. The producing data in this context is defined as the process input data which contains the physical inputs, diagnostics and IO-Link input data with optional extended status and event data.

The following chapters describe the data images for the consuming and producing data direction which are assigned to the output and input assemblies.

# 10.1 Consuming data image (output)

| Output data frame   | Digital output channel control | Reserved (e.g. feature control) | IO-Link output data |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Consuming data size | 2 Byte, INT                    | 2 Byte, INT                     | 0256 Byte, INT      |

The complete *Output data frame* has a variable size of up to 260 Bytes. In general, a 4 Byte Run/Idle Header precedes, resulting in up to 264 Bytes in total.

The following chapters describe the bit assignment.

## 10.1.1 Digital output channel control

| Digital output channel control | Bit    | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0 |
|--------------------------------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| Channel                        | Byte 0 | 8  | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1 |
| number (default mapping)       | Byte 1 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 |

The control values are effective if the respective channels are configured as outputs and the *Digital Output Control* is set to *DO Channel Control*.

| 10.1.2 IO-Link output data |
|----------------------------|
|----------------------------|

| IO-Link<br>output<br>data | IO-Link<br>port 1<br>control | IO-Link<br>port 2<br>control | IO-Link<br>port 3<br>control | IO-Link<br>port 4<br>control | IO-Link<br>port 5<br>control | IO-Link<br>port 6<br>control | IO-Link<br>port 7<br>control | IO-Link<br>port 8<br>control |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| IO-Link                   | 0 Byte                       |
| port                      | 2 Byte                       |
| output<br>size            | 4 Byte                       |
|                           | 8 Byte                       |
|                           | 16 Byte                      |
|                           | 32 Byte                      |

The IO-Link port output size is independent of the configured Channel Mode. It is always considered in the IO-Link output data and therefore the offsets do **not** need to be calculated again by the user in case of a channel mode reconfiguration. Every IO-Link port can be set to its required size. The control data is transferred to the device. However, the content depends on the IO-Link *Output Data Swapping Mode* and *Output Data Swapping Offset*.

If there is no IO-Link port configured, the *Consuming data image* has no IO-Link output data.

# 10.2 Producing data image (input)

| Input data frame       | Digital<br>input<br>channel<br>status | General<br>diagnostics | Sensor<br>diagnostics | Actuator/<br>U <sub>Aux</sub><br>diagnostics | IO-Link<br>diagnostics | IO-Link<br>input data |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Producing<br>data size | 2 Byte, INT                           | 2 Byte, INT            | 2 Byte, INT           | 2 Byte, INT                                  | 0 Byte<br>6 Byte, INT  | 0432 Byte,<br>INT     |

The complete Input data frame has a variable size of up to 446 Bytes.

The following chapters describe the bit assignment.

#### 10.2.1 Digital input channel status

| Digital input channel status | Bit    | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0 |
|------------------------------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| Channel number (default      | Byte 0 | 8  | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1 |
| mapping)                     | Byte 1 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 |

Each status value is effective if the channel is configured as Input.

## 10.2.2 General diagnostics

| General diagnostics | Bit    | 7   | 6   | 5   | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0   |
|---------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| General Bit         | Byte 0 | IME | FME | DTO | DTU | SCA | scs | LVA | LVS |
|                     | Byte 1 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | IDN | IDW | IDE | IVE |

Low Voltage System/Sensor Supply

**LVA** Low Voltage Actuator Supply

SCS Short Circuit Sensor

SCA Short Circuit Actuator/U<sub>L</sub>/U<sub>Aux</sub>

**DTU** Device Temperature Underrun

Device Temperature Overrun

FME Force Mode Enabled

IME Internal Module Error

IVE IO-Link Validation Error (collective

error)

IDE IO-Link Device Error (collective error)

IDW IO-Link Device Warning (collective

error)

IDN IO-Link Device Notification

(collective error)

**0** Reserved

## 10.2.3 Sensor diagnostics

| Sensor<br>diagnostics | Bit    | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
|-----------------------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Port number           | Bvte 0 | X8 | X7 | X6 | X5 | X4 | Х3 | X2 | X1 |
|                       | Byte 1 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

X1 .. 8 Sensor Short Circuit on Port X1 .. X8

0 Reserved

# 10.2.4 Actuator/U<sub>L</sub>/U<sub>Aux</sub> diagnostics

| Actuator/U <sub>Aux</sub> diagnostics | Bit    | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| Channel number                        | Byte 0 | 8  | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1 |
| (fix)                                 | Byte 1 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 |

1 .. 16 Actuator/U<sub>L</sub>/U<sub>Aux</sub> channel error on

channel 1 .. 16

#### 10.2.5 IO-Link diagnostics

| IO-Link<br>diagnostics | Bit    | 7    | 6    | 5    | 4    | 3    | 2    | 1    | 0    |
|------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| General Bit            | Byte 0 | ICE8 | ICE7 | ICE6 | ICE5 | ICE4 | ICE3 | ICE2 | ICE1 |
|                        | Byte 1 | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    |
|                        | Byte 2 | IVE8 | IVE7 | IVE6 | IVE5 | IVE4 | IVE3 | IVE2 | IVE1 |
|                        | Byte 3 | IDE8 | IDE7 | IDE6 | IDE5 | IDE4 | IDE3 | IDE2 | IDE1 |
|                        | Byte 4 | IDW8 | IDW7 | IDW6 | IDW5 | IDW4 | IDW3 | IDW2 | IDW1 |
|                        | Byte 5 | IDN8 | IDN7 | IDN6 | IDN5 | IDN4 | IDN3 | IDN2 | IDN1 |

ICE1..8 IO-Link Port COM Error (device

missing, broken wire, short circuit)

IVE1..8 IO-Link Port Validation Error

IDE1..8 IO-Link Port Device Error

IDW1..8 IO-Link Port Device Warning

IDN1..8 IO-Link Port Device Notification

**0** Reserved

If there is no IO-Link port configured, the input data image doesn't show IO-Link diagnostics.

| 1 | 0.2.6 | IO-L | ink   | input | data   |
|---|-------|------|-------|-------|--------|
|   | U.Z.U | IO-P | .IIIN | шриц  | . uata |

| IO-Link                          | IO-Link port 1   |        |                  |                   |    | IO-Link port 8   |        |                  |                   |  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|--------|------------------|-------------------|----|--|--------|------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| input<br>data                    | Status   | PQI    | Extended status  | Events            | [] | Status   | PQI    | Extended status  | Events            |  |  |
| IO-Link<br>port<br>input<br>size | 0 Byte<br>2 Byte<br>4 Byte<br>8 Byte<br>16 Byte<br>32 Byte | 2 Byte | 0 Byte<br>8 Byte | 0 Byte<br>12 Byte | [] | 0 Byte<br>2 Byte<br>4 Byte<br>8 Byte<br>16 Byte<br>32 Byte | 2 Byte | 0 Byte<br>8 Byte | 0 Byte<br>12 Byte |  |  |

The IO-Link port input size is independent of the configured Channel Mode. It is always considered in the IO-Link input data and therefore the offsets do **not** need to be calculated again by the user in case of a channel mode reconfiguration. Every IO-Link port can be set to its required size. The device input data is mapped to the **Status** field and the content depends on the IO-Link *Input Data Swapping Mode* and *Input Data Swapping Offset*.

An IO-Link port can be configured via the Channel Mode. The PQI provides some IO-Link information, is always available and is independent of the Status size. The Extended Status and Events can be enabled by the IO-Link port configuration.

Port Qualifier Information (PQI):

| PQI (Port<br>Qualifier<br>Information) | Bit    | 7  | 6      | 5      | 4         | 3        | 2      | 1 | 0 |
|--|--------|----|--------|--------|-----------|----------|--------|---|---|
| General Bit                            | Byte 0 | PQ | DevErr | DevCom | PortActiv | eSubstDe | NewPar | 0 | 0 |
|  | Byte 1 | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0         | 0        | 0      | 0 | 0 |

NewPar Update of Device parameter

detected

Substitute device detected (different

SerialNumber)

PortActive Port activated

**DevCom** Device detected and is in

PREOPERATE or OPERATE state

**DevErr** Error/warning assigned to Device or

Port occurred

PQ Valid I/O Process Data from Device

**0** Reserved

#### Extended status:

| IO-Link<br>Extended<br>status | Bit    | 7               | 6               | 5 | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0   |
|-------------------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Extended diagnostics          | Byte 0 | 0               | 0               | 0 | ICT | BUI | SPE | ILE | OLE |
| diagnostics                   | Byte 1 | 0               |                 |   |     |     |     |     |     |
| Vendor ID                     | Byte 2 | Vendor ID (LSB) |                 |   |     |     |     |     |     |
|                               | Byte 3 | Vendor ID (MSB) |                 |   |     |     |     |     |     |
| Device ID                     | Byte 4 |                 | Device ID (LSB) |   |     |     |     |     |     |
|                               | Byte 5 | Device ID       |                 |   |     |     |     |     |     |
|                               | Byte 6 | Device ID (MSB) |                 |   |     |     |     |     |     |
|                               | Byte 7 |                 | 0               |   |     |     |     |     |     |

OLE Output process data length error

(device mismatch)

ILE Input process data length error

(device mismatch)

SPE Startup parameterization error (direct

parameter error)

BUI Backup inconsistency (parameter

storage error)

ICT Invalid Cycle Time

**0** Reserved

#### Events:

| IO-Link events    | Bit        | 7                | 6         | 5     | 4     | 3    | 2 | 1     | 0    |
|-------------------|------------|------------------|-----------|-------|-------|------|---|-------|------|
| Event Qualifier 1 | Byte 0     | Мо               | Mode Type |       | ре    | 0    | 0 | Insta | ance |
|                   | Byte 1     | 0                | 0         | 0     | 0     | 0    | 0 | 0     | 0    |
| Event Code 1      | Byte 2     |                  |           |       | Event | Code |   |       |      |
|                   | Byte 3     |                  |           |       |       |      |   |       |      |
| Event Qualifier 2 | Byte 4     | Mode Type 0 0 Ir |           | Insta | ance  |      |   |       |      |
|                   | Byte 5     | 0                | 0         | 0     | 0     | 0    | 0 | 0     | 0    |
| Event Code 2      | Byte 6     |                  |           |       | Event | Code |   |       |      |
|                   | Byte 7     |                  |           |       |       |      |   |       |      |
| Event Qualifier 3 | Byte 8     | Мо               | de        | Ту    | ре    | 0    | 0 | Insta | ance |
|                   | Byte 9     | 0                | 0         | 0     | 0     | 0    | 0 | 0     | 0    |
| Event Code 3      | Byte<br>10 | Event Code       |           |       |       |      |   |       |      |
|                   | Byte<br>11 |                  |           |       |       |      |   |       |      |

Instance Unknown ("0"), Reserved ( Physical

Layer PL ("1"), Data Link Layer DL ("2"), Application Layer AL ("3") ),

Application ("4")

Type Notification ("1"), Warning ("2"), Error

("3")

Mode Event single shot ("1"), Event

disappears ("2"), Event appears ("3")

Event Code Diagnostic code reported by the IO-

Link device

0 Reserved

## 10.3 Sample applications

The connection and configuration parameters of the device with its variable data sizes provides you an individual approach for realizing your application. The size of each IO-Link port can be determined which also has influence on the process data offsets.

The following application samples describe the process data assignments for the input and output data including the byte offsets. When there is no need to configure the data sizes, use the first sample to get the default byte offsets for your application. When you decide to reduce the data sizes to set them for example to the required IO-Link data lengths or you when do not need the extended status, have a look at the second sample to understand how the data mapping works.

For Rockwell Automation/Allen Bradley PLC customer, it is recommended to use an Add-On Instruction in Studio 5000® as an interface to the process data as described in chapter Add-On Instruction (AOI) on page 94.

#### 10.3.1 Process data images - default configuration

The default configuration of the IO-Link port input and output data sizes is set to the maximum sizes in the EDS files. This means the user gets all data of each IO-Link port. The following tables provide you an overview of the data structures and the byte offsets for input and output data:

#### Connection parameters

| Output data size | 260 |
|------------------|-----|
| Input data size  | 446 |

| Byte offset | Output data                              |
|-------------|--|
| 0           | Digital output channel control (2 bytes) |
| 2           | Reserved (2 bytes)                       |
| 4           | IO-Link port1 data (control, 32 bytes)   |
| 36          | IO-Link port2 data (control, 32 bytes)   |
| 68          | IO-Link port3 data (control, 32 bytes)   |
| 100         | IO-Link port4 data (control, 32 bytes)   |
| 132         | IO-Link port5 data (control, 32 bytes)   |
| 164         | IO-Link port6 data (control, 32 bytes)   |
| 196         | IO-Link port7 data (control, 32 bytes)   |
| 228         | IO-Link port8 data (control, 32 bytes)   |

Table 12: Default output process data

| Byte offset | Input data                              |
|-------------|---|
| 0           | Digital input channel status (2 bytes)  |
| 2           | General diagnostics (2 bytes)           |
| 4           | Sensor diagnostics (2 bytes)            |
| 6           | Actuator diagnostics (2 bytes)          |
| 8           | IO-Link diagnostics (6 bytes)           |
| 14          | IO-Link port1 data (status, 32 bytes)   |
| 46          | IO-Link port1 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 48          | IO-Link port1 extended status (8 bytes) |
| 56          | IO-Link port1 events (12 bytes)         |
| 68          | IO-Link port2 data (status, 32 bytes)   |
| 100         | IO-Link port2 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 102         | IO-Link port2 extended status (8 bytes) |
| 110         | IO-Link port2 events (12 bytes)         |
| 122         | IO-Link port3 data (status, 32 bytes)   |
| 154         | IO-Link port3 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 156         | IO-Link port3 extended status (8 bytes) |

| Byte offset | Input data                              |
|-------------|---|
| 164         | IO-Link port3 events (12 bytes)         |
| 176         | IO-Link port4 data (status, 32 bytes)   |
| 208         | IO-Link port4 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 210         | IO-Link port4 extended status (8 bytes) |
| 218         | IO-Link port4 events (12 bytes)         |
| 230         | IO-Link port5 data (status, 32 bytes)   |
| 262         | IO-Link port5 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 264         | IO-Link port5 extended status (8 bytes) |
| 272         | IO-Link port5 events (12 bytes)         |
| 284         | IO-Link port6 data (status, 32 bytes)   |
| 316         | IO-Link port6 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 318         | IO-Link port6 extended status (8 bytes) |
| 326         | IO-Link port6 events (12 bytes)         |
| 338         | IO-Link port7 data (status, 32 bytes)   |
| 370         | IO-Link port7 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 372         | IO-Link port7 extended status (8 bytes) |
| 380         | IO-Link port7 events (12 bytes)         |
| 392         | IO-Link port8 data (status, 32 bytes)   |
| 424         | IO-Link port8 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 426         | IO-Link port8 extended status (8 bytes) |
| 434         | IO-Link port8 events (12 bytes)         |

Table 13: Default input process data

## 10.3.2 Process data images with modified data sizes

The IO-Link port input and output data sizes and the existence of the extended status can be modified by the configuration assembly. This means the user can decide about which data is mapped to the process data. The following configuration tables provide you a sample and an overview of possible data structures and the byte offsets for input and output data:

#### Connection parameters

Output data size 62
Input data size 66

**IO-Link Port1** 

Output data size2 ByteInput data size2 ByteInput data extensionNo Data

IO-Link Port2

Output data size 32 Byte Input data size 0 Byte

Input data extension Extended Status

**IO-Link Port3** 

Output data size 16 Byte Input data size 4 Byte

Input data extension Extended Status + Events

10-Link Port4

Output data size8 ByteInput data size2 ByteInput data extensionNo Data

IO-Link Port5 .. 8

Output data size 0 Byte
Input data size 0 Byte
Input data extension No Data

| Byte offset | Output data                              | Input data                              |
|-------------|--|---|
| 0           | Digital output channel control (2 bytes) | Digital input channel status (2 bytes)  |
| 2           | Reserved (2 bytes)                       | General diagnostics (2 bytes)           |
| 4           | IO-Link port1 data (control, 2 bytes)    | Sensor diagnostics (2 bytes)            |
| 6           | IO-Link port2 data (control, 32 bytes)   | Actuator diagnostics (2 bytes)          |
| 8           |  | IO-Link diagnostics (6 bytes)           |
| 10          |  |   |
| 12          |  |   |
| 14          |  | IO-Link port1 data (status, 2 bytes)    |
| 16          |  | IO-Link port1 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 18          |  | IO-Link port2 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 20          |  | IO-Link port2 extended status (8 bytes) |
| 22          |  |   |
| 24          |  |   |
| 26          |  |   |
| 28          |  | IO-Link port3 data (status, 4 bytes)    |
| 30          |  |   |
| 32          |  | IO-Link port3 PQI (2 bytes)             |
| 34          |  | IO-Link port3 extended status (8 bytes) |
| 36          |  |   |
| 38          | IO-Link port3 data (control, 16 bytes)   |   |
| 40          |  |   |
| 42          |  | IO-Link port3 events (12 bytes)         |
| 44          |  |   |
| 46          |  |   |
| 48          |  |   |
| 50          |  |   |
| 52          |  |   |
| 54          | IO-Link port4 data (control, 8 bytes)    | IO-Link port4 data (status, 2 bytes)    |
| 56          |  | IO-Link port4 PQI (2 bytes)             |

| Byte offset | Output data | Input data                  |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 58          |             | IO-Link port5 PQI (2 bytes) |
| 60          |             | IO-Link port6 PQI (2 bytes) |
| 62          |             | IO-Link port7 PQI (2 bytes) |
| 64          |             | IO-Link port8 PQI (2 bytes) |
| 66          |             |                             |

Table 14: Modified process data

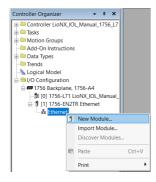
# 11 Configuration and operation with Rockwell Automation Studio 5000®

The configuration and start-up of the LioN-X devices described on the following pages refers to Rockwell Automation Studio 5000®, V30. If you are using an engineering tool from another provider, please consider the related documentation.

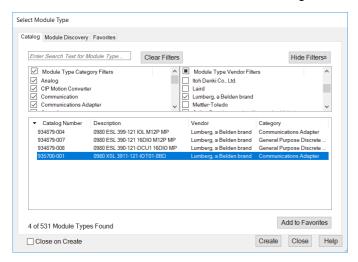
## 11.1 Basic commissioning

Perform the following working steps:

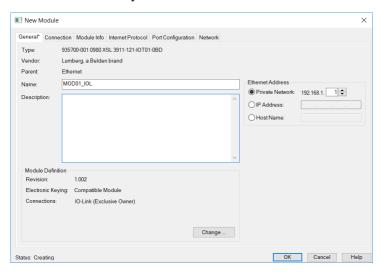
- 1. Create a new project in Studio 5000<sup>®</sup>.
- 2. Select the correct controller.
- **3.** When no integrated EtherNet/IP interface is available, add the proper communication interface to your backplane under **Controller Organizer** > **I**/ **O-Configuration**.
- 4. Set a communication path to enable the project download.
- **5.** Install the EDS files of the LioN-X devices in Studio 5000<sup>®</sup> with the EDS hardware installation tool.
- **6.** Go to **Controller Organizer** > **I/O-Configuration** and right-click the Ethernet interface.



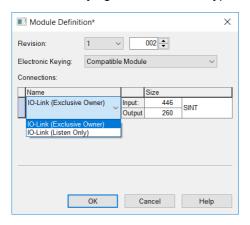
7. Select New Module in the menu. The following selection window opens:



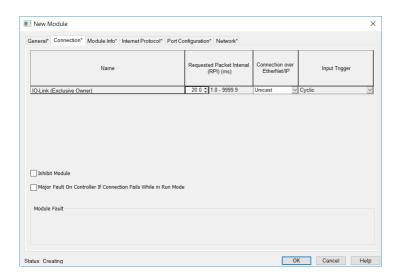
- **8.** Use the **Module Type Vendor Filter** on the right side to display all installed devices of Lumberg Automation<sup>™</sup>.
- 9. Select the device you wish to add and click on Create.



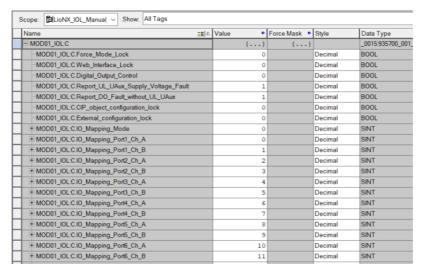
- **10.** Enter a name for the device and set the chosen IP address. In this example, the name is **MOD01 IOL** and the IP address is **192.168.1.1**.
- **11.** Click on **Change** in order to change the settings for the device revision, electronic keying and connection type.



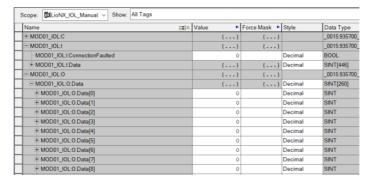
- **12.** Select the connection type and configure the total sizes of the input and output process data. The sizes depend on the number of connected IO-Link devices and their data lengths of both directions. Each device input and output data size must also be set later in the IO-Link port configuration. The selection of the data type refers to the type in which Studio 5000® maps the input and output data. The default data type is SINT. The INT type is selectable when each size is a multiple of 2. The DINT type is selectable when each size is a multiple of 4. Click on **OK**.
- **13.** In the **Connection** folder of the **Module Properties**, you see the selected connection. This folder also lets you define the **Requested Packet Interval (RPI)** and the EtherNet/IP connection type. A value of 1 ms is the minimum for parameter RPI and the connection types *Unicast* or *Multicast* can be chosen. Apply the settings.



**14.** Move to **Controller-Tags** in **Controller Organizer**. The controller tags for the configuration parameters contain the name of the device, followed by a ":C". The configuration parameters can be set under **Value** and are described in chapter Configuration parameters on page 52.



**15.** The tag of the input process data contain the name of the device, followed by a ":I.Data". The output process data has the same name followed by a ":O.Data". Both arrays show its configured data sizes. The content of them is described in chapter Process data assignment on page 75.



**16.** When the configuration is completed, the parameters can be downloaded to the EtherNet/IP controller.

## 11.2 Add-On Instruction (AOI)

Rockwell Automation Studio 5000® provides the user a mechanism for the optimization and encapsulation of data and logic via an Add-On Instruction. This AOI can be added to a rung as any other pre-defined instruction in the controller and is useful for the preprocessing of the input and output data of a device.

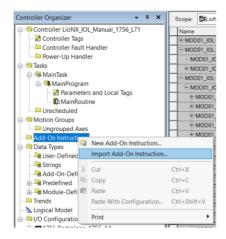
With the help of User-Defined Data Types (UDT), the user gets a comprehensible interface with a clear naming and description for each field of the process data. The advantage is that it is no longer required to calculate byte offsets of the input and output data. Every field of the process data can be directly addressed via a unique name.

Belden provides AOIs for customers which can be downloaded from the product pages on our online catalog: catalog.belden.com.

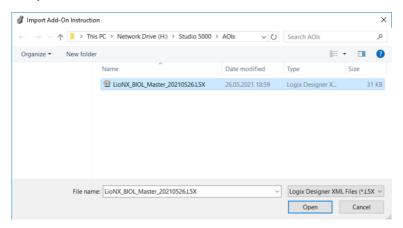
On request, an AOI is also sent to you by the Belden support team.

Perform the following working steps for using an AOI:

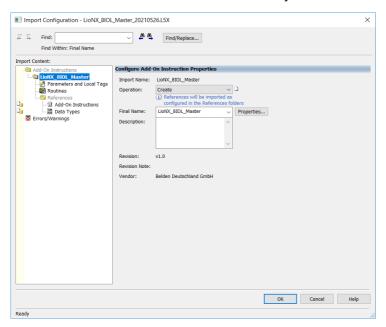
1. In your Studio 5000® project, navigate to **Controller Organizer**, right-click on **Add-On Instructions** and click **Import Add-On Instruction...**:



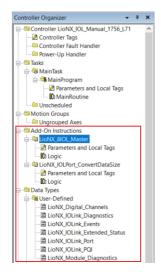
#### 2. Open the \*.L5X file:



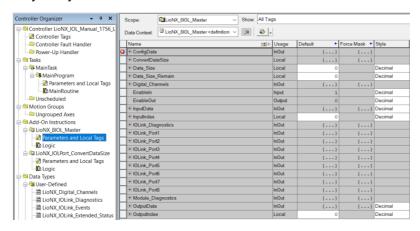
3. Click OK to create the AOI with all necessary User-Defined Data Types:



4. The imported components are now shown in the Controller Organizer:

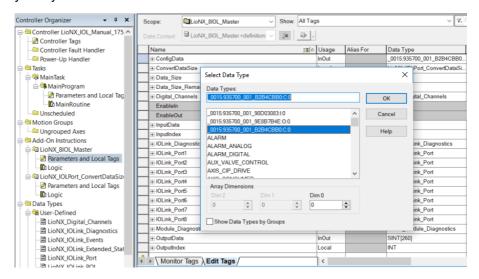


**5.** Check if an error is shown in the AOI tags (red circle with a white cross). This can happen for the configuration data when you have imported an AOI on your system for the first time:



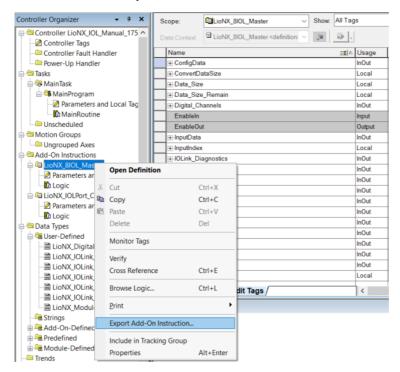
If no error occurred, continue with step 9.

**6.** Go to **Edit Tags** and change the data type to the Module-Defined type on your system:

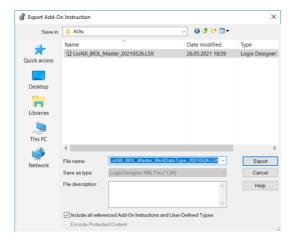


The data type must match the string until the third underscore (\_). The CRC32 before :C:0 is system dependent and does not match the one from the imported AOI. The error is resolved when the red symbol in front of the line is cleared.

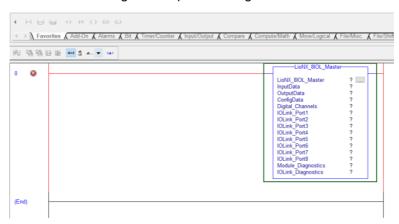
**7.** When you have changed a data type in the AOI, you should do an export to store this version for future use in other projects on your system. Right-click the AOI and click **Export Add-On Instruction...**:



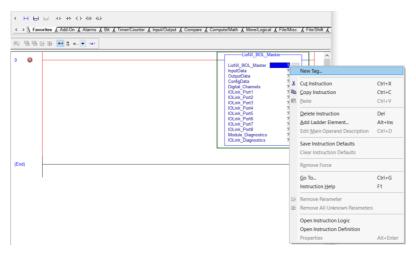
8. Edit the file name and save the AOI:



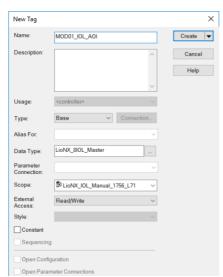
**9.** For using the AOI go to a logic, e.g. the *MainRoutine*, and add the IO-Link Master AOI via drag and drop to the rung:



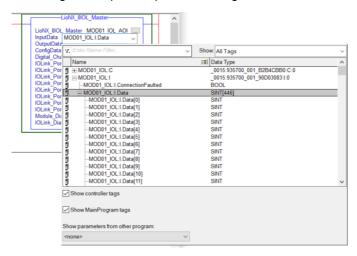
#### 10. Right-Click on the first element of the AOI and click New Tag...:



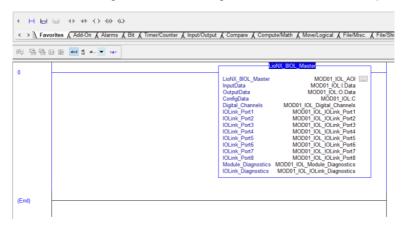
## 11. Enter a name and create the tag for the AOI:



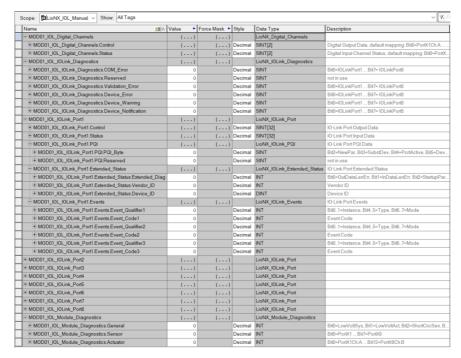
12. Assign the input, output and configuration data of the module:



13. Create the tags for the remaining elements as shown in steps 10. and 11.:



**14.** From now on, your logic does not need to synchronously copy the input and output data anymore. It just uses the new data tags as the interface for exchanging process data with the module:



#### Note:

If you decide to reduce the input and output data sizes of the connection, you also must set these new sizes to the SINT arrays of *InputData* and *OutputData* within the AOI. In steps **6.** to **8.** it is described how to modify data types of an AOI and how to store the changes.

# 12 CIP object classes

## 12.1 EtherNet/IP object classes

According to the CIP specification, the LioN-X variants support the following standard EtherNet/IP object classes:

| Object Class                | Object ID | Instances               |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| Identity Object             | 0x01      | 0, 1                    |
| Message Router Object       | 0x02      | 0 (only on class level) |
| Assembly Object             | 0x04      | 0, 130, 131, 145        |
| Connection Manager Object   | 0x06      | 0 (only on class level) |
| Discrete Input Point Object | 0x08      | 0, 1 16                 |
| DLR Object                  | 0x47      | 0, 1                    |
| QoS Object                  | 0x48      | 0, 1                    |
| TCP/IP Interface Object     | 0xF5      | 0, 1                    |
| Ethernet Link Object        | 0xF6      | 0, 1 2                  |
| LLDP Management Object      | 0x109     | 0, 1                    |

All objects with instance attributes are described in the following chapters.

## **12.1.1 Identity Object (0x01)**

#### Supported services:

Get Attributes All (0x01)

Reset (0x05): 0 = Reset Module (Warmstart), 1 = Reset to Factory Default Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name  | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision                                    | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance                               | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device                  |
| 6         | Maximum ID<br>Number Class<br>Attributes    | Get    | UINT      | The attribute ID number of the last class attribute of the class definition implemented in the device     |
| 7         | Maximum ID<br>Number Instance<br>Attributes | Get    | UINT      | The attribute ID number of the last instance attribute of the class definition implemented in the device. |

## Instance attribute (Instance 1)

| Attribute | Name          | Access | Data Type    | Description  |
|-----------|---------------|--------|--------------|--|
| 1         | Vendor ID     | Get    | UINT         | Vendor Identification  |
| 2         | Device Type   | Get    | UINT         | Indication of general type of product                          |
| 3         | Product Code  | Get    | UINT         | Identification of a particular product of an individual vendor |
| 4         | Revision      | Get    | USINT, USINT | Structure with major and minor revision                        |
| 5         | Status        | Get    | WORD         | Summary status of device:                                      |
|           |               |        |              | b0: Owned  |
|           |               |        |              | b1: Reserved ("0")   |
|           |               |        |              | b2: Configured   |
|           |               |        |              | b3: Reserved ("0")   |
|           |               |        |              | b4 7: Extended Device Status                                   |
|           |               |        |              | 0 = Self-Testing or Unknown                                    |
|           |               |        |              | 1 = Firmware Update in Progress                                |
|           |               |        |              | 2 = At least one faulted I/O connection                        |
|           |               |        |              | 3 = No I/O connections established                             |
|           |               |        |              | 4 = Non-Volatile Configuration bad                             |
|           |               |        |              | 5 = Major Fault  |
|           |               |        |              | 6 = At least one I/O connection in RUN mode                    |
|           |               |        |              | 7 = At least one I/O connection established, all in IDLE mode  |
|           |               |        |              | 8 = Unused (valid only for instances grater than "1")          |
|           |               |        |              | 9 = Reserved   |
|           |               |        |              | 10 15 = Vendor specific  |
|           |               |        |              | b8: Minor Recoverable Fault                                    |
|           |               |        |              | b9: Minor Unrecoverable Fault                                  |
|           |               |        |              | b10: Major Recoverable Fault                                   |
|           |               |        |              | b11: Major Unrecoverable Fault                                 |
|           |               |        |              | b12 15: Reserved ("0")   |
| 6         | Serial Number | Get    | UDINT        | Serial number of device  |
| 7         | Product Name  | Get    | STRING       | Human readable identification                                  |

| Attribute | Name                                  | Access | Data Type | Description   |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 8         | State                                 | Get    | USINT     | Present state of the device:  0 = Nonexistent  1 = Device Self Testing  2 = Standby  3 = Operational  4 = Major Recoverable Fault  5 = Major Unrecoverable Fault  6 254 = Reserved  255 = Default Value |
| 9         | Configuration<br>Consistency<br>Value | Get    | UINT      | Can be a CRC, incrementing count or<br>any other mechanism (vendor specific<br>behavior) to reflect a non-volatile<br>configuration change  |
| 19        | Protection Mode                       | Get    | WORD      | Current protection mode of the device:<br>b0: Implicit Protection enabled<br>b1 2: Reserved<br>b3: Explicit Protection enabled<br>b4 15: Reserved   |

## 12.1.2 Assembly Object (0x04)

## Supported services:

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

## Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name  | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision                                    | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance                               | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device                  |
| 3         | Number of<br>Instances                      | Get    | UINT      | Number of Instances currently created in this class level of the device                                   |
| 6         | Maximum ID<br>Number Class<br>Attributes    | Get    | UINT      | The attribute ID number of the last class attribute of the class definition implemented in the device     |
| 7         | Maximum ID<br>Number Instance<br>Attributes | Get    | UINT      | The attribute ID number of the last instance attribute of the class definition implemented in the device. |

## Instance attribute (Instance <AssemblyID>)

| Attribute | Name | Access   | Data Type | Description  |
|-----------|------|----------|-----------|--|
| 3         | Data | Get, Set | ARRAY     | Assembly Data (Set service only available for consuming assemblies that are not part of an active implicit connection) |
| 4         | Size | Get      | UINT      | Number of bytes in Attribute 3   |

## 12.1.3 Discrete Input Point Object (0x08)

## Supported services:

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name     | Access | Data type | Description             |
|-----------|----------|--------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1         | Revision | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object |

#### Instance attribute (Instance 1 .. 16)

| Attribute | Name   | Access | Data type | Description                            |
|-----------|--------|--------|-----------|--|
| 3         | Value  | Get    | BOOL      | Input Point Value (0 = OFF, 1 = ON)    |
| 4         | Status | Get    | BOOL      | Input Point Status (0 = OK, 1 = Alarm) |

## **12.1.4 DLR Object (0x47)**

#### Supported services:

Get Attributes All (0x01)

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name  | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision                                    | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance                               | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device                  |
| 6         | Maximum ID<br>Number Class<br>Attributes    | Get    | UINT      | The attribute ID number of the last class attribute of the class definition implemented in the device     |
| 7         | Maximum ID<br>Number Instance<br>Attributes | Get    | UINT      | The attribute ID number of the last instance attribute of the class definition implemented in the device. |

### Instance attribute (Instance 1)

| Attribute | Name                         | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|------------------------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Network Topology             | Get    | BOOL      | 0 = Linear<br>1 = Ring  |
| 2         | Network Status               | Get    | BOOL      | 0 = Normal operation 1 = Ring Fault 2 = Unexpected Loop Detected 3 = Partial Network Fault 4 = Rapid Fault/Restore Cycle  |
| 10        | Active Supervisor<br>Address | Get    | ARRAY     | Supervisor IP Address, Supervisor<br>MAC Address (0 = not configured)   |
| 12        | Capability Flags             | Get    | DWORD     | Flag description: b0: Announce-based Ring Node ("0") b1: Beacon-based Ring Node ("1") b2 4: Reserved ("0") b5: Supervisor Capable ("0") b6: Redundant Gateway Capable ("0") b7: Flush_Table frame Capable ("1") b8 15: Reserved ("0") |

### 12.1.5 QoS Object (0x48)

#### Supported services:

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name  | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision                                    | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance                               | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device                  |
| 6         | Maximum ID<br>Number Class<br>Attributes    | Get    | UINT      | The attribute ID number of the last class attribute of the class definition implemented in the device     |
| 7         | Maximum ID<br>Number Instance<br>Attributes | Get    | UINT      | The attribute ID number of the last instance attribute of the class definition implemented in the device. |

### Instance attribute (Instance 1)

| Attribute | Name                 | Access   | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|----------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| 1         | 802.1Q Tag<br>Enable | Get, Set | USINT     | Enables ("1") or disables ("0") sending 802.1Q frames on CIP and IEEE 1588 messages (default value "0")    |
| 2         | DSCP PTP Event       | Get, Set | USINT     | DSCP value for PTP Event frames (default value "59")   |
| 3         | DSCP PTP<br>General  | Get, Set | USINT     | DSCP value for PTP General frames (default value "47")   |
| 4         | DSCP Urgent          | Get, Set | USINT     | CIP transport class 0/1 messages with Urgent priority (default value "55")                                 |
| 5         | DSCP Scheduled       | Get, Set | USINT     | CIP transport class 0/1 messages with Scheduled priority (default value "47")                              |
| 6         | DSCP High            | Get, Set | USINT     | CIP transport class 0/1 messages with High priority (default value "43")                                   |
| 7         | DSCP Low             | Get, Set | USINT     | CIP transport class 0/1 messages with Low priority (default value "31")                                    |
| 8         | DSCP Explicit        | Get, Set | USINT     | CIP UCMM, CIP transport class 2/3,<br>All other EtherNet/IP encapsulation<br>messages (default value "27") |

#### **12.1.6 TCP/IP Object (0xF5)**

#### Supported services:

Get Attributes All (0x01)

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name          | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision      | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device. |

#### **Instance attribute (Instance 1)**

| Attribute | Name   | Access | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|--------|--------|-----------|--|
| 1         | Status | Get    | DWORD     | Interface Status description:  |
|           |        |        |           | b0 3: Interface Configuration Status                                   |
|           |        |        |           | 0 = Not configured   |
|           |        |        |           | 1 = Configuration obtained by BOOTP,<br>DHCP or stored value           |
|           |        |        |           | 2 = Configuration obtained by hardware settings (e.g. rotary switches) |
|           |        |        |           | 3 15 = Reserved  |
|           |        |        |           | b4: Mcast Pending  |
|           |        |        |           | b5: Interface Configuration Pending                                    |
|           |        |        |           | b6: Acd Status   |
|           |        |        |           | b7: Acd Fault  |
|           |        |        |           | b8 31: Reserved ("0")  |

| Attribute | Name                                   | Access     | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|--|------------|-----------|--|
| 2         | Configuration<br>Capability            | Get        | DWORD     | Interface Capability Flags: b0: BOOTP Client ("1") b1: DNS Client ("0") b2: DHCP Client ("1") b3: DHCP-DNS Update ("0") b4: Configuration Settable ("1") b5: Hardware Configurable (0 = no rotary switches; 1 = rotary switches available) b6: Interface Configuration Change Requires Reset ("0") b7: Acd Capable ("1") b8 31: Reserved ("0") |
| 3         | Configuration<br>Control               | Get, Set   | DWORD     | Interface Control Flags: b0 3: Configuration Method: 0 = Stored Value 1 = BOOTP 2 = DHCP 3 15 = Reserved b4: DNS Enable ("0") b5 31: Reserved ("0")  |
| 4         | Physical<br>Link Object                | Get        | STRUCT    | Path to physical link object   |
| 5         | Interface<br>Configuration             | Get, Set   | STRUCT    | TCP/IP network interface configuration   |
| 6         | Host Name                              | Get, Set   | STRING    | Host name of the device (length of 0 = not configured)   |
| 10        | Select Acd                             | Get, Set   | BOOL      | Enables ("1") or disables ("0") the use of ACD (default value "1")   |
| 11        | Last<br>Conflict<br>Detected           | Get, Set   | STRUCT    | Structure containing information related to the last conflict detected   |
| 13        | Encapsulation<br>Inactivity<br>Timeout | n Get, Set | UINT      | Number of seconds of inactivity before TCP connection is closed:  0 = disable  1 3600 = timeout in seconds  120 = default value  |

#### 12.1.7 Ethernet Link Object (0xF6)

#### Supported services:

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

Get and Clear (0x4C)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name                   | Access | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|------------------------|--------|-----------|--|
| 1         | Revision               | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object  |
| 2         | Max. Instance          | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device.                              |
| 3         | Number of<br>Instances | Get    | UINT      | Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device (in this case number of ethernet ports) |

### Instance attribute (Instance 1 .. 2)

| Attribute | Name                  | Access   | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|-----------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| 1         | Interface Speed       | Get      | UDINT     | Current Interface speed in Mbps  |
| 2         | Interface Flags       | Get      | DWORD     | Interface Flags: b0: Link Status b1: Half ("0") or Full ("1") Duplex b2 4: Negotiation Status: 0 = Auto-negotiation in progress 1 = Auto-negotiation and speed detection failed (using default 10Mbps and half duplex) 2 = Auto negotiation failed but detected speed (using default half duplex) 3 = Successfully negotiated speed and duplex 4 = Auto-negotiation not attempted (forced speed and duplex) b5: Manual Setting Requires Reset b6: Local Hardware Fault b7 31: Reserved ("0") |
| 3         | Physical Address      | Get      | ARRAY     | MAC address  |
| 4         | Interface<br>Counters | Get      | STRUCT    | Interface Counters   |
| 5         | Media Counters        | Get      | STRUCT    | Media-specific counters  |
| 6         | Interface Control     | Get, Set | STRUCT    | Configuration for physical interface Control Bits (WORD): b0: Auto-negotiate b1: Forced Duplex Mode (0 = Half Duplex; 1 = Full Duplex, only valid when Auto-negotiate = 0) b2 15: Reserved ("0") Forced Interface Speed in Mbps (UINT)   |

| Attribute | Name                    | Access   | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| 7         | Interface Type          | Get      | USINT     | Type of interface: 0 = Unknown interface type 1 = Internal interface 2 = Twisted-pair 3 = Optical fiber 4 255 = Reserved   |
| 8         | Interface State         | Get      | USINT     | State of interface:  0 = Unknown  1 = Enabled and ready to send and receive data  2 = Disabled  3 = Testing  4 255 = Reserved  |
| 9         | Admin State             | Get, Set | USINT     | Administrative state: 0 = Reserved 1 = Enable interface 2 = Disable interface 3 255 = Reserved   |
| 10        | Interface Label         | Get      | STRING    | Human readable identification (size max. 64)   |
| 11        | Interface<br>Capability | Get      | STRUCT    | Interface Capability Flags (DWORD): b0: Manual Setting Requires Reset ("0") b1: Auto-negotiate ("1") b2: Auto-MDIX ("1") b3: Manual Speed/Duplex ("1") b4 31: Reserved ("0") Speed/Duplex Array Count of following struct (USINT, 4) Interface Speed in Mbps (UINT, 10/100) Interface Duplex Mode (USINT, 0/1): 0 = Half Duplex 1 = Full Duplex 2 255 = Reserved |

## 12.1.8 LLDP Management Object (0x109)

#### Supported services:

Get Attributes All (0x01)

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name  | Access | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|---|--------|-----------|--|
| 1         | Revision                                    | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object  |
| 2         | Max. Instance                               | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device.                              |
| 3         | Number of<br>Instances                      | Get    | UINT      | Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device (in this case number of ethernet ports) |
| 6         | Maximum ID<br>Number Class<br>Attributes    | Get    | UINT      | Attribute ID number of the last class attribute  |
| 7         | Maximum ID<br>Number Instance<br>Attributes | Get    | UINT      | Attribute ID number of the last class attribute  |

### Instance attribute (Instance 1)

| Attribute | Name           | Access  | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|----------------|---------|-----------|--|
| 1         | LLDP Enable    | Get/Set | STRUCT    | LLDP Enable Array Length (UINT): 1<br>+ Class attribute 2 from the Ethernet<br>Link Object (0xF6) = 3            |
|           |                |         |           | LLDP Enable Array (BYTE):  |
|           |                |         |           | b0: Global Enable, LLDP Tx & Rx<br>Enabled (1)   |
|           |                |         |           | b1: LLDP Tx Enabled (Intance 1 of<br>Ethernet Link Object) (1)   |
|           |                |         |           | b2: LLDP Tx Enabled (Intance 2 of Ethernet Link Object) (1)  |
| 2         | msgTxInterval  | Get/Set | UINT      | From 802.1AB-2016: Interval in seconds for transmitting LLDP frames from this device                             |
|           |                |         |           | 0 4 = Reserved   |
|           |                |         |           | 5 32768 = Message Transmission<br>Interval for LLDP frames (30)  |
|           |                |         |           | 32769 65535 = Reserved   |
| 3         | msgTxHold      | Get/Set | USINT     | From 802.1AB-2016: Multiplier of msgTxInterval to determine the value of the TTL TLV sent to neighboring devices |
|           |                |         |           | 0 = Reserved   |
|           |                |         |           | 1 100 = Message Transmission<br>Multiplier for LLDP Frames (4)   |
|           |                |         |           | 101 255 = Reserved   |
| 4         | LLDP Datastore | Get     | WORD      | Indication of the retrieval methods for the LLDP database:   |
|           |                |         |           | b0: LLDP Data Table Object (0)   |
|           |                |         |           | b1: SNMP (1)   |
|           |                |         |           | b2: NETCONF YANG (0)   |
|           |                |         |           | b3: RESTCONF YANG (0)  |
|           |                |         |           | b4 b15: Reserved (0)   |
| 5         | Last Change    | Get     | UDINT     | Counter in seconds from the last time any entry in the local LLDP database changed or power up                   |

#### 12.2 Vendor specific object classes

The LioN-X and LioN-Xlight EtherNet/IP variants support the following vendor specific object classes:

| Object Class                             | Instances |
|--|-----------|
| General Settings Object (0xA0)           | 0, 1      |
| Channel Settings Object (0xA1)           | 0, 1 16   |
| IO-Link Diagnosis Settings Object (0xA2) | 0, 1      |
| IO-Link Port Settings Object (0xA3)      | 0, 1 n*   |
| IO-Link Failsafe Parameter Object (0xA4) | 0, 1 n*   |
| IO-Link Device Parameter Object (0xA5)   | 0, 1 n*   |

<sup>\*)</sup> The available instances depend on the number of IO-Link ports of the device variant. Up to 8 IO-Link ports and instances are supported.

#### 12.2.1 General Settings Object (0xA0)

#### Supported services:

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name          | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision      | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device. |

### Instance attribute (Instance 1)

| Attribute | Name                    | Access   | Data type | Description            |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|------------------------|
| 2         | Force Mode Lock         | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable             |
|           |                         |          |           | 1: Enable              |
| 3         | Web Interface           | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable             |
|           | Lock                    |          |           | 1: Enable              |
| 4         | Digital Output          | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: DO Channel Control  |
|           | Control                 |          |           | 1: IO-Link Control     |
| 5         | Report UL/UAux          | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable             |
|           | Supply Voltage<br>Fault |          |           | 1: Enable              |
| 6         | Report DO Fault         | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable             |
|           | without UL/UAux         |          |           | 1: Enable              |
| 724       | Reserved                |          |           |                        |
| 25        | CIP object              | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable             |
|           | configuration lock      |          |           | 1: Enable              |
| 26        | External                | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable             |
|           | configuration lock      |          |           | 1: Enable              |
| 2731      | Reserved                |          |           |                        |
| 32        | IO Mapping Mode         | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Default Assignment  |
|           |                         |          |           | 1: Byte Swap           |
|           |                         |          |           | 2: LSB Ch.A - MSB Ch.B |
|           |                         |          |           | 3: LSB Ch.B - MSB Ch.A |
|           |                         |          |           | 4: Free IO Mapping     |

## 12.2.2 Channel Settings Object (0xA1)

#### Supported services:

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name          | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision      | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device. |

Instance attribute (Instance 1 .. 16)

| Attribute | Name                       | Access   | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|----------------------------|----------|-----------|---|
| 1         | IO Mapping                 | Get, Set | SINT      | 0 15: Bit number of 16 channel                            |
|           |                            |          |           | process data 16: Inactive                                 |
| _         |                            |          |           |   |
| 2         | DO Surveillance<br>Timeout | Get, Set | INT       | 0 255   |
| 3         | DO Failsafe                | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Set Low  |
|           |                            |          |           | 1: Set High   |
|           |                            |          |           | 2: Hold Last  |
| 4         | DO Restart Mode            | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Disable  |
|           |                            |          |           | 1: Enable   |
| 5*        | DO Switch Mode             | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Push-Pull (U <sub>S</sub> , 0.5 A)                     |
|           |                            |          |           | 1: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 0.5 A)                     |
|           |                            |          |           | 2: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 1.0 A)                     |
|           |                            |          |           | 3: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 1.5 A)                     |
|           |                            |          |           | 4: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 2.0 A)                     |
|           |                            |          |           | 5: High-Side (U <sub>L</sub> , 2.0 A max)                 |
| 6         | DI Logic                   | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Normally Open  |
|           |                            |          |           | 1: Normally Close   |
| 7         | DI Filter                  | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Disabled   |
|           |                            |          |           | 1: 1 ms   |
|           |                            |          |           | 2: 2 ms   |
|           |                            |          |           | 3: 3 ms   |
|           |                            |          |           | 4: 6 ms   |
|           |                            |          |           | 5: 10 ms  |
|           |                            |          |           | 6: 15 ms  |
| 89        | Reserved                   |          |           |   |
| 10        | Channel Mode               | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Inactive   |
|           |                            |          |           | 1: Digital Output   |
|           |                            |          |           | 2: Digital Input  |
|           |                            |          |           | 3: IO-Link  |
|           |                            |          |           | 4: Auxiliary Power  |
|           |                            |          |           | The supported Channel Mode depends on the device variant. |

<sup>\*</sup> Not available for LioN-Xlight IO-Link Master variants

#### 12.2.3 IO-Link Diagnosis Settings Object (0xA2)

#### Supported services:

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name          | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision      | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device. |

#### Instance attribute (Instance 1)

| Attribute | Name                                    | Access   | Data type | Description             |
|-----------|---|----------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1         | IO-Link Master<br>Diagnosis             | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable |
| 2         | IO-Link Device<br>Error                 | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable |
| 3         | IO-Link Device<br>Warning               | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable |
| 4         | IO-Link Device<br>Notification          | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable |
| 5 12      | IO-Link Device<br>Diagnosis Port<br>1 8 | Get, Set | BOOL      | 0: Disable<br>1: Enable |

### 12.2.4 IO-Link Port Settings Object (0xA3)

#### Supported services:

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name          | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision      | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device. |

#### Instance attribute (Instance 1 .. n\*)

<sup>\*)</sup> n = number of IO-Link ports supported by the device variant

| Attribute | Name             | Access   | Data type | Description                                      |
|-----------|------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| 1         | Output Data Size | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: No data                                       |
|           |                  |          |           | 1: 2 Byte  |
|           |                  |          |           | 2: 4 Byte  |
|           |                  |          |           | 3: 8 Byte  |
|           |                  |          |           | 4: 16 Byte                                       |
|           |                  |          |           | 5: 32 Byte                                       |
|           |                  |          |           | Only settable when no connection is established. |
| 2         | Input Data Size  | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: No data                                       |
|           |                  |          |           | 1: 2 Byte  |
|           |                  |          |           | 2: 4 Byte  |
|           |                  |          |           | 3: 8 Byte  |
|           |                  |          |           | 4: 16 Byte                                       |
|           |                  |          |           | 5: 32 Byte                                       |
|           |                  |          |           | Only settable when no connection is established. |

| Attribute | Name                           | Access   | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| 3         | Input Data<br>Extension        | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: No Data 1: Extended Status 2: Events 3: Extended Status + Events Only settable when no connection is established.                   |
| 4         | Output Data<br>Swapping Mode   | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Raw IO-Link Data 1 16: 1 16 WORD 17 24: 1 8 DWORD Only settable when no connection is established.                                  |
| 5         | Output Data<br>Swapping Offset | Get, Set | SINT      | 0 30 Byte Only settable when no connection is established.   |
| 6         | Input Data<br>Swapping Mode    | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Raw IO-Link Data 1 16: 1 16 WORD 17 24: 1 8 DWORD Only settable when no connection is established.                                  |
| 7         | Input Data<br>Swapping Offset  | Get, Set | SINT      | 0 30 Byte Only settable when no connection is established.   |
| 8         | IOL Failsafe                   | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Set Low 1: Set High 2: Hold Last 3: Replacement Value (transferred via IO-Link Failsafe Parameter Object) 4: IO-Link Master Command |
| 9         | Port Mode                      | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: Deactivated 1: Manual (with validation and backup config) 2: Autostart (no validation and backup config)                            |

| Attribute | Name                     | Access   | Data type | Description  |
|-----------|--------------------------|----------|-----------|--|
| 10        | Validation and<br>Backup | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: No device check and clear (no data storage)                                 |
|           |                          |          |           | 1: Type compatible V1.0 device (no data storage)                               |
|           |                          |          |           | 2: Type compatible V1.1 device (no data storage)                               |
|           |                          |          |           | 3: Type compatible V1.1 device<br>with Backup + Restore (Download +<br>Upload) |
|           |                          |          |           | 4 Type compatible V1.1 device with Restore (Download Master to Device)         |
| 11        | Vendor ID                | Get, Set | DINT      | 0 65535  |
| 12        | Device ID                | Get, Set | DINT      | 0 16777215   |
| 13        | Cycle Time               | Get, Set | SINT      | 0: As fast as possible   |
|           |                          |          |           | 1: 1.6 ms  |
|           |                          |          |           | 2: 3.2 ms  |
|           |                          |          |           | 3: 4.8 ms  |
|           |                          |          |           | 4: 8.0 ms  |
|           |                          |          |           | 5: 20.8 ms   |
|           |                          |          |           | 6: 40.0 ms   |
|           |                          |          |           | 7: 80.0 ms   |
|           |                          |          |           | 8: 120.0 ms  |

#### 12.2.5 IO-Link Failsafe Parameter Object (0xA4)

#### Supported services:

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Set Attribute Single (0x10)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name          | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision      | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device. |

#### Instance attribute (Instance 1 .. n\*)

<sup>\*)</sup> n = number of IO-Link ports supported by the device variant

| Attribute | Name                           | Access   | Data type      | Description   |
|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|----------------|---|
| 1         | Failsafe value of IO-Link port | Get, Set | Array of Bytes | Depends on configured process<br>data lengths, content must consider<br>possible swapping configuration<br>(failsafe value format must match<br>output data format) |

#### 12.2.6 IO-Link Device Parameter Object (0xA5)

#### Supported services:

Instance 0

Get Attribute Single (0x0E)

Instance 1 .. n\*

Get ISDU data (0x4B)

Set ISDU data (0x4C)

#### Class attribute (Instance 0)

| Attribute | Name          | Access | Data type | Description   |
|-----------|---------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 1         | Revision      | Get    | UINT      | Revision of this object   |
| 2         | Max. Instance | Get    | UINT      | Maximum instance number of an object currently created in this class level of the device. |

#### Instance attribute (Instance 1 .. n\*)

<sup>\*)</sup> n = number of IO-Link ports supported by the device variant

| Attribute | Name             | Access   | Data type      | Description  |
|-----------|------------------|----------|----------------|--|
| 1         | ISDU data of IO- | Get, Set | Array of Bytes | Get:   |
|           | Link port        |          |                | Source: Index (UINT) + Subindex (USINT)                            |
|           |                  |          |                | Destination: Data/Error (max. 232<br>Bytes)                        |
|           |                  |          |                | Set:   |
|           |                  |          |                | Source: Index (UINT) + Subindex<br>(USINT) + Data (max. 232 Bytes) |
|           |                  |          |                | Destination: Error (max. 232 Bytes)                                |

 $<sup>^{*)}</sup>$ n = number of IO-Link ports supported by the device variant

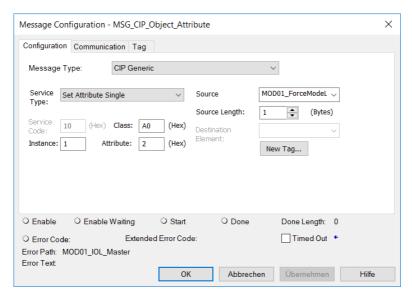
If the read or write request is not successful (CIP response status is unequal "0"), the following response format of 4 bytes is available:

| Name                            | Data type | Error code description         | Error code |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|------------|
| IO-Link Master Error            | UINT      | Service not available          | 1          |
|                                 |           | Port blocked                   | 2          |
|                                 |           | Timeout                        | 3          |
|                                 |           | Invalid index                  | 4          |
|                                 |           | Invalid sub-index              | 5          |
|                                 |           | Wrong port                     | 6          |
|                                 |           | Wrong port function            | 7          |
|                                 |           | Invalid length                 | 8          |
|                                 |           | ISDU not supported             | 9          |
| IO-Link Device Error            | USINT     | Refer to IO-Link specification | -          |
| IO-Link Device Additional Error | USINT     | Refer to IO-Link specification | -          |

## 12.3 Message configuration in Rockwell Automation Studio 5000®

Attributes of CIP object classes can be handled in Rockwell Automation Studio 5000® by the *Message instruction*. This requires the selection of the proper message and service type with its respective service code. The attributes can be defined as *Get* or *Set* in the CIP object class ID, the instance ID and attribute ID. The respective data is described in the previous chapters.

The following image shows an example of how to set Force Mode Lock (Attribute 2) of the General Settings Object (0xA0) with the Message instruction:



For non-standard services as the *Read ISDU* service of the *IO-Link Device Parameter Object*, the service type has to be set to "Custom" and the service code must be entered manually.

The channels as in the *Channel Settings Object* are each assigned in ascending order to an instance ID.

#### Assignment of the channels:

| Channel 1  | Port X1.ChA | CIP object instance 1  |
|------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Channel 2  | Port X1.ChB | CIP object instance 2  |
| []         | []          | []                     |
| Channel 15 | Port X8.ChA | CIP object instance 15 |
| Channel 16 | Port X8.ChB | CIP object instance 16 |

The IO-Link ports as in the *IO-Link Port Settings Object*, *IO-Link Failsafe Parameter Object* and *IO-Link Device Parameter Object* are each assigned in ascending order to an instance ID.

#### Assignment of the IO-Link ports:

| IO-Link port 1 | Port X1.ChA | CIP object instance 1 |  |  |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| []             | []          | []                    |  |  |
| IO-Link port 8 | Port X8.ChA | CIP object instance 8 |  |  |

## 13 Diagnostics processing

## 13.1 Error of the system/sensor power supply

The voltage value for the incoming system/sensor power supply is also monitored globally. If the voltage drops below approx. 18 V, or exceeds approx. 30 V, an error diagnosis is generated. The IO-Link specification requires at least 20 V at the L+ (pin1) output supply of the I/O ports. At least 21 V of  $U_S$  supply voltage for the IO-Link Master are required to minimize the risk of internal voltage drops in the IO-Link Master.

The green U<sub>S</sub> indicator is off.

The error diagnosis has no effect on the outputs.



**Caution:** It must definitely be ensured that the supply voltage, measured at the most remote participant is not below 21 V DC from the perspective of the system power supply.

The following diagnostics are generated in the producing data image:

| General diagnostics | Bit    | 7   | 6   | 5   | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0   |
|---------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| General Bit         | Byte 0 | IME | FME | DTO | DTU | SCA | SCS | LVA | LVS |
|                     | Byte 1 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | IDN | IDW | IDE | IVE |

LVS

Low Voltage System/Sensor Supply

## 13.2 Error of the auxiliary/actuator power supply

The voltage value for the incoming auxiliary/actuator power supply is also monitored globally. If *Report U<sub>L</sub>/U<sub>AUX</sub> Supply Voltage Fault* is enabled, an error message is generated when the voltage drops below approx. 18 V or exceeds approx. 30 V. The  $U_L/U_{AUX}$  indicator shows red.

The following diagnostics are generated in the *producing data image*:

| General diagnostics | Bit    | 7   | 6   | 5   | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0   |
|---------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| General Bit         | Byte 0 | IME | FME | DTO | DTU | SCA | scs | LVA | LVS |
|                     | Byte 1 | 0   | 0   | 0   | IDN | IDW | IDE | IVE | 0   |

#### **LVA**

Low Voltage Actuator Supply

If output channels are set to *High State* and *Report DO Fault without U\_L/U\_{AUX}*, additional error diagnostics, caused by the voltage failure, are generated on the channels

The following diagnostics are generated in the *producing data image*:

| Actuator/U <sub>AUX</sub> diagnostics | Bit    | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| Channel number (fix)                  | Byte 0 | 8  | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1 |
|                                       | Byte 1 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 |

1...16

Actuator/U<sub>L</sub>/U<sub>Aux</sub> channel error on channel 1 .. 16

If Report  $U_L/U_{AUX}$  Supply Voltage Fault is disabled, no  $U_L/U_{AUX}$  or channel diagnostics appear.

# 13.3 Overload/short-circuit of the I/O port sensor supply outputs

In case of an overload or a short circuit between pin 1 and pin 3 on the ports (X1 - X8), the following channel-specific diagnostics in the producing data image are generated:

| General diagnostics | Bit    | 7   | 6   | 5   | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0   |
|---------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| General Bit         | Byte 0 | IME | FME | DTO | DTU | SCA | scs | LVA | LVS |
|                     | Byte 1 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | IDN | IDW | IDE | IVE |

SCS

**Short Circuit Sensor** 

| Sensor<br>diagnostics | Bit    | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
|-----------------------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Port number           | Byte 0 | X8 | X7 | X6 | X5 | X4 | Х3 | X2 | X1 |
|                       | Byte 1 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

X1 .. 8

Sensor Short Circuit on Port X1 .. X8

# 13.4 Overload/short circuit of the digital outputs

In case of an overload or a short circuit of an output channel, the following channel-specific diagnostics are generated in the *producing data image*:

| General diagnostics | Bit    | 7   | 6   | 5   | 4   | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0   |
|---------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| General Bit         | Byte 0 | IME | FME | DTO | DTU | SCA | scs | LVA | LVS |
|                     | Byte 1 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   | IDN | IDW | IDE | IVE |

#### SCA

#### Short Circuit Actuator/UI /UAUX

| Actuator/U <sub>AUX</sub> diagnostics | Bit    | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| Channel number (fix)                  | Byte 0 | 8  | 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1 |
|                                       | Byte 1 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 |

#### 1..16

Actuator/U<sub>L</sub>/U<sub>AUX</sub> channel error on channel 1 .. 16

A channel error is determined by comparing the target value set by a controller and the physical value of an output channel.

When an output channel is activated (rising edge of the channel state), the channel errors are filtered for the period that is set by the "Surveillance-Timeout" parameter via the configuration of the device. The value of this parameter can range from 0 to 255 ms; the factory setting is 80 ms.

The filter is used to avoid premature error messages when a capacitive load is activated or an inductive load is deactivated, and during other voltage peaks when a status changes.

In static state of the output channel, that is, while the channel is permanently switched on, the filter time between error detection and the diagnosis is typically 5 ms.

#### 13.5 IO-Link COM error

If an IO-Link Device in COM mode is unplugged, an incorrect IO-Link Device is plugged in, or an electrical fault occurs on the C/Q (Pin 4) line, for example, due to a short circuit, the following diagnostics are generated in the *producing data image*:

| IO-Link<br>diagnostics | Bit    | 7    | 6    | 5    | 4    | 3    | 2    | 1    | 0    |
|------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| General Bit            | Byte 0 | ICE8 | ICE7 | ICE6 | ICE5 | ICE4 | ICE3 | ICE2 | ICE1 |
|                        | Byte 1 | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    |
|                        | Byte 2 | IVE8 | IVE7 | IVE6 | IVE5 | IVE4 | IVE3 | IVE2 | IVE1 |
|                        | Byte 3 | IDE8 | IDE7 | IDE6 | IDE5 | IDE4 | IDE3 | IDE2 | IDE1 |
|                        | Byte 4 | IDW8 | IDW7 | IDW6 | IDW5 | IDW4 | IDW3 | IDW2 | IDW1 |
|                        | Byte 5 | IDN8 | IDN7 | IDN6 | IDN5 | IDN4 | IDN3 | IDN2 | IDN1 |

ICE1 .. 8

IO-Link Port COM Error (device missing, broken wire, short circuit)

#### 13.6 IO-Link validation error

If an IO-Link Device is exchanged by a new device, the validation is configured. The vendor ID and/or device ID do not match the data of the device and the following diagnostics are generated in the *producing data image*:

| IO-Link<br>diagnostics | Bit    | 7    | 6    | 5    | 4    | 3    | 2    | 1    | 0    |
|------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| General Bit            | Byte 0 | ICE8 | ICE7 | ICE6 | ICE5 | ICE4 | ICE3 | ICE2 | ICE1 |
|                        | Byte 1 | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    |
|                        | Byte 2 | IVE8 | IVE7 | IVE6 | IVE5 | IVE4 | IVE3 | IVE2 | IVE1 |
|                        | Byte 3 | IDE8 | IDE7 | IDE6 | IDE5 | IDE4 | IDE3 | IDE2 | IDE1 |
|                        | Byte 4 | IDW8 | IDW7 | IDW6 | IDW5 | IDW4 | IDW3 | IDW2 | IDW1 |
|                        | Byte 5 | IDN8 | IDN7 | IDN6 | IDN5 | IDN4 | IDN3 | IDN2 | IDN1 |

#### IVE1 .. 8

#### IO-Link Port Validation Error

If extended status data is enabled by the configuration of an IO-Link port, the vendor ID and device ID are additionally transferred in the *producing data image*.

### 13.7 IO-Link device diagnostics

The diagnostics of an IO-Link Device come in three different levels: Error, Warning or Notification. The following diagnostics are generated in the *producing data image*:

| IO-Link<br>diagnostics | Bit    | 7    | 6    | 5    | 4    | 3    | 2    | 1    | 0    |
|------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| General Bit            | Byte 0 | ICE8 | ICE7 | ICE6 | ICE5 | ICE4 | ICE3 | ICE2 | ICE1 |
|                        | Byte 1 | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    |
|                        | Byte 2 | IVE8 | IVE7 | IVE6 | IVE5 | IVE4 | IVE3 | IVE2 | IVE1 |
|                        | Byte 3 | IDE8 | IDE7 | IDE6 | IDE5 | IDE4 | IDE3 | IDE2 | IDE1 |
|                        | Byte 4 | IDW8 | IDW7 | IDW6 | IDW5 | IDW4 | IDW3 | IDW2 | IDW1 |
|                        | Byte 5 | IDN8 | IDN7 | IDN6 | IDN5 | IDN4 | IDN3 | IDN2 | IDN1 |

IDE1 .. 8 IO-Link Port Device Error

IDW1 .. 8 IO-Link Port Device Warning

IDN1 .. 8 IO-Link Port Device Notification

If IO-Link event data is enabled by the configuration of an IO-Link port the device additionally reports event codes in the *producing data image*. Use the IO-Link Device documentation to interpret the error message.

## 14 IIoT functionality

The LioN-X variants offer a number of new interfaces and functions for the optimal integration into existing or future IIoT (Industrial Internet of Things) networks. The devices continue to work as field bus devices which communicate with and are controlled by a PLC (Programmable Logic Controller).

In addition, the devices offer common IIoT interfaces, which enable new communication channels besides the PLC. The communication is performed via IIoT-relevant protocols MQTT and OPC UA. With the help of these interfaces not only all information in a LioN-X device can be read. They also enable its configuration and control, if the user wishes. All interfaces can be configured extensively and offer read-only functionality.

All LioN-X variants provide user administration, which is also applicable for accessing and configuring the IIoT protocols. This allows you to manage all modification options for the device settings via personalized user authorizations.

All IIoT protocols can be used and configured independently of the field bus. It is also possible to use the devices completely without the help of a PLC and control them via IIoT protocols.



**Attention:** When using the IIoT functionality, a protected local network environment without direct access to the Internet is recommended.

#### **14.1 MQTT**

MQTT functions are only applicable for the following LioN-X variants:

- 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F
- ▶ 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F

The MQTT (Message Queuing Telemetry Transport) protocol is an open network protocol for machine-to-machine communication, which provides the transmission of telemetric data messages between devices. The integrated MQTT client allows the device to publish a specific set of information to an MQTT broker.

The publishing of messages can either occur periodically or be triggered manually.

#### 14.1.1 MQTT configuration

In **delivery state**, MQTT functions are **disabled**. The MQTT client can be configured either using the Web interface or directly via a JSON object sent in an HTTP request. For more information see chapter MQTT configuration - Quick start guide on page 157.

The configuration URL is:

```
http://[ip-address]/w/config/mqtt.json
```

The configuration can also read back as a JSON file:

```
http://[ip-address]/r/config/mqtt.json
```

The configuration is a JSON object. Each JSON member is a configuration element. The object must not contain all elements. Only the provided elements will be changed. The configuration changes apply only after a device restart.

#### The following configuration elements are available (default values in bold):

| Element          | Data<br>type | Description   | Example data                                    |
|------------------|--------------|---|---|
| mqtt-enable      | boolean      | Master switch for the MQTT client.  | true / false                                    |
| broker           | string       | IP address of the MQTT Broker   | "192.168.1.1"                                   |
| login            | string       | Username for MQTT Broker  | "admin" (Default: <b>null</b> )                 |
| password         | string       | Password for MQTT Broker  | "private" (Default: <b>null</b> )               |
| port             | number       | Broker port   | 1883  |
| base-topic       | string       | Base topic  | "iomodule_[mac]"<br>(Default: " <b>lionx</b> ") |
| will-enable      | boolean      | If true, the device provides a last will message to the broker  | true / false                                    |
| will-topic       | string       | The topic for the last will message.  | (Default: <b>null</b> )                         |
| auto-publish     | boolean      | If true, all enabled domains will be published automatically in the specified interval.   | true / false                                    |
| publish-interval | number       | The publish interval in ms if autopublish is enabled. Minimum is 250 ms.  | 2000  |
| publish-identity | boolean      | If true, all identity domain data will be published   | true / false                                    |
| publish-config   | boolean      | If true, all config domain data will be published   | true / false                                    |
| publish-status   | boolean      | If true, all status domain data will be published   | true / false                                    |
| publish-process  | boolean      | If true, all process domain data will be published  | true / false                                    |
| publish-devices  | boolean      | If true, all IO-Link Device domain data will be published   | true / false                                    |
| commands-allowed | boolean      | Master switch for MQTT commands. If false, the device will not subscribe to any command topic, even if specific command topics are activated below. | true / false                                    |
| force-allowed    | boolean      | If true, the device accepts force commands via MQTT.  | true / <b>false</b>                             |
| reset-allowed    | boolean      | If true, the device accepts restart and factory reset commands via MQTT.  | true / false                                    |
| config-allowed   | boolean      | If true, the device accepts configuration changes via MQTT.   | true / <b>false</b>                             |

| Element | Data<br>type | Description                 | Example data      |
|---------|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| qos     | number       | , ,                         | 0 = At most once  |
|         |              | for all published messages. | 1 = At least once |
|         |              |                             | 2 = Exactly once  |

Table 15: MQTT configuration

#### **MQTT** response:

The resulting response is a JSON object with a "status" field. Status should be "0" if no error occurred and "-1" if there is an error.

In case of an error, the response contains an error array.

The error array contains an error object for each error occurred. The object consists of a field "Element" which names the config element which caused the error, and a field "Message" for the error message.

- A malformed JSON object produces an error.
- Not existing parameters produce an error.
- Parameters with a wrong data type produce an error.

It is not allowed to write all available parameters at once. You may write only one or a limited number of parameters.

#### **Examples:**

```
{"status": -1, "error": [{"Element": "publish-interval", "Message": "Integer
expected"}]}
{"status": 0}
{"status": -1, "error": [{"Element": "root", "Message": "Not a JSON
object"}]}
```

For more information see chapter MQTT topics on page 145.

## 14.1.2 MQTT topics

MQTT mainly relates to topics. All messages are attached to a topic which adds context to the message itself. Topics may consist of any string and they are allowed to contain slashes (/) as well as wildcard symbols (\*, #).

#### 14.1.2.1 Base topic

For LioN-X and the LioN-Xlight variants there is a configurable Base topic which is the prefix for all topics. The Base topic can be chosen freely by the user. The Base topic can also contain selected variables as shown in Table 16: Base topic variables on page 145.

Variables in the Base topic have to be written in brackets ("[]"). The following variables are possible:

| Variable | Description                       |  |
|----------|-----------------------------------|--|
| mac      | The MAC address of the device     |  |
| name     | The name of the device            |  |
| order    | The ordering number of the device |  |
| serial   | The serial number of the device   |  |

Table 16: Base topic variables

### **Example:**

The Base topic "io\_[mac]" translates to "io\_A3B6F3F0F2F1".

All data is organized in domains. The domain name is the first level in the topic after the Base topic. Note the following notation:

Base-Topic/domain/.....

## There are the following domains:

| Domain name | Definition   | Example content  |
|-------------|--|--|
| identity    | All fixed data which is defined by the used hardware and which cannot be changed by configuration or at runtime. | Device name, ordering number, MAC address, port types, port capabilites and more.        |
| config      | Configuration data which is commonly loaded once at startup, mostly by a PLC.                                    | IP address, port modes, input logic, failsafe values and more.                           |
| status      | All (non-process) data which changes quite often in normal operation.  | Bus state, diagnostic information, IO-<br>Link Device status and data.                   |
| process     | All process data which is produced and consumed by the device itself or by attached devices.                     | Digital inputs, digital outputs, cyclic IO-<br>Link data.                                |
| iold        | IO-Link Device parameters according to the IO-Link specification.  | Vendor name, product name, serial number, hardware revision, software revision and more. |

Table 17: Data domains

There is often one topic used for all gateway related information and topics for each port. All identity topics are published just once at start-up, because this information should never change. All other topics are published either in a fixed interval or just triggered manually, according to the configuration.

| Topic                             | Content examples  | Total<br>publish<br>count | Publish<br>interval |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------|---------------------|
| [base-topic]/identity/<br>gateway | Name, ordering number, MAC, vendor, I&M etc.                    | 1                         | Startup             |
| [base-topic]/identity/<br>port/n  | Port name, port type  | 8                         | Startup             |
| [base-topic]/config/<br>gateway   | Configuration parameters, ip address etc.                       | 1                         | Interval            |
| [base-topic]/config/port/<br>n    | Port mode, data storage, mapping, direction                     | 8                         | Interval            |
| [base-topic]/status/<br>gateway   | Bus state, device diagnosis, master events                      | 1                         | Interval            |
| [base-topic]/status/port/<br>n    | Port or channel diagnosis, IO-Link state, IO-Link Device events | 8                         | Interval            |
| [base-topic]/process/<br>gateway  | All Digital IN/OUT  | 1                         | Interval            |
| [base-topic]/process/<br>port/n   | Digital IN/OUT per port, IOL-data, pdValid                      | 8                         | Interval            |
| [base-topic]/iold/port/n          | IO-Link Device parameter  | 8                         | Interval            |

Table 18: Data model

An MQTT client which wants to subscribe to one or more of these topics can also use wildcards.

| Full topic                    | Description  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| [base-topic]/identity/gateway | Receive only indentity objects for the gateway       |
| [base-topic]/identity/#       | Receive all data related to the identity domain      |
| [base-topic]/status/port/5    | Receive only status information for port number 5    |
| [base-topic]/+/port/2         | Receive information of all domains for port number 2 |
| [base-topic]/process/port/#   | Receive only process data for all ports              |
| [base-topic]/config/#         | Receive config data for the gateway and all ports.   |

Table 19: Use case examples

# 14.1.2.2 Publish topic

Overview of all publish JSON data for the defined topics:

| Кеу                  | Data type    |
|----------------------|--------------|
| tbd                  | json_string  |
| ordering_number      | json_string  |
| device_type          | json_string  |
| serial_number        | json_string  |
| mac_address          | json_string  |
| production_date      | json_string  |
| fw_name              | json_string  |
| fw_date              | json_string  |
| fw_version           | json_string  |
| hw_version           | json_string  |
| vendor_name          | json_string  |
| vendor_address       | json_string  |
| vendor_phone         | json_string  |
| vendor_email         | json_string  |
| vendor_techn_support | json_string  |
| vendor_url           | json_string  |
| vendor_id            | json_integer |
| device_id            | json_integer |

Table 20: Identity/gateway

| Key                        | Data type    | Range  | Default value | Remarks                     |
|----------------------------|--------------|--|---------------|-----------------------------|
| fieldbus_protocol          | json_string  | profinet,<br>ethernet/ip,<br>ethercat              |               |                             |
| network_configuration      | json_string  | PN:<br>dcp<br>EIP:<br>stored_value,<br>bootp, dhcp |               |                             |
| rotary_switches            | json_integer | 0999   |               |                             |
| ip_address                 | json_string  |  | 192.168.1.1   |                             |
| subnet_mask                | json_string  |  | 255.255.255.0 |                             |
| report_alarms              | json_boolean |  | 0.0.0.0       |                             |
| report_ul_alarm            | json_boolean | true / false                                       | true          |                             |
| report_do_fault_without_ul | json_boolean | true / false                                       | false         |                             |
| force_mode_lock            | json_boolean | true / false                                       | false         |                             |
| web_interface_lock         | json_boolean | true / false                                       | false         |                             |
| do_auto_restart            | json_boolean | true / false                                       | true          |                             |
| fast_startup               | json_boolean | true / false                                       | false         | PROFINET<br>and EIP<br>only |

Table 21: Config/gateway

| Key                    | Data type    | Range  | Default value | Remarks |
|------------------------|--------------|--|---------------|---------|
| protocol               | json_string  | wait_for_io_system wait_for_io_Connection failsafe connected error |               |         |
| ethernet_port1         | json_string  | 100_mbit/s_full<br>100_mbit/s<br>10_mbit/s_full<br>100_mbit/s      |               |         |
| ethernet_port2         | json_string  | 100_mbit/s_full<br>100_mbit/s<br>10_mbit/s_full<br>100_mbit/s      |               |         |
| module_restarts        | json_integer | 04294967295  |               |         |
| channel_diagnosis      | json_boolean | true / false   |               |         |
| failsafe_active        | json_boolean | true / false   |               |         |
| system_voltage_fault   | json_boolean | true / false   |               |         |
| actuator_voltage_fault | json_boolean | true / false   |               |         |
| internal_module_error  | json_boolean | true / false   |               |         |
| forcemode_enabled      | json_boolean | true / false   |               |         |

Table 22: Status/gateway

| Key         | Data type      | Range | Default value | Remarks |
|-------------|----------------|-------|---------------|---------|
| Input_data  | json_integer[] |       |               |         |
| output_data | json_integer[] |       |               |         |

Table 23: Process/gateway

| Key                  | Data type    | Range   | Default value | Remarks |
|----------------------|--------------|---|---------------|---------|
| port                 | json_integer | 18  |               |         |
| type                 | json_string  | digital_universal<br>digital_input<br>digital_Output<br>io_link |               |         |
| max_output_power_cha | json_string  | 2.0_mA<br>0.5_mA  |               |         |
| max_output_power_chb | json_string  | 2.0_mA<br>0.5_mA  |               |         |
| channel_cha          | json_string  | input/output<br>input<br>output<br>io_link<br>aux               |               |         |
| channel_chb          | json_string  | input/output<br>input<br>output<br>io_link<br>aux               |               |         |

Table 24: Identity/port/1 ... 8

| Key                      | Data type    | Range                            | Default value | Remarks |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------|
| port                     | json_integer | 18                               |               |         |
| direction_cha            | json_string  | input/output<br>input<br>output  |               |         |
| direction_chb            | json_string  | input/output<br>input<br>output  |               |         |
| failsafe_cha             | json_string  | set_low<br>set_high<br>hold_last | set_low       |         |
| failsafe_chb             | json_string  | set_low<br>set_high<br>hold_last | set_low       |         |
| surveillance_timeout_cha | json_integer | 0255                             | 80            |         |
| surveillance_timeout_chb | json_integer | 0255                             | 80            |         |

Table 25: Config/port/1 ... 8

| Key                        | Data type    | Range        | Default value | Remarks |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------|
| port                       | json_integer | 18           |               |         |
| physical_state_cha         | json_integer | 01           |               |         |
| physical_state_chb         | json_integer | 01           |               |         |
| actuator_short_circuit_cha | json_boolean | true / false |               |         |
| actuator_short_circuit_chb | json_boolean | true / false |               |         |
| sensor_short_circuit       | json_boolean | true / false |               |         |

Table 26: Status/port/1 ... 8

### 14.1.2.3 Command topic (MQTT Subscribe)

The main purpose of MQTT is to publish data from the device to a broker. This data can then be received by any subscriber who is interested in this data. But also the other way round is possible. The device can subscribe to a topic on the broker and is then able to receive data. This data can contain configuration or forcing data. This allows the user to fully control a device via MQTT only, without using other ways of communication like Web or REST.

If the configuration allows commands in general, the device subscribes to special Command topics on which it can receive commands from other MQTT clients. The Command topic is based upon the Base topic. It always has the following form:

[base-topic]/command

After the Command topic, there are fixed topics for different writeable objects. The data format of the MQTT payload is always JSON. It is possible to set only a subset of the possible objects and fields.

## [...]/forcing

Use the Command topic [base-topic]/command/forcing for Force object data. The Force object can contain any of the following properties:

| Property  | Data type  | Example values | Remarks                   |
|-----------|--|----------------|---------------------------|
| forcemode | boolean  | true / false   | Forcing Authority: on/off |
| digital   | array (Table 28: Force object:<br>Digital on page 154)                       |                |                           |
| iol       | array (Table 29: Force object: IOL<br>(IO-Link devices only) on page<br>154) |                |                           |

Table 27: Force object properties

For the *Force object* properties digital and iol, there are several value specifications arrayed:

| Property    | Data type | Example values       | Remarks |
|-------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|
| port        | integer   | 1, 2, 5              |         |
| channel     | string    | "a", "b"             |         |
| force_dir   | string    | "out", "in", "clear" |         |
| force_value | integer   | 0, 1                 |         |

Table 28: Force object: Digital

| Property | Data type      | Example values | Remarks          |
|----------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| port     | integer        | 0, 1, 5        |                  |
| output   | array[integer] | [55, 88, 120]  |                  |
| input    | array[integer] |                | Input-Simulation |

Table 29: Force object: IOL (IO-Link devices only)

## [...]/config

Use the Command topic [base-topic]/command/config for *Config* object data. The *Config object* can contain any of the following properties:

| Property    | Data type Example values                                    |                 | Remarks |  |
|-------------|---|-----------------|---------|--|
| portmode    | array (Table 31: Config<br>object: Portmode on<br>page 155) |                 |         |  |
| ip_address  | string  | "192.168.1.5"   |         |  |
| subnet_mask | string  | "255.255.255.0" |         |  |
| gateway     | string  | "192.168.1.100" |         |  |

Table 30: Config object properties

For the *Conig object* property portmode, there are several value specifications arrayed:

| Property      | Data type | Example values   | Remarks            |
|---------------|-----------|--|--------------------|
| port          | integer   | 2  |                    |
| channelA*     | string    | "dio", "di", "do", "iol",<br>"off"   |                    |
| channelB*     | string    | "dio", "di", "do", "iol",<br>"off", "aux"  |                    |
| inlogicA      | string    | "no", "nc"   |                    |
| inlogicB      | string    | "no", "nc"   |                    |
| filterA       | integer   | 3  | input filter in ms |
| filterB       | integer   | 3  | input filter in ms |
| autorestartA  | boolean   |  |                    |
| autorestartB  | boolean   |  |                    |
| iolValidation | integer   | 0 = NoCheck<br>1 = Type 1.0<br>2 = Type 1.1<br>3 = Type 1.1 BR<br>4 = Type 1.1 RES |                    |
| iolDeviceID   | integer   |  | for validation     |
| iolVendorID   | integer   |  | for validation     |

Table 31: Config object: Portmode

<sup>\*</sup>channelA = Pin 4, channelB = Pin 2

### [...]/reset

Use the Command topic [base-topic]/command/reset for *Reset object* data about restart and factory reset issues. The *Reset object* can contain any of the following properties:

| Property      | Data type | Example values | Remarks |
|---------------|-----------|----------------|---------|
| factory_reset | boolean   | true / false   |         |
| system_reset  | boolean   | true / false   |         |

Table 32: Reset object properties

## [...]/publish

Use the Command topic [base-topic]/command/publish for *Publish object* data.

Trigger publish of all topics manually (can be used when auto publish is off or long interval is set).

## 14.1.3 MQTT configuration - Quick start guide



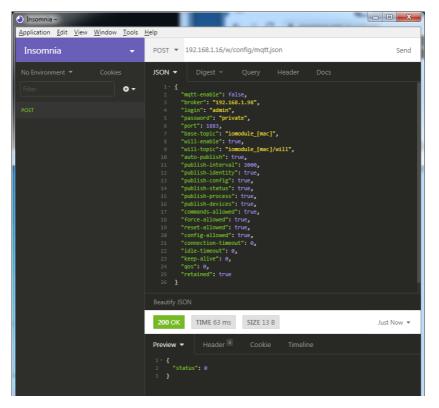
**Attention:** Lumberg Automation<sup>TM</sup> is not responsible for any content of the referenced Web pages and provides no warranty for any functionality of the named third party software.

### 14.1.3.1 MQTT configuration via JSON

**1.** Depending on your application case, download and install *Insomnia* or a comparable application: https://insomnia.rest/download/

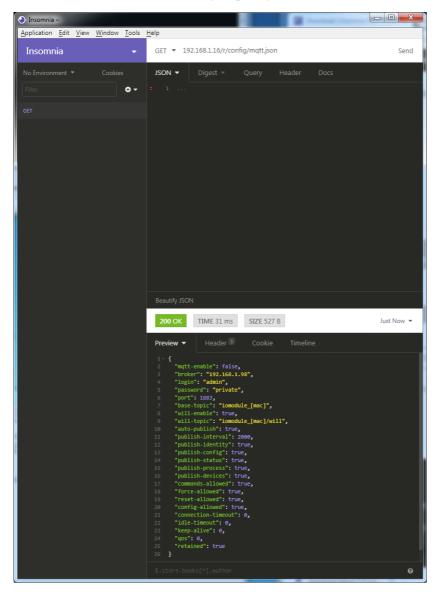
#### 2. Configure MQTT:

**POST:** [IP-address]/w/config/mqtt.json



#### 3. Read MQTT:

**GET**: [IP-address]/r/config/mqtt.json



## **14.2 OPC UA**

OPC UA functions are only applicable for the following LioN-X variants:

- 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F
- 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F

OPC Unified Architecture (OPC UA) is a platform-independent standard with a service-oriented architecture for communication in and with industrial automation systems.

The OPC UA standard is based on the client-server principle and lets machines and devices, regardless of any preferred field bus, communicate horizontally among each other as well as vertically to the ERP system or the cloud. LioN-X provides an OPC UA server on field device level, with which an OPC UA client can connect for information exchange secure in transmission.

For OPC UA, we comply (apart from the exceptions listed below) with the IO-Link Companion Specification, which can be downloaded from catalog.belden.com or directly from io-link.com.

| Feature  | Support       |
|--|---------------|
| Managing IODDs<br>(chapter 6.1.6 in the specification)   | Not supported |
| Mapping IODD information to OPC UA ObjectTypes (chapter 6.3 in the specification)                    | Not supported |
| IOLinkIODDDeviceType<br>(chapters 7.2 ff. in the specification)                                      | Not supported |
| ObjectTypes generated based on IODDs (chapters 7.3 ff. in the specification)                         | Not supported |
| Creation of Instances based on ObjectTypes generated out of IODDs (chapter 7.4 in the specification) | Not supported |
| IODDManagement Object<br>(chapter 8.2 in the specification)  | Not supported |
| RemovelODD Method (chapter 8.3 in the specification)   | Not supported |

Table 33: Non-supported OPC UA features according to the IO-Link Companion Specification

# 14.2.1 OPC UA configuration

In **delivery state**, OPC UA functions are **disabled**. The OPC UA Server can be configured either using the Web interface or directly via a JSON Object sent in an HTTP request. For more information see OPC UA configuration - Quick start guide on page 163.

The configuration URL is:

http://[ip-address]/w/config/opcua.json

The configuration can also read back as a JSON file:

http://[ip-address]/r/config/opcua.json

The configuration is a JSON object. Each JSON member is a configuration element. The object must not contain all elements. Only the provided elements will be changed. All configuration changed applies only after a device restart.

There are the following configuration elements (default values in bold):

| Element          | Data<br>type | Description  | Example data            |
|------------------|--------------|--|-------------------------|
| port             | integer      | Server port for the OPC UA server.   | 0, <b>4840</b> , 0xFFFF |
| opcua-enable     | boolean      | Master switch for the OPC UA server.   | true / false            |
| anon-allowed     | boolean      | If true, anonymous login is allowed.   | true / false            |
| commands-allowed | boolean      | Master switch for OPC UA commands. If false there will be no writeable OPC UA objects. | true / <b>false</b>     |
| force-allowed    | boolean      | If true, the device accepts force commands via OPC UA.                                 | true / false            |
| reset-allowed    | boolean      | If true, the device accepts restart and factory reset commands via OPC UA.             | true / false            |
| config-allowed   | boolean      | If true, the device accepts configuration changes via OPC UA.                          | true / false            |

Table 34: OPC UA Configration

All configuration elements are optional and do not need a specific order. Not every element is required to be sent. This means that only configuration changes will be taken over.

Optional: The configuration parameters of OPC UA can be set directly via the Web interface. It is possible to download the Web interface for sharing with other devices.

## Response:

The resulting response is a JSON object with a "status" field. Status should be 0 if no error occurred and -1 if there is an error.

In case of an error, the response contains an error array.

The error array contains an error object for each error occurred. The object consists of a field "Element" which names the config element which caused the error, and a field "Message" for the error message.

#### **Examples:**

```
{"status": -1, "error": [{"Element": "upcua-enable", "Message": "Boolean
expected"}]}

{"status": 0}

{"status": -1, "error": [{"Element": "root", "Message": "Not a JSON
object"}]}
```

### 14.2.2 OPC UA address space

OPC UA provides different services on the LioN-X devices with which a client can navigate through the hierarchy of the address space and read or write variables. In addition, the client can monitor up to 10 attributes from the address space for value changes.

A connection to an OPC UA server is established via the endpoint URL:

```
opc.tcp://[ip-address]:[port]
```

Various device data such as MAC address, device settings, diagnostics or status information can be read via *Identity objects*, *Config objects*, *Status objects* and *Process objects*.

Command objects can be read and written. This makes it possible, for example, to transfer new network parameters to the device, to use Force Mode or to reset the entire device to its factory settings.

The following figures illustrate the OPC UA address space of the LioN-X devices. The objects and information displayed depend on the device variant used

## 14.2.3 OPC UA configuration - Quick start guide

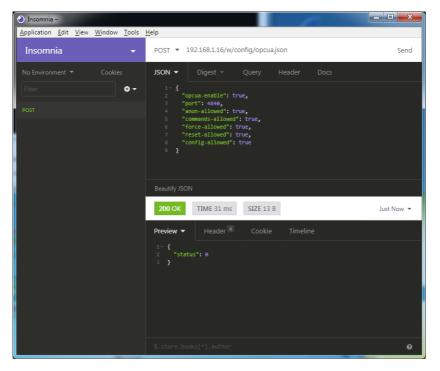


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### 14.2.3.1 OPC UA configuration via JSON

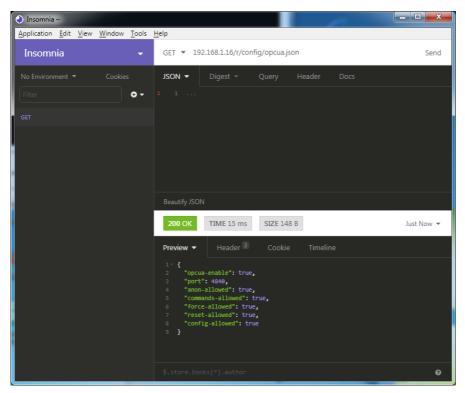
- **1.** Depending on your application case, download and install *Insomnia* or a comparable application: https://insomnia.rest/download/
- 2. Configure OPC UA:

**POST:** [IP-address]/w/config/opcua.json



### 3. Read OPC UA:

**GET:** [IP-address]/r/config/opcua.json



## 14.3 REST API

The Representational State Transfer – Application Programming Interface (REST API) is a programmable interface which uses HTTP requests to GET and POST data. This enables the access to detailed device information.

For LioN-X and the LioN-Xlight variants, the REST API can be used to read the device status. For the LioN-X multiprotocol variants, the REST API can also be used to write configuration and forcing data.

There are two different REST API standards you can use for the requests:

**1.** A standardized REST API that has been specified by the IO-Link Community and is described separately:

```
JSON_Integration_10222_V100_Mar20.pdf
```

Please download the file from catalog.belden.com or directly from iolink.com.



**Attention:** Consider the following table to get an overview of the supported features of the IO-Link specification:

| Feature | Supported            |     |
|---------|----------------------|-----|
| Gateway | GET /identification  | Yes |
|         | GET /capabilities    | Yes |
|         | GET /configuration   | Yes |
|         | POST /configuration  | Yes |
|         | POST /reset          | Yes |
|         | POST /reboot         | Yes |
|         | GET /events          | Yes |
| Master  | GET /masters         | Yes |
|         | GET /capabilities    | Yes |
|         | GET /identification  | Yes |
|         | POST /identification | Yes |

| Feature |  | Supported     |
|---------|--|---------------|
| Port    | GET /ports   | Yes           |
|         | GET /capabilities  | Yes           |
|         | GET /status  | Yes           |
|         | GET /configuration   | Yes           |
|         | POST /configuration  | Yes           |
|         | GET /datastorage   | Not supported |
|         | POST /datastorage  | Not supported |
| Devices | GET /devices   | Yes           |
|         | GET /capabilities  | Yes           |
|         | GET /identification  | Yes           |
|         | POST /identification   | Yes           |
|         | GET /processdata/value   | Yes           |
|         | GET /processdata/getdata/value   | Yes           |
|         | GET /processdata/setdata/value   | Yes           |
|         | POST /processdata/value  | Yes           |
|         | GET /parameters  | Yes           |
|         | GET /parameters/{index}/subindices                                       | Yes           |
|         | GET /parameters/{parameterName}/subindices                               | Not supported |
|         | GET /parameters/{index}/value  | Yes           |
|         | GET /parameters/{index}/subindices/{subindex}/value                      | Yes           |
|         | GET /parameters/{parameterName}/value                                    | Not supported |
|         | GET /parameters/{parameterName}/subindices/<br>{subParameterName}/value  | Not supported |
|         | POST /parameters/{index}/value   | Yes           |
|         | POST /parameters/{parameterName}/value                                   | Not supported |
|         | POST /parameters/{index}/subindices/{subindex}/value                     | Yes           |
|         | POST /parameters/{parameterName}/subindices/<br>{subParameterName}/value | Not supported |
|         | POST /blockparametrization   | Not supported |
|         | GET /events  | Yes           |

| Feature |                  | Supported     |
|---------|------------------|---------------|
| IODD    | GET /iodds       | Not supported |
|         | POST /iodds/file | Not supported |
|         | DELETE /iodds    | Not supported |
|         | GET /iodds/file  | Not supported |

Table 35: Support of REST API features according to the IO-Link specification

2. A customized Belden REST API that is described in the following chapters.

#### 14.3.1 Standard device information

Request method: http GET

**Request URL:** <ip>/info.json

Parameters n.a.

Response format JSON

The goal of the "Standard device information" request is to get a complete snapshot of the current device status. The format is JSON. For IO-Link devices, all ports with connected IO-Link device information are included.

## 14.3.2 Structure

| Name         | Data type            | Description   | Example                          |
|--------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| name         | string               | Device name   | "0980 XSL 3912-<br>121-007D-00F" |
| order-id     | string               | Ordering number   | "935 700 001"                    |
| fw-version   | string               | Firmware version  | "V.1.1.0.0 -<br>01.01.2021"      |
| hw-version   | string               | Hardware version  | "V.1.00"                         |
| mac          | string               | MAC address of the device   | "3C B9 A6 F3 F6<br>05"           |
| bus          | number               | 0 = No connection<br>1 = Connection with PLC  | 1                                |
| failsafe     | number               | 0 = Normal operation<br>1 = Outputs are in failsafe   | 0                                |
| ip           | string               | IP address of the device  |                                  |
| snMask       | string               | Subnet Mask   |                                  |
| gw           | string               | Default gateway   |                                  |
| rotarys      | array of numbers (3) | Current position of the rotary switches: Array element 0 = x1 Array element 1 = x10 Array element 2 = x100  |                                  |
| ulPresent    | boolean              | True, if there is a UL voltage supply detected within valid range   |                                  |
| usVoltage_mv | number               | US voltage supply in mV   |                                  |
| ulVoltage_mv | number               | UL voltage supply in mV (only available for devices with UL supply)   |                                  |
| inputs       | array of numbers (2) | Real state of digital inputs.  Element 0 = 1 Byte: Port X1 Channel A to Port X4 Channel B  Element 0 = 1 Byte: Port X5 Channel A to Port X8 Channel B | \[128,3\]                        |
| output       | array of numbers (2) | Real State of digital outputs.  Element 0 =1 Byte: Port X1 Channel A to port X4 Channel B Element 0 = 1 Byte: Port X5 Channel A to port X8 Channel B  | \[55,8\]                         |

| Name               | Data type                | Description   | Example |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---|---------|
| consuming          | array of numbers (2)     | Cyclic data from PLC to device  |         |
| producing          | array of numbers (2)     | Cyclic data from device to PLC  |         |
| diag               | array of numbers (4)     | Diagnostic information  Element 0 = 1 Byte: Bit 7: Internal module error (IME) Bit 6: Forcemode active Bit 3: Actuator short Bit 2: Sensor short Bit 1: U <sub>L</sub> fault Bit 0: U <sub>S</sub> fault  Element 1 = 1 Byte: Sensor short circuit ports X1 X8.  Element 2 = 1 Byte: Actuator short circuit ports X1 Channel A to X4 Channel B  Element 3 = 1 Byte: Actuator short circuit ports X5 Channel A to X8 Channel B |         |
| fieldbus           | FIELDBUS Object          |   |         |
| FIELDBUS<br>Object |                          |   |         |
| fieldbus_name      | string                   | Currently used fieldbus   |         |
| state              | number                   | Fieldbus state  |         |
| state_text         | number                   | Textual representation of fieldbus state:  0 = Unknown  1 = Bus disconnected  2 = Preop  3 = Connected  4 = Error  5 = Stateless  |         |
| forcing            | FORCING Object           | Information about the forcing state of the device   |         |
| channels           | Array of CHANNEL<br>(16) | Basic information about all input/output channels   |         |

| Name              | Data type         | Description  | Example |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|---------|
| iol               | IOL Object        | Contains all IO-Link related information such as events, port states, device parameters.   |         |
| iol/diagGateway   | array of DIAG     | Array of currently active device/<br>gateway related events  |         |
| iol/diagMaster    | array of DIAG     | Array of currently active IOL-Master related events  |         |
| iol/ports         | array of PORT (8) | Contains one element for each IO-Link port   |         |
| CHANNEL<br>Object |                   |  |         |
| name              | string            | Name of channel  |         |
| type              | number            | Hardware channel type as number:  0 = DIO  1 = Input  2 = Output  3 = Input/Output  4 = IO-Link  5 = IOL AUX  6 = IOL AUX with DO  7 = IOL AUX with DO. Can be deactivated.  8 = Channel not available |         |
| type_text         | string            | Textual representation of the channel type   |         |
| config            | number            | Current configuration of the channel: 0 = DIO 1 = Input 2 = Output 3 = IO-Link 4 = Deactivated 5 = IOL AUX   |         |
| config_text       | string            | Textual representation of the current config   |         |
| inputState        | boolean           | Input data (producing data) bit to the PLC   |         |
| outputState       | boolean           | Output data bit to the physical output pin   |         |

| Name                    | Data type | Description  | Example         |
|-------------------------|-----------|--|-----------------|
| forced                  | boolean   | True, if the output pin of this channel is forced  |                 |
| simulated               | boolean   | True, if the input value to the PLC of this channel is simulated   |                 |
| actuatorDiag            | boolean   | True, if the output is in short circuit / overload condition   |                 |
| sensorDiag              | boolean   | True, if the sensor supply (Pin 1) is in short circuit / overload condition  |                 |
| maxOutputCurrent<br>_mA | number    | Maximum output current of the output in mA   |                 |
| current_mA              | number    | Measured current of the output in mA (if current measurement is available)   |                 |
| voltage_mV              | number    | Measured voltage of this output in mV (if voltage measurement is available)  |                 |
| PORT Object             |           |  |                 |
| port_type               | string    | Textual representation of the IO-Link port type  |                 |
| iolink_mode             | number    | Current port mode:  0 = Inactive  1 = Digital output  2= Digital input  3 = SIO  4 = IO-Link   |                 |
| iolink_text             | string    | Textual representation of the current port mode  | "Digital Input" |
| aux_mode                | number    | Indicates the configured mode for the Pin 2:  0 = No AUX  1 = AUX output (always on)  2 = Digital output (can be controlled by cyclic data)  3 = Digital input |                 |
| aux_text                | string    | Textual representation of the current aux mode   | "AUX Output"    |
| cq_mode                 | number    | Port mode according to IOL specification   |                 |
| iq_mode                 | number    | Pin2 mode according to IOL specification   |                 |

| Name           | Data type            | Description  | Example                |
|----------------|----------------------|--|------------------------|
| port_status    | number               | Port status according to IOL specification                           |                        |
| ds_fault       | number               | Data storage error number  |                        |
| ds_fault_text  | string               | Textual data storage error.  |                        |
| device         | DEVICE Object        | IO-Link device parameters. → Null if no IO-Link communication active |                        |
| diag           | array of DIAG (n)    | Array of port related events   |                        |
| DIAG Object    |                      |  |                        |
| error          | number               | Error code   |                        |
| source         | string               | Source of the current error.   | "device"<br>"master"   |
| eventcode      | number               | Event code according to IO-Link specification                        |                        |
| eventqualifier | number               | Event qualifier according to IO-Link specification                   |                        |
| message        | string               | Error message  | "Supply Voltage fault" |
| DEVICE Object  |                      | Standard parameters of the IOL-<br>Device                            |                        |
| device_id      | number               |  |                        |
| vendor_id      | number               |  |                        |
| serial         | string               |  |                        |
| baudrate       | string               | Baudrate (COM1,2,3)  |                        |
| cycle_time     | number               | Cycle time in microseconds   |                        |
| input_len      | array of numbers (n) | IOL input length in bytes  |                        |
| output_len     | array of numbers (n) | IOL output length in bytes   |                        |
| input_data     | array of numbers (n) | IOL input data   |                        |
| output_data    | array of numbers (n) | IOL output data  |                        |
| pd_valid       | number               | "1", if IOL input data is valid                                      |                        |
| pdout_valid    | number               | "1", if IOL output data is valid                                     |                        |
| FORCING Object |                      | Forcing information of the device                                    |                        |
| forcingActive  | boolean              | Force mode is currently active                                       |                        |

| Name             | Data type            | Description  | Example |
|------------------|----------------------|--|---------|
| forcingPossible  | boolean              | True, if forcing is possible and force mode can be activated |         |
| ownForcing       | boolean              | True, if forcing is performed by REST API at the moment      |         |
| forcingClient    | string               | Current forcing client identifier                            |         |
| digitalOutForced | array of numbers (2) | The force values of all 16 digital output channels.          |         |
| digitalOutMask   | array of numbers (2) | The forcing mask of all 16 digital output channels.          |         |
| digitalInForced  | array of numbers (2) | The force values of all 16 digital input channels.           |         |
| digitalInMask    | array of numbers (2) | The forcing mask of all 16 digital input channels.           |         |

# 14.3.3 Configuration and forcing

Method: POST

URL: <ip>/w/force.json

Parameters: None

Post-Body: JSON Object

| Property  | Data type                | Example values | Description              |
|-----------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| forcemode | boolean                  | true / false   | Forcing authority on/off |
| portmode  | array (Port mode object) |                |                          |
| digital   | array (Digital object)   |                |                          |
| iol       | array (IOL object)       |                |                          |

Table 36: Root object

| Property  | Data type | Example values                         | Remarks                 |
|-----------|-----------|--|-------------------------|
| port      | integer   | 07                                     |                         |
| channel   | integer   | "a","b"                                | optional default is "a" |
| direction | string    | "dio","di","do","iol", "off",<br>"aux" |                         |
| aux       | string    | "dio","di","do","iol", "off",<br>"aux" | IOL only, but optional  |
| inlogica  | string    | "no","nc"                              |                         |
| inlogicb  | string    | "no","nc"                              |                         |

Table 37: Port mode object

| Property    | Data type | Example values              | Remarks                           |
|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| port        | integer   | 07                          |                                   |
| channel     | string    | "a","b"                     |                                   |
| force_dir   | string    | "phys_out","plc_in","clear" | optional default is<br>"phys_out" |
| force_value | integer   | 0,1                         |                                   |

Table 38: Digital object

| Property | Data type                               | Example values | Remarks                 |
|----------|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| port     | integer                                 | 07             |                         |
| output   | array[integer] or null to clear forcing | [55,88,120]    | Output forcing          |
| input    | array[integer] or null to clear forcing | [20,0,88]      | Input simulation to PLC |

Table 39: IOL object

## 14.3.4 Reading and writing ISDU parameters

The *Indexed Service Data Unit* (ISDU) provides a highly flexible message format, which can contain single or multiple commands.

LioN-X IOL-Masters with IIoT support reading and writing ISDU parameters from connected IOL-Devices. It is possible to do this as a bulk transfer by reading and writing of multiple ISDU parameters via a single request.

#### 14.3.4.1 Reading ISDU

Method: POST

URL: <ip>/r/isdu.json

**Parameters:** port (0-7)

**Example:**192.168.1.20/r/isdu.json?port=5

Post-Body: JSON array of read ISDU object

| Property | Data type | Example values | Remarks             |
|----------|-----------|----------------|---------------------|
| ix       | integer   | 0-INT16        | Index to be read    |
| subix    | integer   | 0-INT8         | Subindex to be read |

Table 40: Read ISDU object

| Property | Data type                     | Example values | Remarks  |
|----------|-------------------------------|----------------|--|
| status   | integer                       | 0, -1          | 0 = no error, -1= an error occured               |
| message  | string                        |                | Error Message if error occured                   |
| data     | array (Read ISDU data object) |                | data, if no error<br>occured. otherweise<br>null |

Table 41: Read ISDU response object

| Property  | Data type      | Example values | Remarks  |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|--|
| ix        | integer        | 0-INT16        | Index that was read                              |
| subix     | integer        | 0-INT8         | Subindex that was read                           |
| status    | integer        | 0, -1          | 0 = no error, -1= an error occured               |
| eventcode | integer        |                | IOL eventcode if status is -1                    |
| data      | array[integer] |                | data, if no error<br>occured. otherweise<br>null |

Table 42: Read ISDU data object

## 14.3.4.2 Writing ISDU

Method: POST

URL: <ip>/w/isdu.json

Parameters: port (0-7)

Post-Body: JSON array of write ISDU object

| Property | Data type      | Example values | Remarks             |
|----------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| ix       | integer        | 0-INT16        | Index to be read    |
| subix    | integer        | 0-INT8         | Subindex to be read |
| data     | array[integer] |                | Data to be written  |

Table 43: Write ISDU object

Response: Write ISDU response object

| Property | Data type                      | Example values | Remarks  |
|----------|--------------------------------|----------------|--|
| status   | integer                        | 0, -1          | 0 = no error, -1= an error occured               |
| message  | string                         |                | Error Message if error occured                   |
| data     | array (Write ISDU data object) |                | data, if no error<br>occured. otherweise<br>null |

Table 44: Write ISDU response object

| Property  | Data type | Example values | Remarks                            |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| ix        | integer   | 0-INT16        | Index that was written             |
| subix     | integer   | 0-INT8         | Subindex that was written          |
| status    | integer   | 0, -1          | 0 = no error, -1= an error occured |
| eventcode | integer   |                | IOL eventcode if status is -1      |

Table 45: Write ISDU data object

## 14.3.5 Example: Reading ISDU

#### ISDU read request

#### Response

### 14.3.6 Example: Writing ISDU

### ISDU write request

### Response

## 14.4 CoAP server

The CoAP server functions are **only** applicable for the following LioN-X variants:

- 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F
- ▶ 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F

The **Co**nstrained **A**pplication **P**rotocol (CoAP) is a specialized Internet application protocol for constrained networks such as lossy or low power networks. CoAP is useful especially in M2M (Machine to Machine) communication and can be used to translate simplified HTTP requests of low speed networks.

CoAP is based on the Server-Client principle and a service layer protocol that lets nodes and machines communicate with each other. The LioN-X multiprotocol variants provide CoAP server functionalities via a REST API interface over UDP.

## 14.4.1 CoAP configuration

In **delivery state**, CoAP functions are **disabled**. The CoAP server can be configured either using the Web interface or directly via a JSON object sent in an HTTP request. For more information see chapter CoAP configuration - Quick start guide on page 185.

The configuration URL is:

http://[ip-address]/w/config/coapd.json

The configuration can also read back as a JSON file:

http://[ip-address]/r/config/coapd.json

The configuration is a JSON object. Each JSON member is a configuration element. The object must not contain all elements. Only the provided elements will be changed. The configuration changes apply only after a device restart.

The following configuration elements are available (default values in bold):

| Element | Data type               | Description                       | Example data |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| enable  | boolean                 | Master switch for the CoAP server | true / false |
| port    | integer<br>(0 to 65535) | Port of the CoAP server           | 5683         |

Table 46: CoAP configuration

### **CoAP** response:

The resulting response is a JSON object with a "status" field. Status should be "0" if no error occurred, and "-1" if there is an error.

In case of an error, the response contains an error array.

The error array contains an error object for each error occurred. The object consists of a field "Element" which names the config element that caused the error, and of a field "Message" for the error message.

### **Examples:**

```
{"status": -1, "error": [{"Element": "upcua-enable", "Message": "Boolean
expected"}]}

{"status": 0}

{"status": -1, "error": [{"Element": "root", "Message": "Not a JSON
object"}]}
```

## 14.4.2 REST API access via CoAP

A connection to the CoAP server running on the LioN-X multiprotocol variants can be established via the following URL:

```
coap://[ip-address]:[port]/[api]
```

For LioN-X, the following REST API Requests (JSON format) can be accessed via a CoAP endpoint:

| Туре | API  | Note  |
|------|--|---|
| GET  | /r/status.lr   |   |
| GET  | /r/system.lr   |   |
| GET  | /info.json"  |   |
| GET  | /r/config/net.json   |   |
| GET  | /r/config/mqtt.json  |   |
| GET  | /r/config/opcua.json                                       |   |
| GET  | /r/config/coapd.json                                       |   |
| GET  | /r/config/syslog.json                                      |   |
| GET  | /contact.json  |   |
| GET  | /fwup_status   |   |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/gateway/identification                          |   |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/gateway/capabilities                            |   |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/gateway/configuration                           |   |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/gateway/events                                  |   |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/masters   |   |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/masters/1/capabilities                          |   |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/masters/1/identification                        |   |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/masters/1/ports                                 |   |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/masters/1/ports/{port_number}/capabilities      | This API is available for all 8 ports. {port_number} should be between "1" and "8". |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/masters/1/ports/{port_number}/status            | This API is available for all 8 ports. {port_number} should be between "1" and "8". |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/masters/1/ports/{port_number}/configuration     | This API is available for all 8 ports. {port_number} should be between "1" and "8". |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/devices/master1port{port_number}/identification | This API is available for all 8 ports. {port_number} should be between "1" and "8". |

| Туре | API   | Note  |
|------|---|---|
| GET  | /iolink/v1/devices/master1port{port_number}/capabilities                  | This API is available for all 8 ports. {port_number} should be between "1" and "8". |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/devices/master1port{port_number}/processdata/<br>getdata/value | This API is available for all 8 ports. {port_number} should be between "1" and "8". |
| GET  | /iolink/v1/devices/master1port{port_number}/events                        | This API is available for all 8 ports. {port_number} should be between "1" and "8". |

Table 47: REST API access via CoAP

## 14.4.3 CoAP configuration - Quick start guide

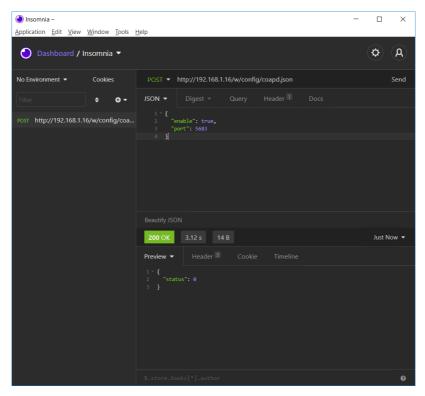


**Attention:** Lumberg Automation<sup>TM</sup> is not responsible for any content of the referenced Web pages and provides no warranty for any functionality of the named third party software.

### 14.4.3.1 CoAP configuration via JSON

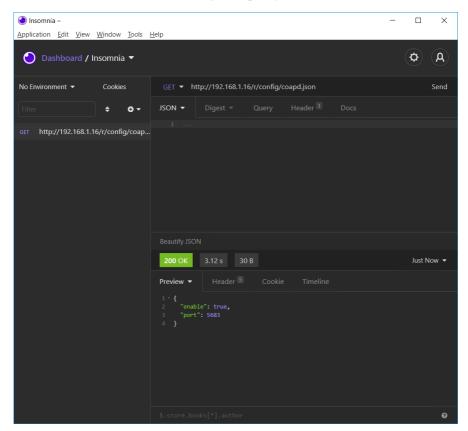
- **1.** Depending on your application case, download and install *Insomnia* or a comparable application: https://insomnia.rest/download/
- 2. Configure CoAP:

**POST:** [IP-address]/w/config/coapd.json



## 3. Read CoAP configuration:

**GET**: [IP-address]/r/config/coapd.json



## 14.5 Syslog

Syslog functions are **only** applicable for the following LioN-X variants:

- 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F
- 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F

The LioN-X multiprotocol variants provide a Syslog client which can connect with a configured Syslog server and is able to log messages.

Syslog is a platform-independent standard for logging messages. Each message contains a timestamp as well as information about the severity level and the subsystem. The Syslog protocol RFC5424 is based on the Server-Client principle and lets machines and devices send messages in the network and collect them centrally. (For more details on the used syslog standard, please refer to <a href="https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc5424">https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc5424</a>.)

LioN-X supports the storage of 256 messages in a ring buffer which are sent to the configured Syslog server. When the ring is full with 256 messages, the oldest message is always replaced by the newly arriving messages. All messages can be saved on the Syslog server. The Syslog client of the IO-Link Master will not store any message permanently.

## 14.5.1 Syslog configuration

In **delivery state**, Syslog functions are **disabled**. The Syslog client can be configured either using the Web interface or directly via a JSON object sent in an HTTP request. For more information see chapter Syslog configuration - Quick start guide on page 190.

The configuration URL is:

http://[ip-address]/w/config/syslog.json

The configuration can also read back as a JSON file:

http://[ip-address]/r/config/syslog.json

The configuration is a JSON object. Each JSON member is a configuration element. The object must not contain all elements. Only the provided elements will be changed. The configuration changes apply only after a device restart.

## The following configuration elements are available (default values in bold):

| Element         | Data type               | Description  | Example data                         |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| syslog-enable   | boolean                 | Master switch for the Syslog client  | true / false                         |
| global-severity | integer                 | Severity level of Syslog client  0 – Emergency  1 – Alert  2 – Critical  3 – Error  4 – Warning  5 – Notice  6 – Info  7 – Debug  The client will log all messages of severity according to the setting, including all below levels. | 0/1/2/ <b>3</b> /4/5/6/7             |
| server-address  | string (IP<br>address)  | IP address of the Syslog server  | 192.168.0.51 (Default: <b>null</b> ) |
| server-port     | integer (0 to<br>65535) | Server port of the Syslog server   | 514                                  |
| server-severity | integer (0 to 7)        | Severity level of Syslog server  0 - Emergency  1 - Alert  2 - Critical  3 - Error  4 - Warning  5 - Notice  6 - Info  7 - Debug   | 0/1/2/ <b>3</b> /4/5/6/7             |

Table 48: Syslog configuration

### Syslog response:

The resulting response is a JSON object with a "status" field. Status should be "0" if no error occurred, and "-1" if there is an error.

In case of an error, the response contains an error array.

The error array contains an error object for each error occurred. The object consists of a field "Element" which names the config element that caused the error, and of a field "Message" for the error message.

### **Examples:**

```
{"status": -1, "error": [{"Element": "upcua-enable", "Message": "Boolean expected"}]}
{"status": 0}
{"status": -1, "error": [{"Element": "root", "Message": "Not a JSON object"}]}
```

## 14.5.2 Syslog configuration - Quick start guide



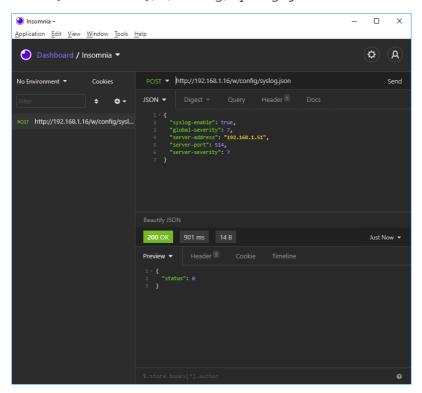
**Attention:** Lumberg Automation<sup>TM</sup> is not responsible for any content of the referenced Web pages and provides no warranty for any functionality of the named third party software.

### 14.5.2.1 Syslog configuration via JSON

**1.** Depending on your application case, download and install *Insomnia* or a comparable application: https://insomnia.rest/download/

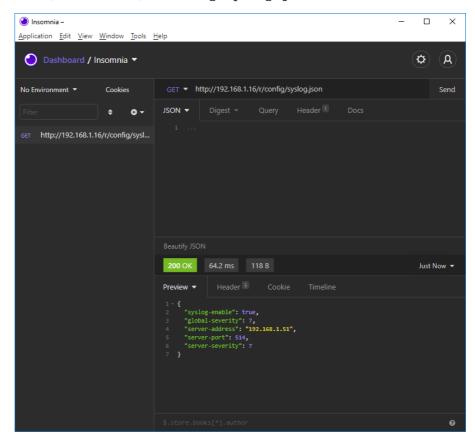
### 2. Configure Syslog:

**POST:** [IP-address]/w/config/syslog.json



## 3. Read Syslog configuration:

**GET:** [IP-address]/r/config/syslog.json



## 14.6 Network Time Protocol (NTP)

The NTP function is **only** applicable for the following LioN-X variant:

- 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F
- ▶ 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F

The LioN-X multiprotocol variants provide an NTP client (version 3) which can connect with a configured NTP server and is able to synchronize the network time at a configurable interval.

NTP is a network protocol which uses UDP datagrams to send and receive timestamps in order to synchronize with a local clock. The NTP protocol RFC1305 is based on the Server-Client principle and exclusively supplies the synchronization with Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). (For more details on the used NTP standard, please refer to <a href="https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1305">https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1305</a>.)

## 14.6.1 NTP configuration

In **delivery state**, the NTP client is **disabled**. The NTP client can be configured either using the Web interface or directly via a JSON object sent in an HTTP request. For more information see chapter NTP configuration - Quick start guide on page 194.

The configuration URL is:

http://[ip-address]/w/config/ntpc.json

The configuration can also read back as a JSON file:

http://[ip-address]/r/config/ntpc.json

The configuration is a JSON object. Each JSON member is a configuration element. The object must not contain all elements. Only the provided elements will be changed. The configuration changes apply only after a device restart

| Element          | Data type | Description  | Example data      |
|------------------|-----------|--|-------------------|
| NTP client state | boolean   | Master switch for the NTP client   | true / false      |
| Server address   | string    | IP address of the NTP server   | 192.168.1.50      |
| Server port      | integer   | Port of the NTP server   | 123               |
| Update interval  | integer   | Interval at which the client will connect with the configured NTP server (see table row "Server address"). | 1/2/10/ <b>60</b> |
|                  |           | Note: This value is in seconds   |                   |

The following configuration elements are available (default values in bold):

Table 49: NTP configuration

### NTP response:

The resulting response is a JSON object with a "status" field. Status should be "0" if no error occurred, and "-1" if there is an error.

In case of an error, the response contains an error array.

The error array contains an error object for each error occurred. The object consists of a field "Element" which names the configuration element that caused the error, and of a field "Message" for the error message.

## **Examples:**

## 14.6.2 NTP configuration - Quick start guide



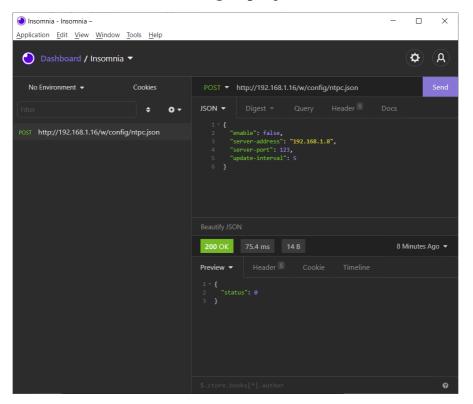
**Attention:** Lumberg Automation<sup>TM</sup> is not responsible for any content of the referenced Web pages and provides no warranty for any functionality of the named third party software.

### 14.6.2.1 NTP configuration via JSON

**1.** Depending on your application case, download and install *Insomnia* or a comparable application: https://insomnia.rest/download/

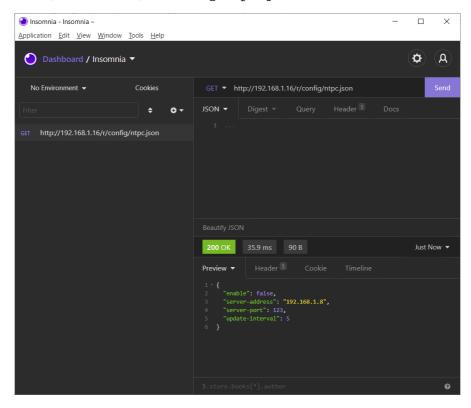
### 2. Configure NTP:

**POST:** [IP-address]/w/config/ntpc.json



## 3. Read NTP configuration:

**GET:** [IP-address]/r/config/ntpc.json



## 15 The integrated Web server

LioN-X and the LioN-Xlight variants are equipped with an integrated Web server which makes functions for the device configuration and the display of status and diagnostic information available via a Web interface.

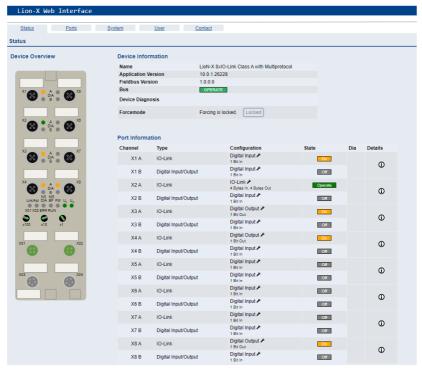
The Web interface provides an overview of the configuration and status of the device. It is also possible to use the Web interface to trigger a reboot, reset to the factory defaults, or perform a firmware update.

Enter "http://" followed by the IP address, such as "http://192.168.1.5", in your Web browser's address bar. If the status page of the device is not displayed, check your browser and firewall settings.

## 15.1 LioN-X 0980 XSL... variants

### 15.1.1 The Status page





The status page provides a quick overview of the current state of the device.

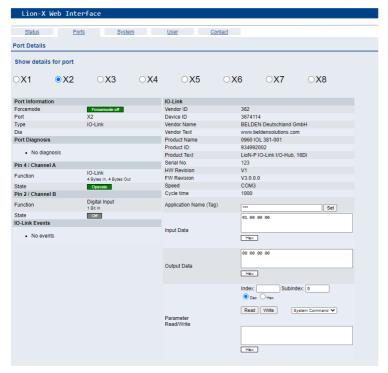
The left side shows a graphical representation of the module with all its LEDs and the positions of the rotary encoding switches.

The right side shows the "Device Information" table with some basic data for the module; for example, the variant, the cyclic communication status and a diagnostic indicator. The indicator shows whether diagnostics for the module exist.

The "Port Information" table shows the configuration and state of the I/O ports.

## 15.1.2 The Ports page





The page shows detailed port information. In the field **Port Diagnosis**, incoming and outgoing diagnostics are displayed as clear text. **Pin 2** and **Pin 4** contain information about the configuration and state of the port. For IO-Link ports, additional information relating to the connected sensor and the process data is displayed.

## 15.1.3 The System page





The System page shows the basic information for the module like Firmware version, Device information, Ethernet, Network and Fieldbus information.

#### **Restart Device**

The module initializes a software reset.

### **Reset to Factory Settings**

The module restores to the default factory settings.

### **IP Settings**

Use this parameter to change the current IP address of the module.

For PROFINET, this is only useful during commissioning. Normally, the PLC sets the IP address at start-up by detecting the PROFINET module via its device name.

### **Firmware Update**

The module initializes a Firmware update.

For a firmware update choose the \*.ZIP container available on our website or ask our support team. Afterwards follow the instructions shown on your screen.

For updates from firmware version 10.x to 11.x please use the LioN Management Suite (LMS). The LMS provides most updates from version 10.x to 11.x (in May 2022).



## 15.1.4 The User page





The User page provides the user management of the Web interface. New users with access rights "Admin" or "Write" can be added here. For security reasons please change the default admin password immediately after configuring the device.

### Default user login data:

User: admin

Password: private

## 15.2 LioN-Xlight 0980 LSL... variants

## 15.2.1 The System page





The System page shows the basic information for the module like Firmware version, Device information, Ethernet, Network and Fieldbus information.

#### Restart Device

The module initializes a software reset.

## **Reset to Factory Settings**

The module restores to the default factory settings.

### **IP Settings**

Use this parameter to change the current IP address of the module.

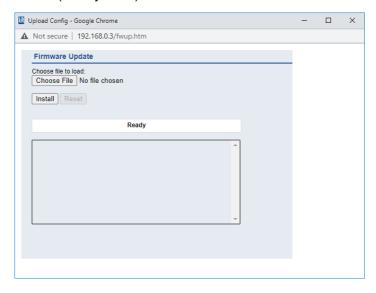
For PROFINET, this is only useful during commissioning. Normally, the PLC sets the IP address at start-up by detecting the PROFINET module via its device name.

### **Firmware Update**

The module initializes a Firmware update.

For a firmware update choose the \*.ZIP container available on our website or ask our support team. Afterwards follow the instructions shown on your screen.

For updates from firmware version 10.x to 11.x please use the LioN Management Suite (LMS). The LMS provides most updates from version 10.x to 11.x (in May 2022).



## **16 IODD**

IODD functions are **only** applicable for the following device variants:

- ▶ 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F
- 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F

The **IO** Device Description (IODD) is a set of files formally describing an IO-Link Device. The IODD is created by the vendor and is mandatory for each IO-Link Device.

Belden LioN-X IO-Link Masters with the "IODD on Module" functionality are ready to use IODDs in order to make the IO-Link Device configuration much more easier and the process data human readable in a better way. IODDs can be uploaded via the Web Interface and remanently stored on the IO-Link Master afterwards.

If a corresponding IO-Link Device is connected, the stored IODD is used to provide a user friendly configuration page, where all parameters of the device can be viewed and edited. Additionally, according to the IODD, the process data will also be formatted and displayed to the user.

# **16.1 IO-Link Device parameters and ISDU requests**

Every IO-Link Device provides parameters that can be read and written via the special IO-Link service ISDU (Indexed Service Data Unit).

Every parameter is addressed by an index. Sub-indices are possible but optional. Some parameters (most of them read-only) are mandatory for IO-Link devices an can be found always on the same indices (See *Table B.8* in the *IO-Link Interface and System Specification*: https://io-link.com/share/Downloads/Package-2020/IOL-Interface-Spec\_10002\_V113\_Jun19.pdf).

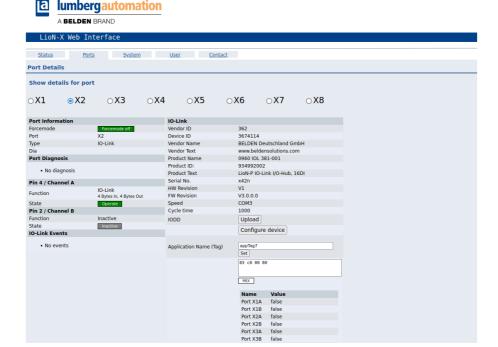
A vendor can use additional parameters and therefore more indices for their devices in order to provide additional configuration options. These vendor specific parameters can be described in an IODD. The "IODD on Module" feature of the LioN-X IO-Link Masters can read and parse this information out of an IODD and use it to provide the user viewing and editing options

for vendor specific parameters without any additional knowledge about the vendor specific device features.

## 16.2 Web GUI functionality

All of the "IODD on Module" features are accessible via the LioN-X Web interface.

## 16.2.1 Port Details page



The Port Details Page shows all information about the selected port. In the left column, all port and channel specific information is displayed. If the port is configured as IO-Link and there is an IO-Link Device connected, all IO-Link information for the connected device is displayed in the right column.

#### **IODD** buttons

The row called *IODD* provides access to the "IODD on Module" features. The button *UPLOAD* will let the user upload an IODD file into the module, regardless of the original device the IODD has been designed for.

The maximum number of IODDs is limited due to storage space. If there is no more space left for new IODDs, there will be an error message. In this case, navigate to the IODD Management page to delete IODDs which are no longer used.

If there is a matching IODD for the currently connected device already stored in the system, the button *CONFIGURE* is shown in the interface. By clicking this button, the Parameter Page will open to configure the device.

#### Process data

For every connected IO-Link Device, raw process data for input and output direction (set of bytes) is on display.

If a matching IODD providing information about process data is already stored in the system, this data will also be displayed in a user-friendly format according to the IODD.

## 16.2.2 Parameters page



The parameters page "IODD – Device configuration" shows all parameters which are provided by the IODD of the device. That means the parameter set is variable and depends on the connected IO-Link Device.

The stored IODD reads the parameter meta data, such as names, units, min/max values, descriptions etc. The values will be obtained directly from the connected device. For that reason it may take several seconds until the page is updated.

If not already saved into the browser, you will be asked for your credentials to continue. A valid user access with Web Interface group membership is needed in order to edit the device parameters. After the registration, enabled values can be changed. Disabled values cannot be changed and may be

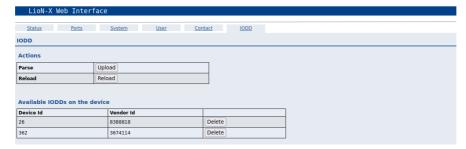
marked as "read-only" in the IODD. All values are directly written back to the device after any change.

#### Limitations

- ▶ Editing parameter values will directly change them inside the connected device. No parameter server action is triggered by that.
- ► There is a maximum size of the IODD in order to be uploaded into the system. This depends on several values, such as file size, parameter count, nesting levels etc.

## 16.2.3 IODD Management page





The IODD Management Page can be accessed via the System page displaying all IODDs that are currently stored in the system. All IODDs matching connected devices are marked. On the IODD Management page, you can manually delete any IODD in the system.

#### Standard Definitions File

IODDs are usually referencing to a Standard Definitions File. The latest Standard Definitions File is already pre-installed on the system when the device is shipped. It can also be updated manually by clicking the button "Upload Standard Definitions File".

## 17 Technical data

The following sections give an overview of the most important functional data needed to operate the device. For further information and detailed technical data, see the respective **Data Sheet** of your required product in the product specific download area on catalog.belden.com.

## 17.1 General

| Protection class (Only applies if the connectors are screwed together or if protective caps are used.) <sup>2</sup>                             | IP65<br>IP67<br>IP69K                  |                                   |  |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Ambient temperature (during operation and storage)  | 0980 XSL 3x12-121<br>0980 XSL 3x13-121 | -40 °C +70 °C<br>(-40 °F +158 °F) |  |
|   | 0980 LSL 3x11-121                      | -20 °C +60 °C                     |  |
|   | 0980 LSL 3x10-121                      | (-4 °F +140 °F)                   |  |
| Weight  | LioN-X 60 mm                           | approx. 500 gr. (17.6 oz)         |  |
| Ambient moisture  | Max. 98% RH                            |                                   |  |
|   | (For UL applications: Max. 80% RH)     |                                   |  |
| Housing material  | Die-cast zinc                          |                                   |  |
| Surface finish  | Frosted nickel                         |                                   |  |
| Flammability class  | UL 94 (IEC 61010)                      |                                   |  |
| Vibration resistance (oscillation) DIN EN 60068-2-6 (2008-11)   | 15 g / 5-500 Hz                        |                                   |  |
| Shock resistance<br>DIN EN 60068-2-27 (2010-02)   | 50 g / 11 ms<br>+/- X,Y,Z              |                                   |  |
| Fastening torques   | M4 fixing screws                       | 1 Nm                              |  |
|   | M4 ground connection                   | 1 Nm                              |  |
|   | M12 connector                          | 0.5 Nm                            |  |
| Permitted cables Ethernet cables according to IEEE 802.3, min. CAT 5 (shielde Max. length of 100 m, not routed out of facility (= local network |  |                                   |  |

Table 50: General information

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Not under UL investigation.

## 17.2 EtherNet/IP protocol

| Protocol  | EtherNet/IP, CIP V3.27  |  |
|---|---|--|
| Update cycle  | 1 ms  |  |
| EDS file  | EDS-V3.27.1-BeldenDeutschland-XXX-yyyymmdd.eds  |  |
| Transmission rate   | 10/100 Mbit/s, half/full duplex   |  |
| Transmission procedure Autonegotiation  | 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX<br>supported  |  |
| RPI min.  | 1 ms  |  |
| Vendor ID   | 21  |  |
| Product type  | 12 (Communications Adapter)   |  |
| Product code 41000 (0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F, 935700-001)<br>41001 (0980 LSL 3111-121-0006-002, 935701-002)<br>41002 (0980 LSL 3110-121-0006-001, 935702-002) |   |  |
| Supported Ethernet protocols  | Ping ARP- HTTP TCP/IP DHCP/BOOTP  |  |
| Switch functionality  | Integrated  |  |
| EtherNet/IP interface Connections Autocrossing Electrically isolated Ethernet ports -> FE   | 2 M12 sockets, 4-pin, D-coded (see pin assignments) 2 M12 Hybrid male/female, 8-pin supported 2000 V DC |  |

Table 51: EtherNet/IP protocol

## 17.3 Power supply of the module electronics/ sensors

| Port X03, X04                                      | M12-L-coded Power, connector/socket, 5-pole<br>Pin 1 / Pin 3 |                                |  |  |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Nominal voltage U <sub>S</sub>                     | 24 V DC (SELV/PELV)  |                                |  |  |
| Current U <sub>S</sub>                             | Max. 16 A  |                                |  |  |
| Voltage range                                      | 21 30 V DC   | -                              |  |  |
| Power consumption of module electronics            | Typically 160 mA (+/-20 °                                    | % at U <sub>S</sub> nominal vo | ltage)   |  |
| Power supply interruption                          | Max. 10 ms   |                                |  |  |
| Voltage ripple U <sub>S</sub>                      | Max. 5 %   | _                              |  |  |
| Current consumption sensor system (L+ / Pin 1)     | 0980 XSL 3912-121  | Port X1 X8<br>(Pin 1)          | max. 4 A per port<br>(at T <sub>ambient</sub> = 30° C) |  |
| (L+/ FIII 1)                                       | 0980 LSL 3x11-121  | Port X1 X8<br>(Pin 1)          | max. 2 A per port<br>(at T <sub>ambient</sub> = 30° C) |  |
|  | 1 1 :  |                                | max. 2 A per port<br>(at T <sub>ambient</sub> = 30° C) |  |
|  |  | Port X5 X8<br>(Pin 1)          | max. 0.7 A in total for ports X5 X8                    |  |
| Voltage level of the sensor power supply           | Min. (U <sub>S</sub> – 1.5 V)                                |                                |  |  |
| Short circuit/overload protection of sensor supply | Yes, per port  |                                |  |  |
| Reverse polarity protection                        | Yes  |                                |  |  |
| Operational indicator (U <sub>S</sub> )            | LED green: 18 V (+/- 1 V) < U <sub>S</sub>                   |                                |  |  |
| (08)   | LED red:   | U <sub>S</sub> < 18 V (+/- 1 V | ′)   |  |

Table 52: Information on the power supply of the module electronics/ sensors

## 17.4 Power supply of the actuators

## 17.4.1 IO-Link Class A devices (UL)

| Nominal voltage U <sub>L</sub>          | 24 V DC (SELV/PELV)  |
|---|--|
| Voltage range                           | 18 30 V DC   |
| Current U <sub>L</sub>                  | Max. 16 A  |
| Voltage ripple U <sub>L</sub>           | Max. 5 %   |
| Reverse polarity protection             | Yes  |
| Operational indicator (U <sub>L</sub> ) | LED green: $18 \text{ V (+/- 1 V)} < U_L$<br>LED red: $U_L < 18 \text{ V (+/- 1 V)}$ or $U_L > 30 \text{ V (+/- 1 V)}$<br>* if "Report $U_L$ supply voltage fault" is enabled. |
| Port X03, X04                           | M12_L-coded Power, connector/socket, 5-pole Pin 2 / Pin 4  |

Table 53: Information on the power supply of the actuators

## 17.5 I/O ports Channel A (Pin 4)

| 0980 XSL 3912-121 | Port X1 X8 | Class A | IOL, DI, DO | M12 socket, 5-pin, Pin 4 |
|-------------------|------------|---------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 0980 LSL 3x11-121 | Port X1 X8 | Class A | IOL, DI, DO |                          |
| 0980 LSL 3x10-121 | Port X1 X4 | Class A | IOL, DI, DO |                          |
|                   | Port X5 X8 | -       | , DI,       |                          |

Table 54: IO-Link Master ports: Functional overview for Ch. A (Pin 4)

## 17.5.1 Configured as digital input, Ch. A (Pin 4)

| Input connection      |                            |                   | Type 1 as per IEC<br>61131-2 |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
|                       | 0980 LSL 3x11-121          | 0980 LSL 3x11-121 |                              |
|                       | 0980 LSL 3x10-121          |                   |                              |
| Nominal input voltage | 24 V DC                    |                   |                              |
| Input current         | Typically 3 mA             |                   |                              |
| Channel type          | Normally open, p-switching | _                 |                              |
| Number of digital     | 0980 XSL 3912-121 X1 X8    |                   | 8                            |
| inputs                | 0980 LSL 3x11-121          | ]                 |                              |
|                       | 0980 LSL 3x10-121          | ]                 |                              |
| Status indicator      | yellow LED                 |                   |                              |
| Diagnostic indicator  | red LED per channel        |                   |                              |

Table 55: I/O ports Ch. A (Pin 4) configured as digital inputs

## 17.5.2 Configured as digital output, Ch. A (Pin 4)



**Attention:** For variants 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F and 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F, the digital outputs of Channel A are **supplied by the U<sub>I</sub> power** when parameterized to "High-Side Switch" mode.



Attention: For variants 0980 LSL 3010-121-0006-001 and 0980 LSL 3011-121-0006-001 , the digital outputs of Channel A are supplied by the  $U_S$  power.

| Output type                            | normally open, p-switching (parameterized to "High-Side Switch" mode)     |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Nominal output voltage per channel     |   |  |  |
| Signal status "1"<br>Signal status "0" | min. (U <sub>S</sub> -1 V) <b>or</b> min. (U <sub>L</sub> -1 V) dependent | ling on the device variant                 |  |
| Max. output current per device         | 0980 XSL 3912-121   | 9 A (power supplied via U <sub>L</sub> )   |  |
| device                                 | 0980 LSL 3x11-121   | 4 A (power supplied via U <sub>S</sub> )   |  |
|  | 0980 LSL 3x10-121   | 2 A (power supplied via U <sub>S</sub> )   |  |
| Max. output current per                | 0980 XSL 3912-121 (X1 X8)   | 2 A (power supplied via U <sub>S</sub> )   |  |
| channel <sup>3</sup>                   | 0980 LSL 3x11-121 (X1 X8)   | 0.5 A (power supplied via U <sub>S</sub> ) |  |
|  | 0980 LSL 3x10-121 (X1 X4)   | 0.25 A for <b>UL applications</b>          |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Max. 2.0 A per channel; for every port pair X1/X2, X3/X4, X5/X6, X7/X8 max. 6.5 A (for **UL applications** max. 5.0 A); for the whole port group X1 .. X8 max. 9.0 A in total (with derating).

| Short-circuit/overload protected              | yes/yes  |   |  |
|---|--|---|--|
| Behavior in case of short circuit or overload | deactivation with automatic power-on (parameterized) |   |  |
| Number of digital outputs                     | 0980 XSL 3912-121 (X1 X8) 8                          |   |  |
|   | 0980 LSL 3x11-121 (X1 X8)                            |   |  |
|   | 0980 LSL 3x10-121 (X1 X4)                            | 4 |  |
| Status indicator                              | yellow LED per output                                | - |  |
| Diagnostic indicator                          | red LED per channel                                  |   |  |

Table 56: I/O ports Ch. A (Pin 4) configured as digital outputs

## 17.5.3 Configured as IO-Link port in COM mode, Ch. A

| IO-Link Master specification          | v1.1.3 ready, IEC 61131-9                                      |   |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Communication rates                   | 4.8 kbaud (COM 1)<br>38.4 kbaud (COM 2)<br>230.4 kbaud (COM 3) |   |  |  |
| Line lengths in the IO-Link<br>Device | max. 20 m  |   |  |  |
| Number of IO-Link ports               | 0980 XSL 3912-121 (X1 X8)                                      | 8 |  |  |
|                                       | 0980 LSL 3x11-121 (X1 X8)                                      | 8 |  |  |
|                                       | 0980 LSL 3x10-121 (X1 X4)                                      | 4 |  |  |
| Min. IO-Link cycle time               | 400 μs   |   |  |  |

Table 57: Configured as IO-Link port in COM mode

## 17.6 I/O ports Channel B (Pin 2)

| 0980 XSL 3912-121 | Port X1 X8 | Class A | DI, DO | M12 socket, 5-pin, Pin 2 |
|-------------------|------------|---------|--------|--------------------------|
| 0980 LSL 3x11-121 | Port X1 X8 | Class A | DI     |                          |
| 0980 LSL 3x10-121 | Port X1 X4 | Class A | DI     |                          |
|                   | Port X5 X8 | -       | DI     |                          |

Table 58: IO-Link Master ports: Functional overview for Ch. B (Pin 2)

## 17.6.1 Configured as a digital input, Ch. B (Pin 2)

| Input connection      | 0980 XSL 3912-121<br>0980 LSL 3x11-121 |       | Type 1 as per IEC 61131-2 |  |
|-----------------------|--|-------|---------------------------|--|
|                       |  |       | 61131-2                   |  |
|                       | 0980 LSL 3x10-121                      | '     |                           |  |
| Nominal input voltage | 24 V DC                                |       |                           |  |
| Input current         | Typically 3 mA                         |       |                           |  |
| Channel type          | Normally open, p-switching             |       |                           |  |
| Number of digital     | 0980 XSL 3912-121                      | X1 X8 | 8                         |  |
| inputs                | 0980 LSL 3x11-121                      | X1 X8 | 8                         |  |
|                       | 0980 LSL 3x10-121                      | X1 X8 | 8                         |  |
| Status indicator      | white LED                              |       |                           |  |
| Diagnostic indicator  | red LED per channel                    |       |                           |  |

Table 59: I/O ports Ch. B (Pin 2) configured as digital inputs

## 17.6.2 Configured as a digital output, Ch. B (Pin 2)



**Attention:** For variants 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-00F and 0980 XSL 3912-121-007D-01F, the digital outputs of Channel B are **supplied by the U\_L power**.



Attention: For variants 0980 LSL 3010-121-0006-001 and 0980 LSL 3011-121-0006-001 , the digital outputs of Channel B are supplied by the  $U_{\rm S}$  power.

| Output type   | normally open, p-switching  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Nominal output voltage per<br>channel<br>Signal status "1"<br>Signal status "0" | min. (U <sub>S</sub> -1 V) ${f or}$ min. (U <sub>L</sub> -1 V) depending on the device variant max. 2 V |  |  |
| Max. output current per device  | 0980 XSL 3912-121 9 A (power supplied via U <sub>L</sub> )  |  |  |
|   | 0980 LSL 3x11-121   | 4 A (power supplied via U <sub>S</sub> ) |  |
|   | 0980 LSL 3x10-121   | 2 A (power supplied via U <sub>S</sub> ) |  |

| Max. output current per channel               | 0980 XSL 3912-121                                    | 2 A (power supplied via U <sub>S</sub> ) |  |
|---|--|--|--|
|   | 0980 LSL 3x11-121                                    | 0 A (no outputs on Ch. B)                |  |
|   | 0980 LSL 3x10-121                                    | 0 A (no outputs on Ch. B)                |  |
| Short-circuit/overload protected              | yes/yes  |  |  |
| Behavior in case of short circuit or overload | deactivation with automatic power-on (parameterized) |  |  |
| Number of digital outputs                     | 0980 XSL 3912-121 8                                  |  |  |
|   | 0980 LSL 3x11-121                                    | -  |  |
|   | 0980 LSL 3x10-121 –                                  |  |  |
| Status indicator                              | white LED per output                                 |  |  |
| Diagnostic indicator                          | red LED per channel                                  |  |  |

Table 60: I/O ports Ch. B (Pin 2) configured as digital outputs

For Class A devices: Max. 2.0 A per channel; for every port pair X1/X2, X3/X4, X5/X6, X7/X8 max. 6.5 A (for **UL applications** max. 5.0 A); for the whole port group X1 .. X8 max. 9.0 A in total (with derating).

## **17.7 LEDs**

| LED                                | Color            | Description   |
|------------------------------------|------------------|---|
| U <sub>L</sub> /U <sub>AUX</sub>   | Green            | Auxiliary sensor/actuator voltage OK  |
|                                    |                  | 18 V (+/- 1 V) < U <sub>L</sub> /U <sub>AUX</sub> < 30 V (+/- 1 V)                      |
|                                    | Red <sup>*</sup> | Auxiliary sensor/actuator voltage LOW   |
|                                    |                  | $U_L/U_{AUX} < 18 \text{ V (+/- 1 V)} \text{ or } U_L/U_{AUX} > 30 \text{ V (+/- 1 V)}$ |
|                                    |                  | * if "Report U <sub>L</sub> /U <sub>AUX</sub> supply voltage fault" is enabled.         |
|                                    | OFF              | None of the above conditions.   |
| Us                                 | Green            | System/sensor voltage OK  |
|                                    |                  | 18 V (+/- 1 V) < U <sub>S</sub> < 30 V (+/- 1 V)  |
|                                    | Red              | System/sensor voltage LOW   |
|                                    |                  | $U_S$ < 18 V (+/-1 V) or $U_S$ > 30 V (+/-1 V)  |
| Red flashing                       |                  | Device performs a factory reset (position of rotary encoding switches: 9-7-9)           |
|                                    | OFF              | None of the above conditions.   |
| X1 X8 A                            | Green            | IO-Link COM Mode: IO-Link communication exists.   |
|                                    | Green flashing   | IO-Link COM Mode: No IO-Link communication.   |
|                                    | Yellow           | Standard-I/O Mode: Status of digital input or   |
|                                    |                  | output on C/Q (pin 4) line "on".  |
|                                    | OFF              | None of the above conditions  |
| X1 X8 B                            | White            | Status of digital input or digital output on pin 2 line "on".                           |
|                                    | Red              | Short circuit on pin 4 and pin 2 line.  |
|                                    |                  | / All modes: Overload or short circuit on L+ (pin 1) line                               |
|                                    |                  | / communication error   |
|                                    | OFF              | None of the above conditions.   |
| P1 Lnk/Act                         | Green            | Ethernet connection to another subscriber exists. Link detected.                        |
| P2 Lnk/Act Yellow flashing Data ex |                  | Data exchange with another subscriber.  |
|                                    | OFF              | No connection to another subscriber. No link, no data exchange.                         |

| LED | Color  |            | Description  |  |  |
|-----|--|------------|--|--|--|
| BF  | Red  |            | Bus fault. No configuration, no or slow physical connection.   |  |  |
|     | Red flashing at<br>2 Hz                            |            | Link exists but no communication link to the EtherNet/IP controller.   |  |  |
|     | OFF  |            | EtherNet/IP controller has established an active connection to the device.   |  |  |
| DIA | Red  | '          | EtherNet/IP module diagnostic alarm active.  |  |  |
|     | Red flashi<br>1 Hz                                 | ing at     | Watchdog time-out; fail safe mode is active.   |  |  |
|     | Red flashing at 2 Hz, 3 sec  Red double flash  OFF |            | DCP signal service is initiated via the bus.   |  |  |
|     |  |            | Firmware update  |  |  |
|     |  |            | None of the above conditions.  |  |  |
| MS  | Green  |            | Device is ready for operation.   |  |  |
|     | Green flas   | shing      | Device is ready but not configured yet.  |  |  |
|     | Red  |            | Serious error that cannot be resolved.   |  |  |
|     | Red flashing                                       |            | Minor error that can be resolved  Example: An incorrect or contradictory configuration is classified as a minor error. |  |  |
|     | Flashing<br>alternately                            | <b>/</b> : | The device is performing a self-test.  |  |  |
|     | Red Green  |            |  |  |  |
|     | OFF  |            | The device is switched off.  |  |  |

| LED | Color                 |  | Description   |
|-----|-----------------------|--|---|
| NS  | Green                 |  | Connected: The device has at least one connection.  |
|     | Red flashing          |  | No connection: The device has no connection.  IP address exists.  |
|     |                       |  | Duplicate IP address: The device has detected that the assigned IP address is already being used by another device. |
|     |                       |  | Connection has exceeded time limit or connection interrupted.   |
|     | Flashing alternately: |  | The device is performing a self-test.   |
|     | Red Green             |  |   |
|     | OFF                   |  | The device is switched off or has not been assigned an IP address.  |

Table 61: Information on the LED colors

### 17.8 Data transfer times

The following tables give an overview of the internal data transfer times of the LioN-X IO-Link Master with a connected IO-Link Device as digital I/O extension (Belden article 0960 IOL 380-021 16DIO Hub with a minimum cycle time of 1 ms).

There are three measured data direction values for each use case:

- ▶ PLC to DO: Transfer of a changed PLC output data to IO-Link Device digital output.
- ▶ DI to PLC: Transfer of a changed digital input signal on IO-Link Device to PLC.
- ▶ Round-trip time (RTT): Transfer of a changed PLC output data to IO-Link Device digital output. The digital output is connected to an IO-Link Device digital input. Transfer of the changed digital input signal on IO-Link Device to PLC. RTT = [PLC to DO] + [DI to PLC].

The measured values are taken from the ethernet data transmission line. The values are therefore without PLC processing times and PLC cycle time.

The configurable digital input filter value on 0960 IOL 380-021 was set to "off" (0 ms).

For calculation of user specific data transfer and round-trip times of possible input filters, PLC processing and cycles times must be taken into calculation.

The measured values are valid for a maximum of 48 bytes of IO-Link data for the IO-Link Master in each direction (Input/Output).

### Use case 1:

IO-Link Master configuration with enabled Web interface and *disabled* IIoT protocols

| Data direction | Data transfer time in ms |     |      |  |  |
|----------------|--------------------------|-----|------|--|--|
|                | Minimum Average Maximum  |     |      |  |  |
| PLC to DO      | 3.7                      | 6.0 | 7.7  |  |  |
| DI to PLC      | 1.1                      | 3.0 | 4.3  |  |  |
| RTT            | 6.1                      | 8.9 | 11.1 |  |  |

### Use case 2:

IO-Link Master configuration with enabled Web interface and *enabled* IIoT protocols

| Data direction | Data transfer time in ms |      |      |  |  |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|------|--|--|
|                | Minimum Average Maximum  |      |      |  |  |
| PLC to DO      | 7.7                      | 10.0 | 13.4 |  |  |
| DI to PLC      | 3.3                      | 4.4  | 5.6  |  |  |
| RTT            | 12.1                     | 14.3 | 17.0 |  |  |

## **18 Accessories**

In order to get access to various types of accessories, please visit our Web page:

http://www.beldensolutions.com